
Project: IEEE P802.15 Working Group for Wireless Personal Area Networks (WPANs)

Submission Title: [Proposal of SHR for 802.15.4ad SUN OFDM LR mode based on SC-OFDM]

Date Submitted: 27 July 2025

Source: Hiroshi Harada and Goro Kawabuchi (Kyoto University)

Address Yoshidahonmachi. Sakyo, Kyoto, 606-8501, Japan

Voice: +81-75-753-5317 , E-Mail: hiroshi.harada@i.kyoto-u.ac.jp

Re: [Wireless Next Generation, Long Range extension enhancements to 802.15.4-2020]

Abstract: Proposal of synchronization header (SHR) for 802.15.4ad SUN OFDM Low Rate (LR) mode based on SC-OFDM. A part of this contribution supported from the commissioned research (No. JPJ012368C05101) by National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT) , Japan is included.

Purpose: Discuss technical specification based on SC-OFDM for 802.15.4ad Low Rate LR mode.

Notice: This document has been prepared to assist the IEEE P802.15. It is offered as a basis for discussion and is not binding on the contributing individual(s) or organization(s). The material in this document is subject to change in form and content after further study. The contributor(s) reserve(s) the right to add, amend or withdraw material contained herein.

Release: The contributor acknowledges and accepts that this contribution becomes the property of IEEE and may be made publicly available by P802.15.

