
Project: IEEE P802.15 Working Group for Wireless Personal Area Networks (WPANs)

Submission Title: Merged proposal of 802.15.4 SUN OFDM HR(High Rate) for 802.15.4ad

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Re: [TG4ad Next Generation SUN PHYs]

Abstract: This contribution show merged proposal and its transmission performance for 802.15.4 SUN OFDM HR(High Rate) for 802.15.4ad.

Purpose: High rate 802.15.4 SUN proposal

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Merged proposal of 802.15.4 SUN OFDM HR(High Rate) for 802.15.4ad

July 31, 2025

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Fundamental design policy

- 802.15.4 SUN OFDM is being promoted for use in smart meters and other applications
- The structure of 802.15.4 SUN OFDM should not be changed
- If the transmission rate is to be increased without changing the structure of 802.15.4 SUN OFDM, the most direct approach is to reduce the symbol duration
- If the symbol duration is reduced, the guard interval will also be reduced. But the current 802.15.4 SUN OFDM guard interval is 24 μs , and even if the symbol transmission time is reduced to 1/3, the guard interval will still be 8 μs , which is sufficient for use within urban structures. Also, even when transmitting over long distances, it is possible to reduce long-delay multipath by using directional antennas, so there is a high possibility that it will be of sufficient use
- Considering coexistence with 11ah, it is desirable that the channel spacing be the same.

802.15.4-2024 SUN-OFDM

		Option1	Option2	Option3	Option4
Channel spacing		1200 kHz	800 kHz	400 kHz	200 kHz
OFDM symbol duration		120 μ s			
Subcarrier spacing		31.25/3 kHz			
DFT size		128	64	32	16
Number of subcarriers		104	52	26	14
Num. of data-subcarriers		96	48	24	12
Primary modulation scheme		BPSK(MCS 0-1), QPSK(MCS 2-4), 16QAM(MCS5-6)			
Coding Scheme and rate		Convolutional code (Constraint length: 7) Coding rate 1/2 (MCS 0-3, 5), 3/4 (MCS 4,6)			
Spreading factor		4 (MCS 0), 2 (MCS1-2), 1(MCS 3-6)			
Data rate for PSDU (kb/s)	MCS 0	100	50	25	12.5
	MCS 1	200	100	50	25
	MCS 2	400	200	100	50
	MCS 3	800	400	200	100
	MCS 4	1200	600	300	150
	MCS 5	1600	800	400	200
	MCS 6	2400	1200	600	300

Proposed 802.15.4-2024 SUN-OFDM

High Rate (HR) PHY

		Option1	Option2	Option3
Channel spacing		4000 kHz	2000 kHz	1000 kHz
OFDM symbol duration		40 μ s		
Subcarrier spacing		31.25 kHz		
DFT size		128	64	32
Number of subcarriers		104	52	26
Num. of data-subcarriers		96	48	24
Primary modulation scheme		BPSK(MCS 0-1), QPSK(MCS 2-4), 16QAM(MCS5-6)		
Coding Scheme and rate		Convolutional code (Constraint length: 7) Coding rate 1/2 (MCS 0-3, 5), 3/4 (MCS 4,6)		
Spreading factor		4 (MCS 0), 2 (MCS1-2), 1(MCS 3-6)		
Data rate for PSDU (kb/s)	MCS 0	300	150	75
	MCS 1	600	300	150
	MCS 2	1200	600	300
	MCS 3	2400	1200	600
	MCS 4	3600	1800	900
	MCS 5	4800	2400	1200
	MCS 6	7200	3600	1800