Proposal of SHR for 802.15.4ad SUN OFDM LR mode based on SC-OFDM

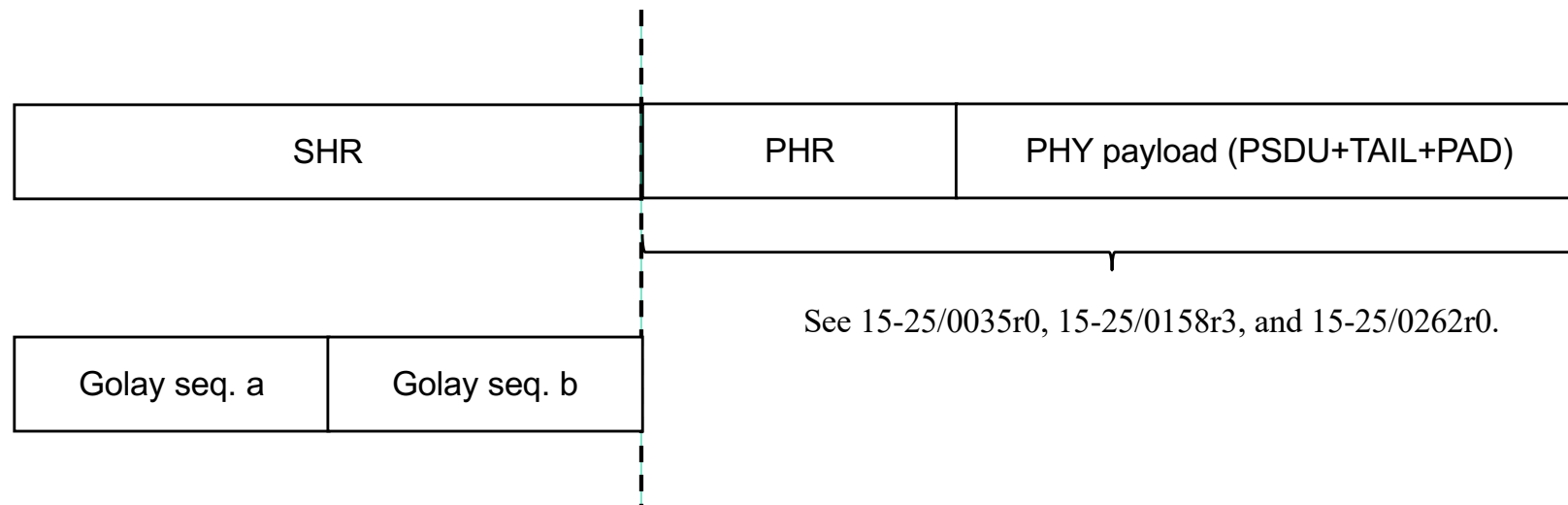
July 27, 2025

Hiroshi Harada, Ph.D., IEEE fellow, and Goro Kawabuchi
Kyoto University

Background

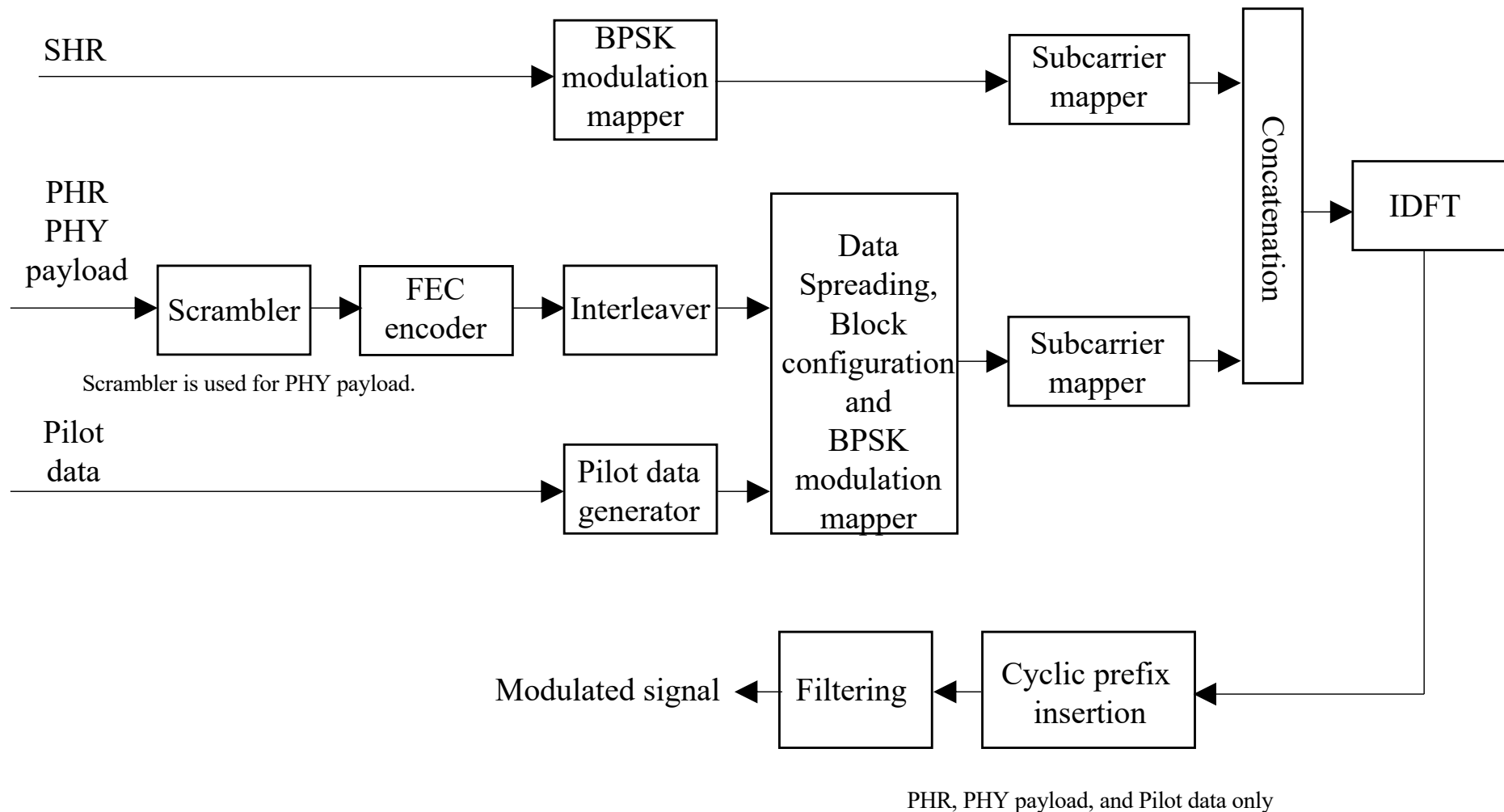
- We have already proposed IEEE 802.15.4 SUN OFDM LR in 15-25/0035r0, 15-25/0158r3, and 15-25/0262r0.
- This proposal was an SC-OFDM (Single Carrier OFDM) system that selects a frequency for communication using the OFDM method and transmits blocks consisting of pilot signals and information symbols at the selected frequency.
- We have demonstrated the transmission characteristics of the proposed SC-OFDM system in AWGN and multipath fading environments in 15-25/0158r3 and 15-25/0262r6.
- However, these documents only covered the payload.
- This contribution document proposes the synchronization header (SHR) for our proposed SC-OFDM and shows its synchronization performance.

Frame configuration of proposed SC-OFDM



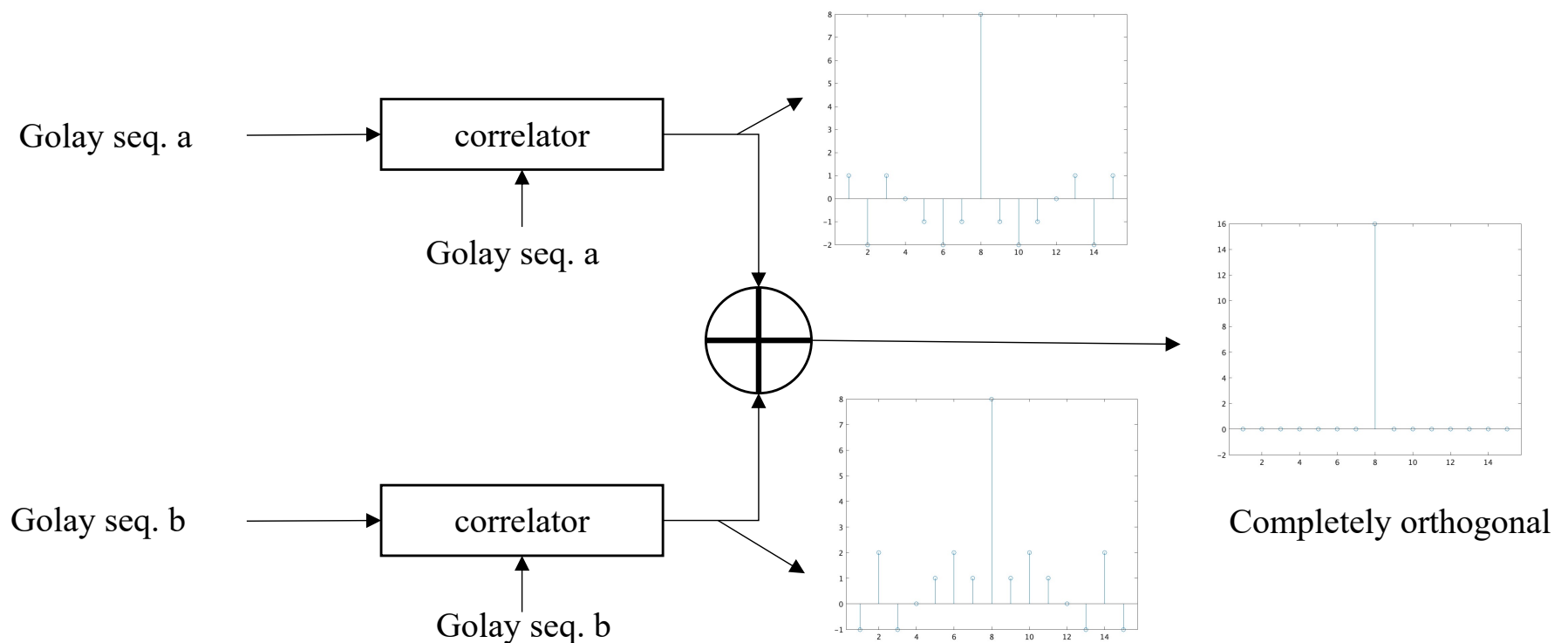
- In this SC-OFDM, SHR consists of two Golay sequences a and b of equal length.
- This is because the PHR and PHY payload parts are transmitted in blocks, and pilot data is stored in each block.

Reference modulator diagram

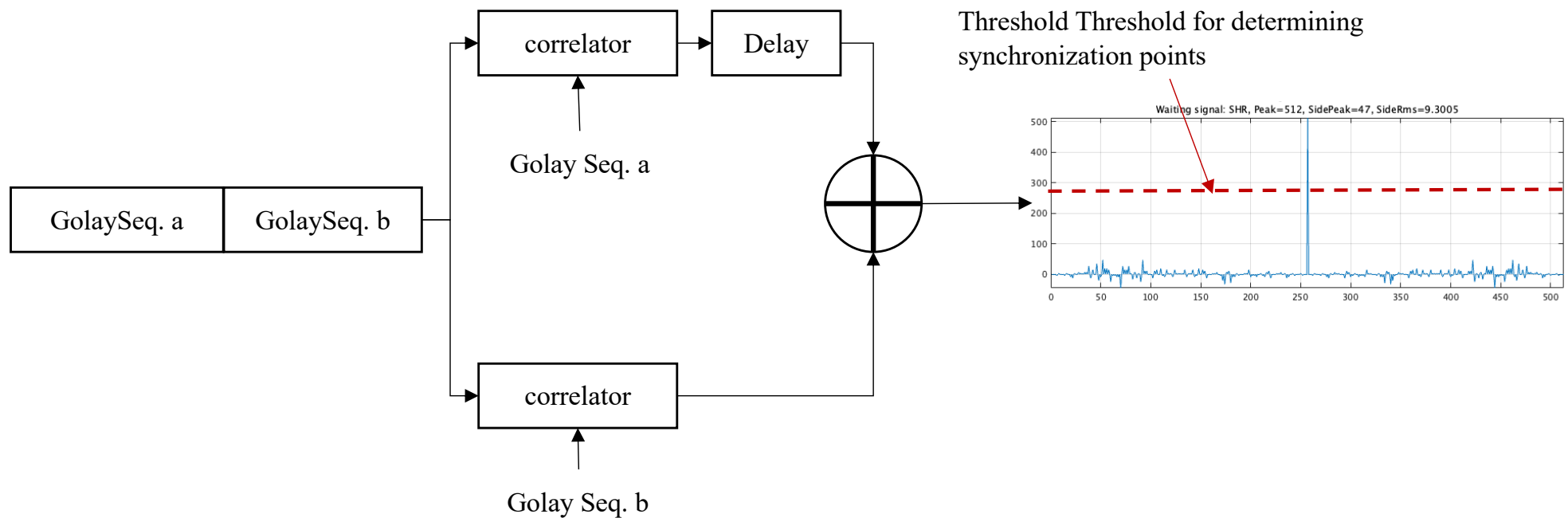


Golay sequence

- Constructed using a pair of complementary symbols a and b [1]
- The sum of the autocorrelations of symbols a and b is completely orthogonal