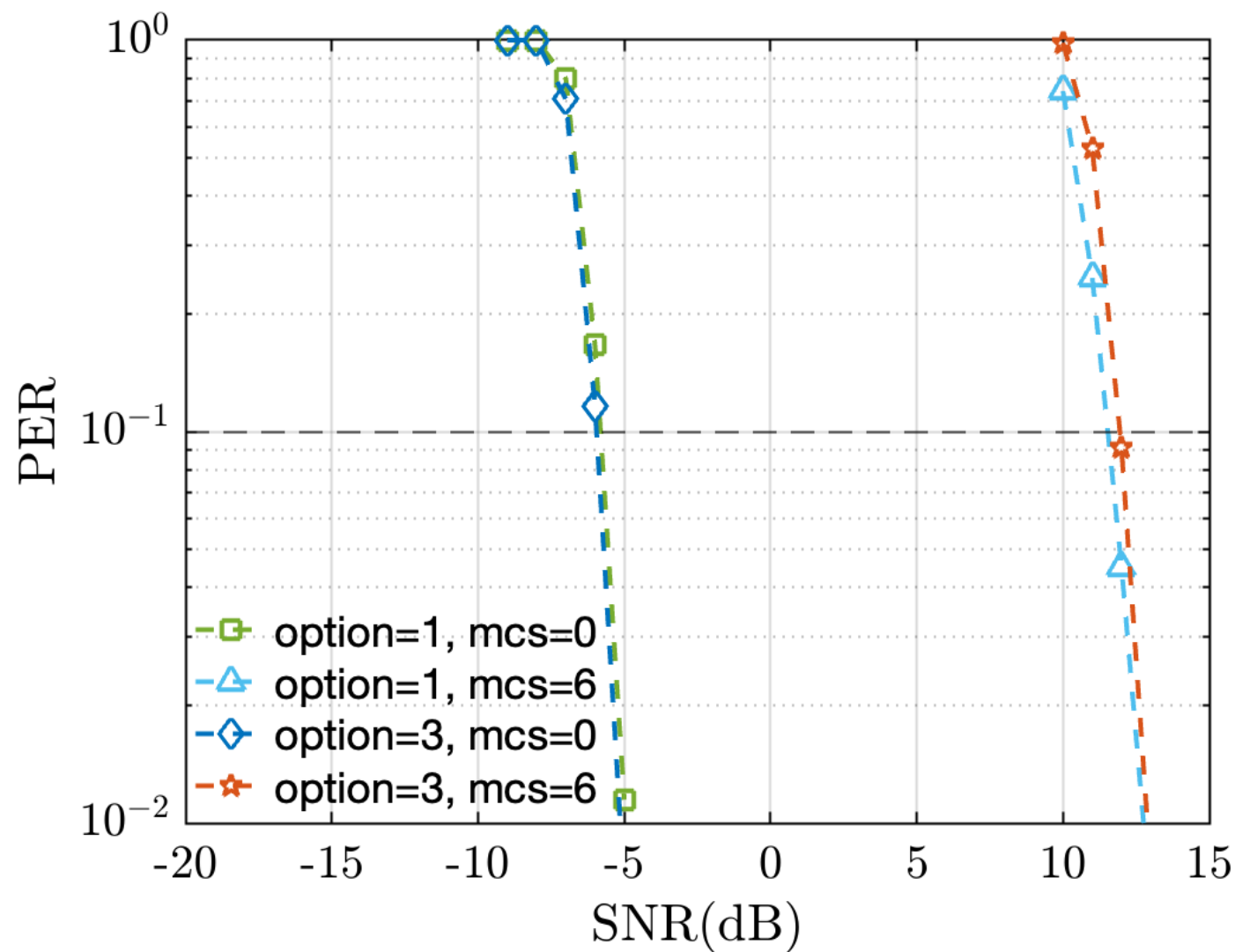
802.15.4-2024 SUN-OFDM HR

- Basically, it is based on 802.15.4-2024 SUN OFDM, and the only change is to reduce the length of the OFDM symbol to $1/3$
- The basic transmitter configuration is the same as 802.15.4-2024 SUN OFDM
- Time-axis window-based filter standardized in 802.15.4m is required to fit the occupied bandwidth within the channel spacing range to fit into the spectrum
- Regarding FEC, we firstly consider using the convolution code standardized in 802.15.4-2024 SUN OFDM