A synchronization method for new SHR at the receiver

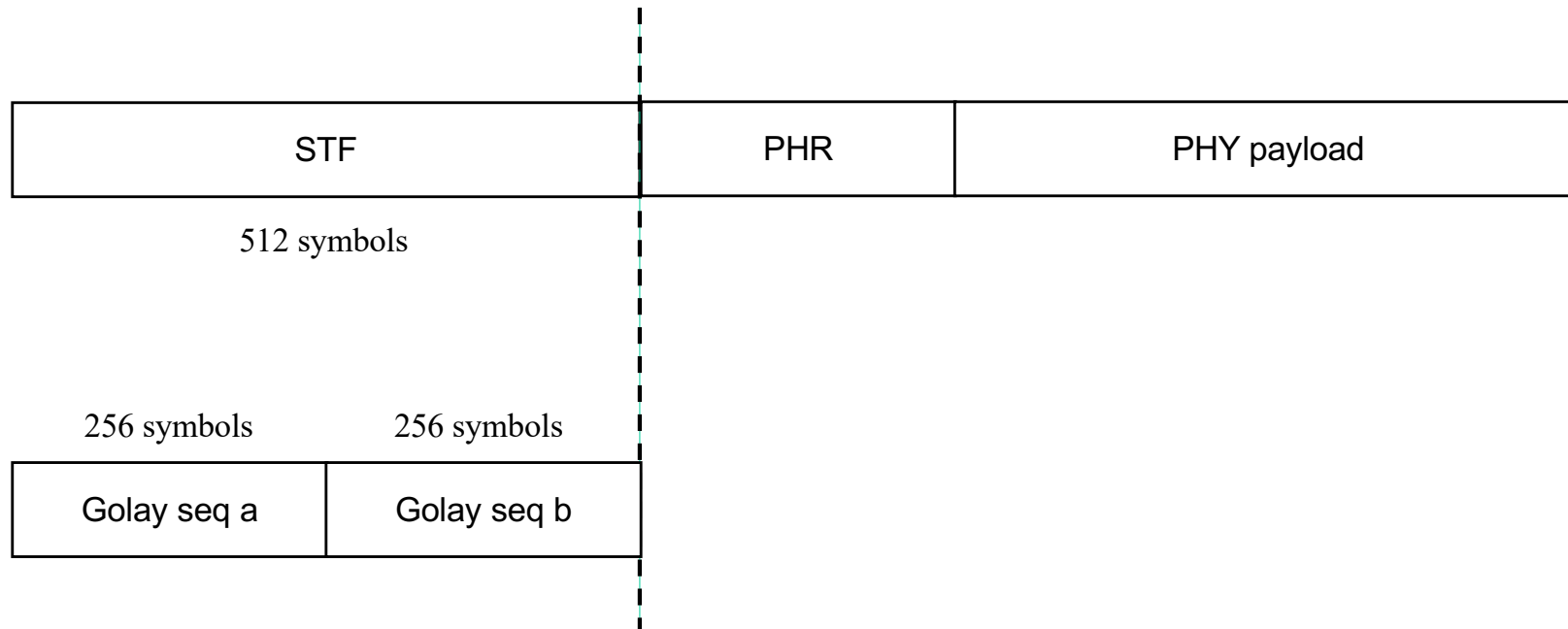


Evaluation of synchronization performance by proposed SHR

Simulation setup

	SC-OFDM
Channel spacing	200 kHz
Subcarrier spacing	31.25/3 kHz
DFT size	16
Number of subcarriers used	14
Num. of data-subcarriers	1
OFDM symbol duration	120 us
Guard interval	24 us
Primary modulation scheme	BPSK

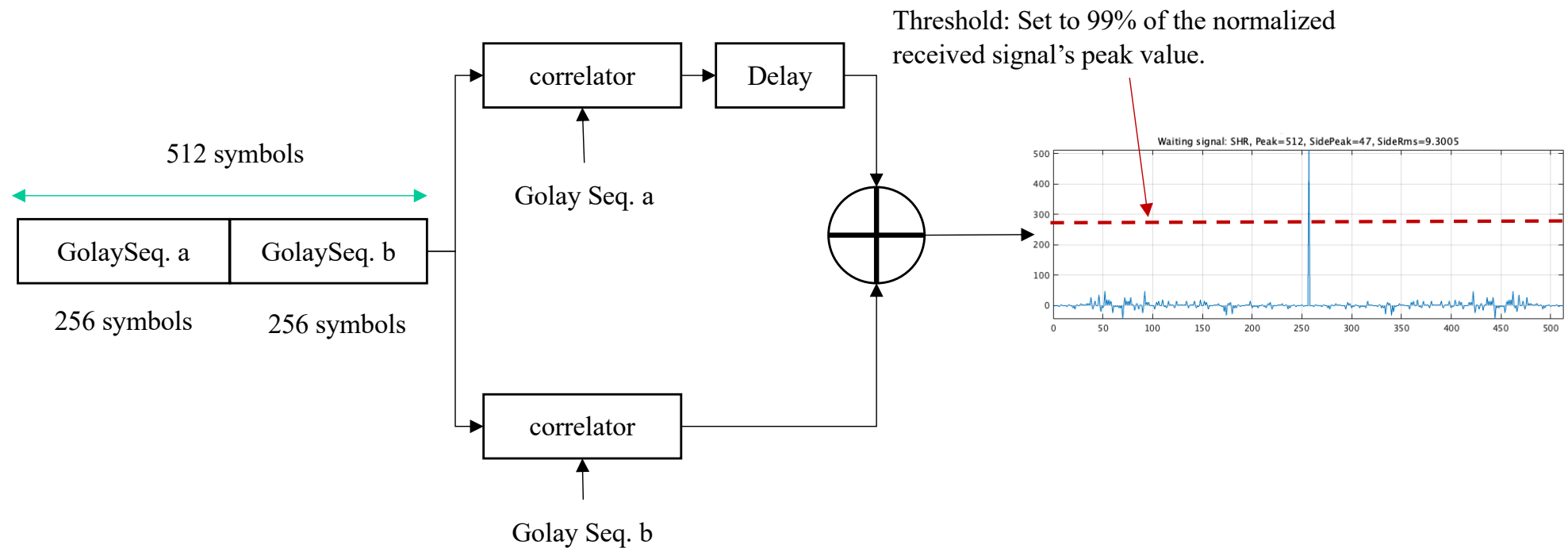
Example of proposed STF



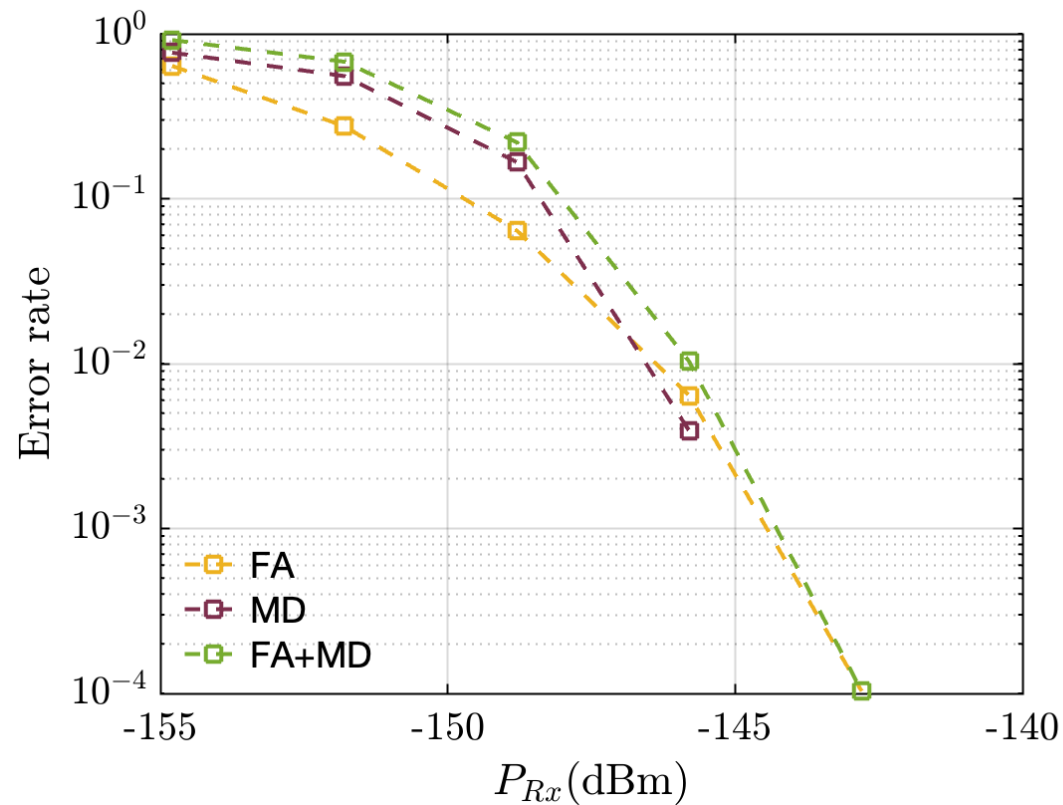
	Golay seq. a	Golay seq. b
Value	0xEDE2ED1DEDE212E2EDE2E D1D121DED1DEDE2ED1DEDE2 12E2121D12E2EDE212E2	0xEDE2ED1DEDE212E2EDE2E D1D121DED1D121D12E2121DE D1DEDE2ED1D121DED1D

The sequence is based on [1].