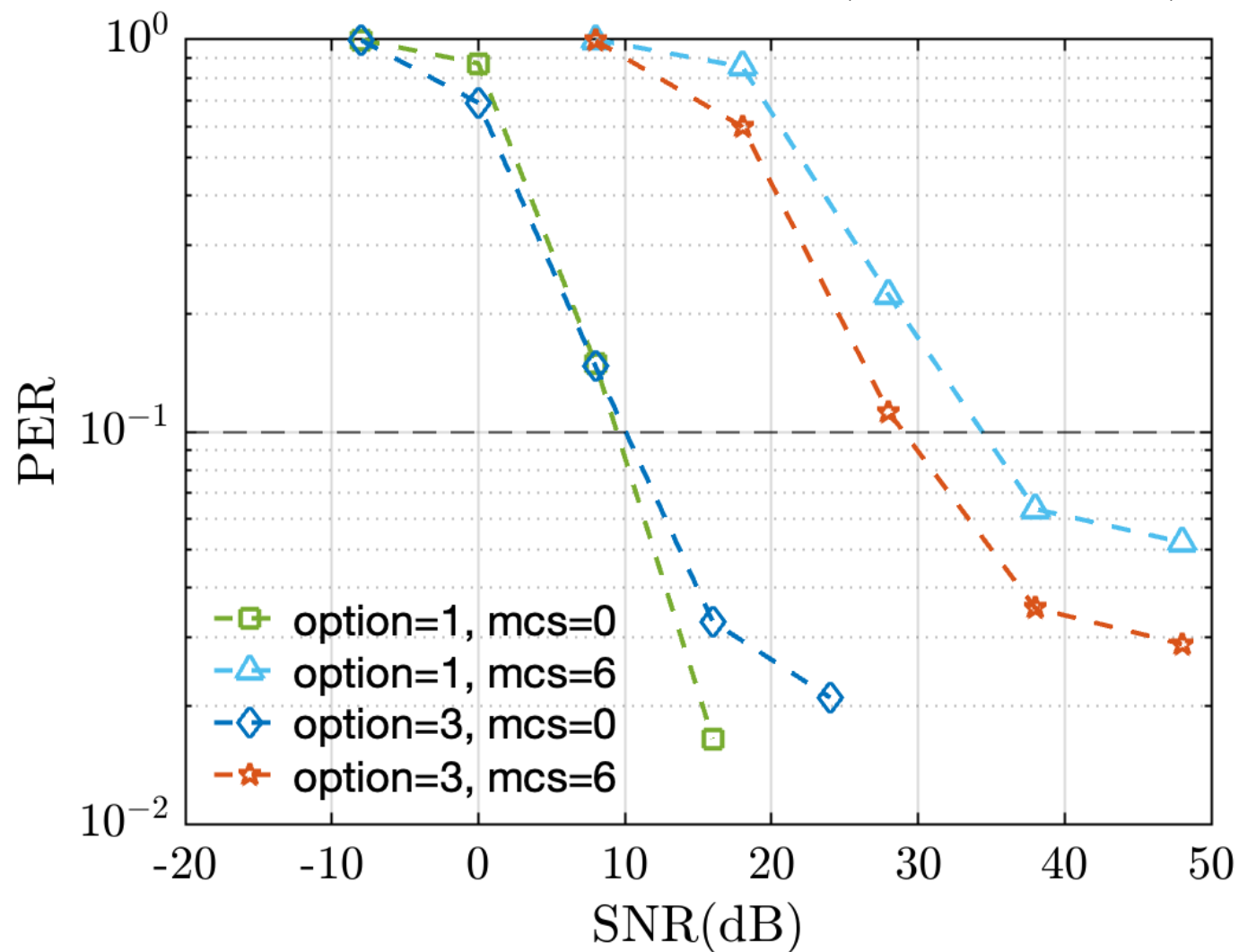
Simulation parameters

- Option 1 and 3
- MCS 0,6
- Packet size: 250 byte
- Interleave size: Same as IEEE 802.15.4 SUN OFDM
- Evaluation index: Packet Error Rate (PER)
- Padding bit: 2 bit
- Tail bit: 6 bit
- Gurad interval: $\frac{1}{4}$
- Perfect synchronization