A synchronization method for new SHR at the receiver

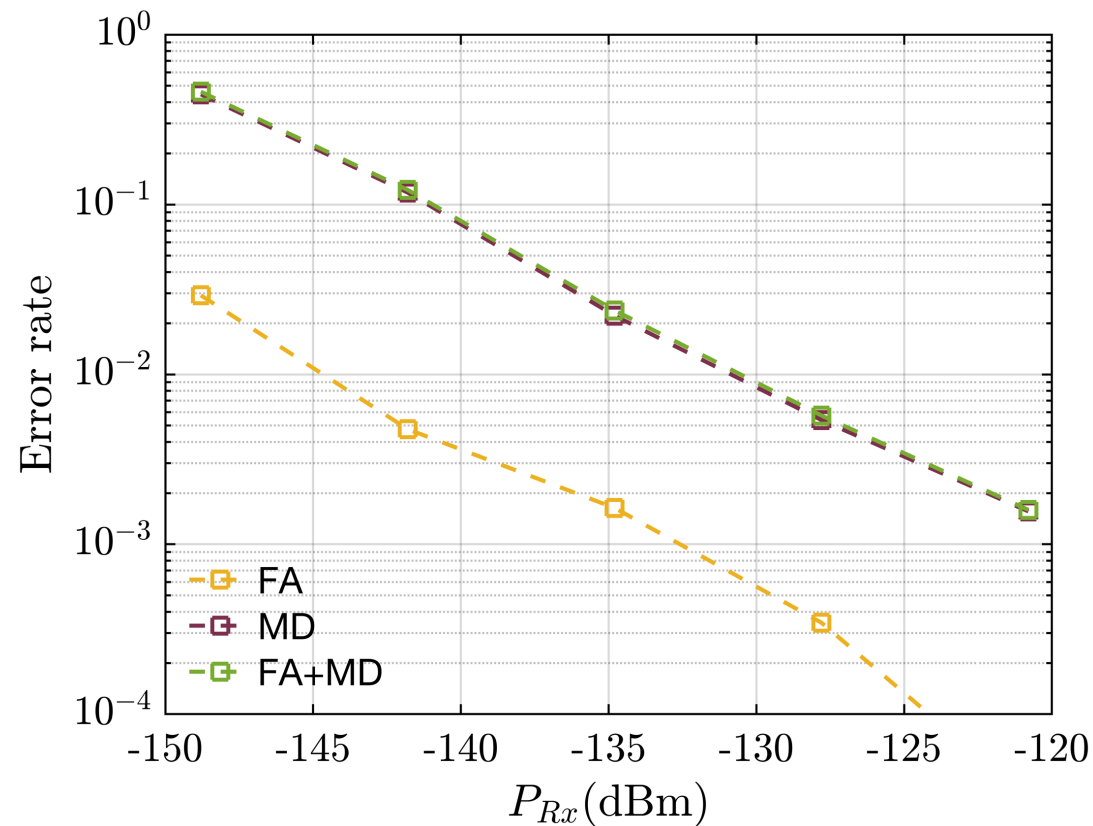


FA, MD Characteristics (Proposed SHR and SC-OFDM, AWGN)



P_{Rx} : Received power

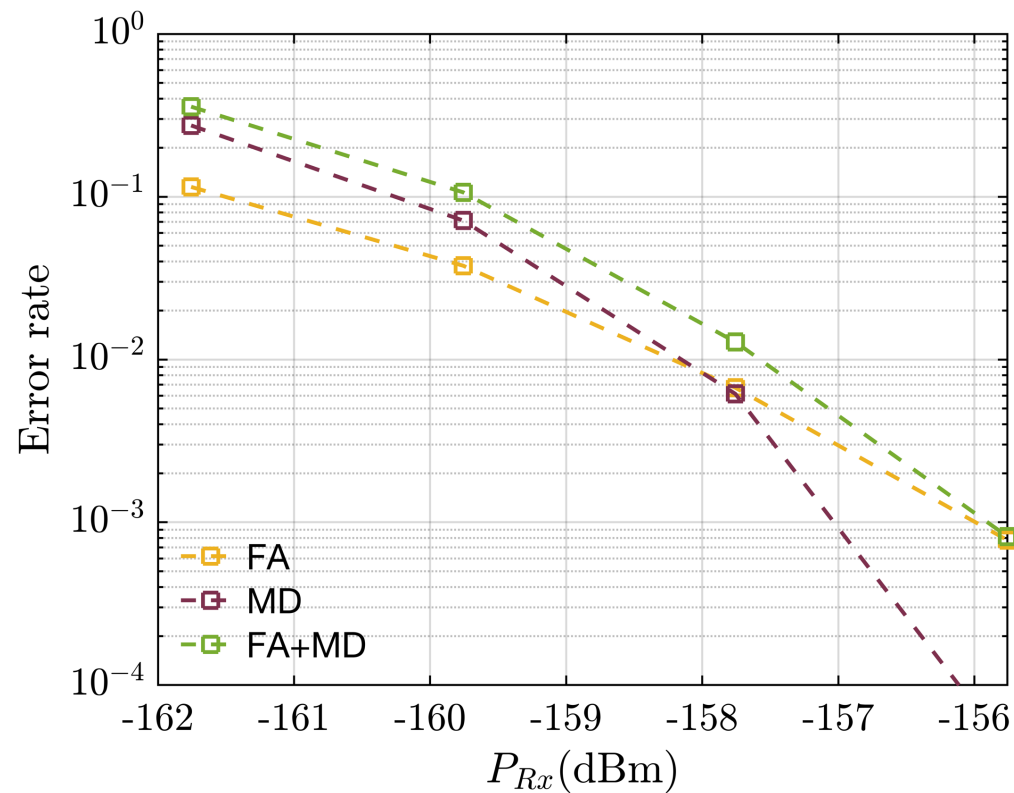
FA, MD Characteristics (Proposed SHR and SC-OFDM, IEEE 802.22 Profile A (fd=0.6Hz))



P_{Rx} : Received power

FA, MD Characteristics

(Proposed SHR and SC-OFDM, Interference BW: 10 kHz, td: same as packet)

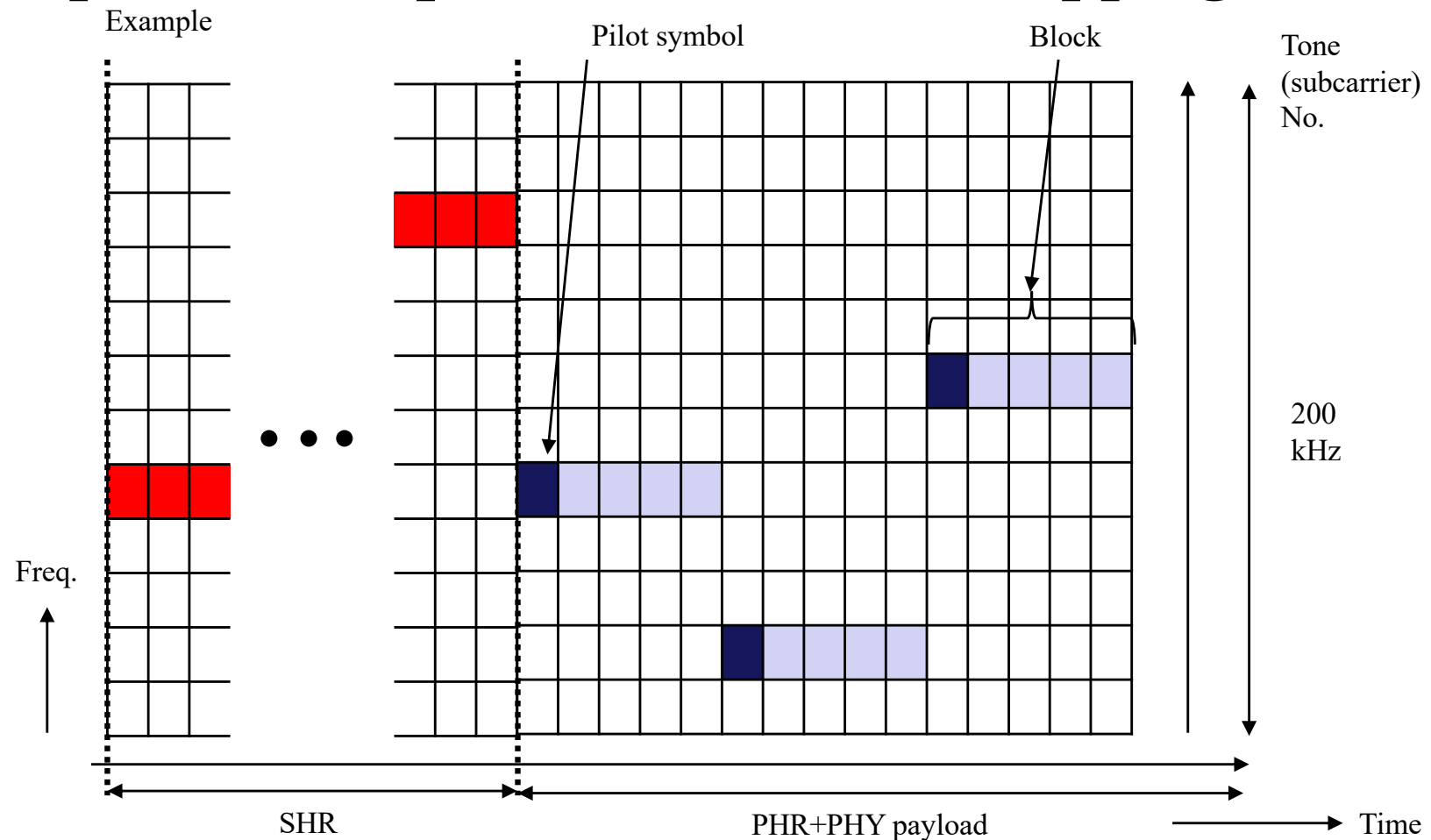


P_{Rx} : Received power

Required power to achieve required synchronization error

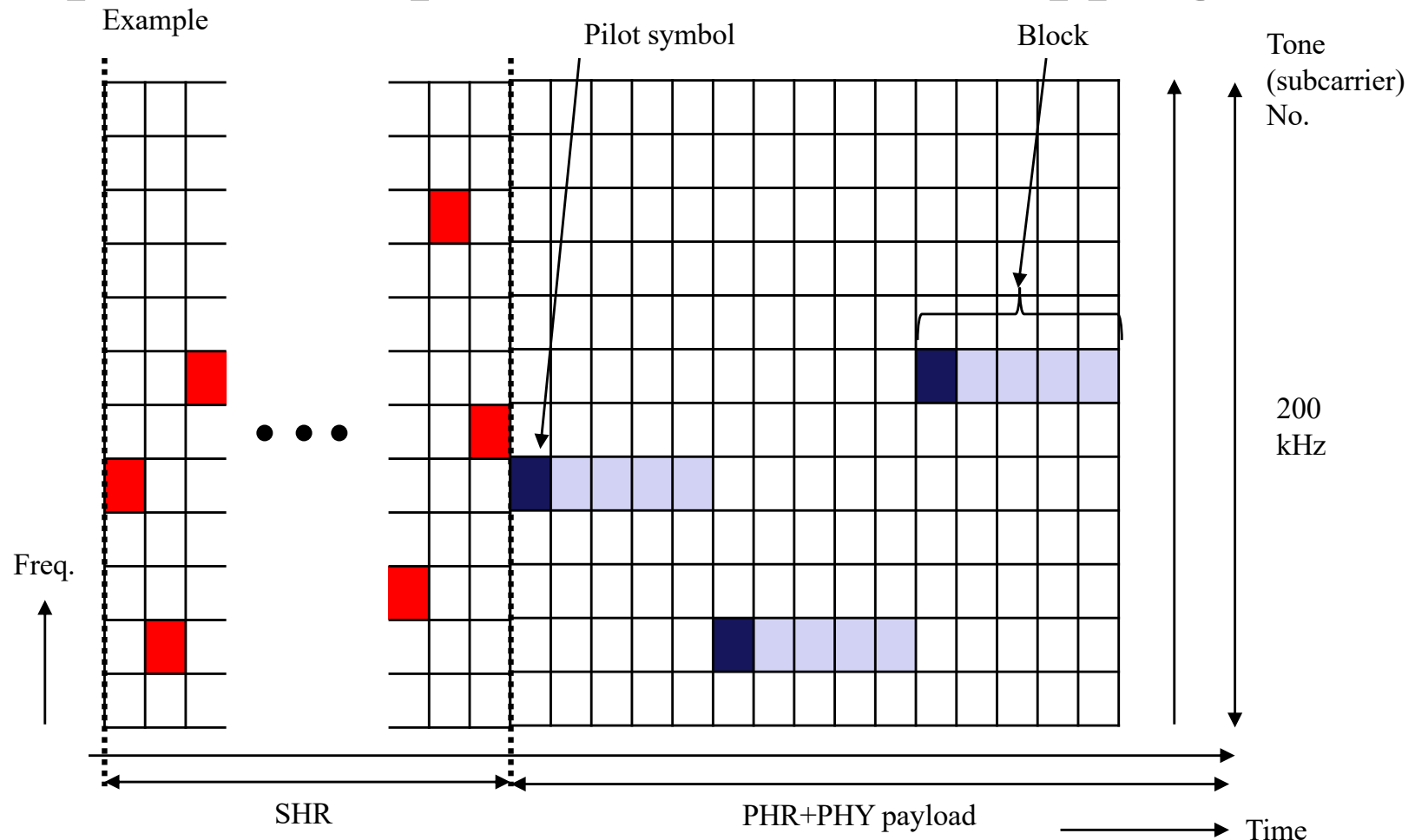
	Environment	Required error rate	Required power(dBm)
SC-OFDM	AWGN	10^{-2}	-145.8
	802.22 profile A	10^{-2}	-130.5
	Interference (BW : 10 kHz td : 5 ms)	10^{-2}	-157.6

Frame construction and frequency hopping examples for Proposed SC-OFDM (Hopping case 1)



- The hopping pattern must be set considering the coherent bandwidth of the assumed wireless transmission channel.
- In this case, frequency hopping for the SHR section is performed in Golay sequence units.
- SHR may be transmitted at a single frequency without hopping..

Frame construction and frequency hopping examples for Proposed SC-OFDM (Hopping case 2)



- The hopping pattern should be set considering the coherent bandwidth of the assumed radio propagation channel.
- In this proposal, hopping is performed for each symbol of the Golay sequence.
- SHR may be transmitted at a single frequency without hopping.

Reference

[1] M. J. E. Golay, "Complementary series," IRE Trans. Inf. Theory, vol. 7, no. 2, pp. 82–87, Apr. 1961, doi: 10.1109/TIT.1961.1057620.