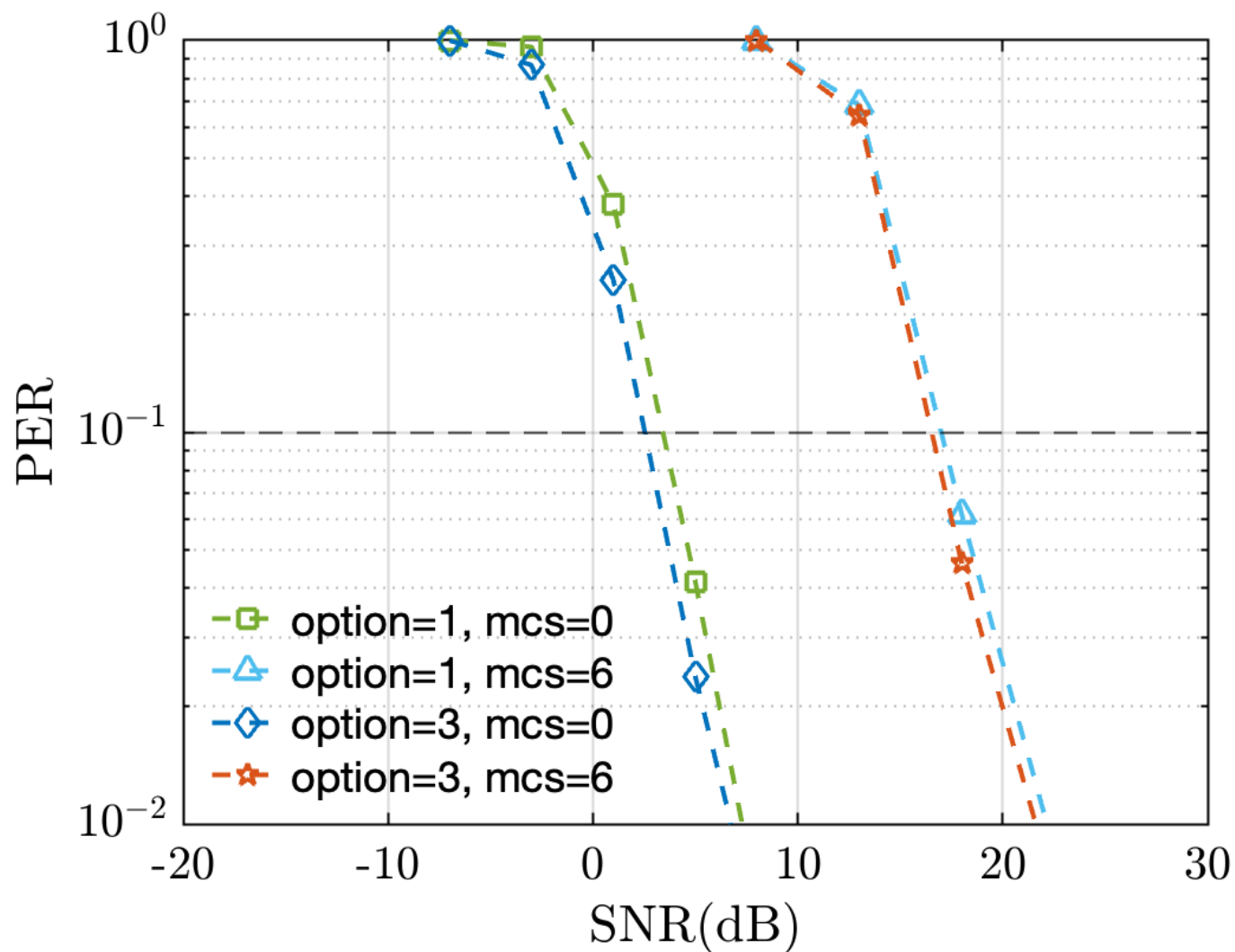
PER under AWGN



PER under TDL-B (fd=2.5Hz)



PER under TDL-D ($f_d=2.5\text{Hz}$)



Required SNR and power

Channel model	Option	mcs	Doppler frequency(Hz)	Required PER	Required power(dBm)
AWGN	1	0	N/A	10^{-1}	-114.7
		6			-97.3
	3	0			-120.8
		6			-102.9

Required SNR and power

Channel model	Option	mcs	Doppler frequency(Hz)	Required PER	Required power(dBm)
TDL-B	1	0	2.5	10^{-1}	-99.4
		6			-74.5
	3	0			-104.8
		6			-85.9
TDL-D	1	0	2.5	10^{-1}	-105.4
		6			-91.9
	3	0			-112.3
		6			-98.3