Project	IEEE P802.15 Working Group for Wireless Personal Area Networks (WPANs)		
Title	TG4k Coexistence Document		
Date Submitted	March 2012		
Source	Qing Li [InterDigital, USA] Voice: [1 610-878-5695]		
boulee		E-mail: [Qing.Li@InterDigital.com]	
	Steve Jillings [Semtech, USA]	Voice: [1 805-498-2111]	
		E-mail: [SJillings@semtech.com]	
Re:			
Abstract	Analysis on coexistence of 802.15.4k with other 802 systems within the same spectrum bands		
Purpose	To address the coexistence capability of 802.15.4k		
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### **IEEE P802.15** Wireless Personal Area Networks

March 2012

Contributors of the CA document are sorted by alphabetical order of the last name:

#### 1. Introduction

1.1. Bibliography <NOTE: need to check with the latest version of the standards.>

[B1] IEEE Std. 802.15.1<sup>TM</sup> – 2005, IEEE Standard for Information Technology – Telecommunications and Information exchange between systems – Local and metropolitan area networks – Specific requirements – Part 15.1: Wireless Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) Specifications for Wireless Personal Area Networks (WPANs).

[B2] IEEE Std. 802.15.2<sup>TM</sup> – 2003, IEEE Recommended Practice for Information Technology – Telecommunications and Information exchange between systems – Local and metropolitan area networks – Specific requirements – Part 15.2: Coexistence of Wireless Personal Area Networks with Other Wireless Devices Operating in Unlicensed Frequency Bands.

[B3] IEEE Std. 802.15.3<sup>TM</sup> – 2003, IEEE Standard for Information Technology – Telecommunications and Information exchange between systems – Local and metropolitan area networks – Specific requirements – Part 15.3: Wireless Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) Specifications for High Rate Wireless Personal Area Networks (WPANs).

[B4] IEEE Std. 802.15.4<sup>TM</sup> – 2011, IEEE Standard for Information Technology – Telecommunications and Information exchange between systems – Local and metropolitan area networks – Specific requirements – Part 15.4: Wireless Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) Specifications for Low-Rate Wireless Personal Area Networks (WPANs).

[B5] IEEE Std. 802.15.4e /D8 – 2011, IEEE Standard for Information Technology – Telecommunications and Information exchange between systems – Local and metropolitan area networks – Specific requirements – Part 15.4: Low-Rate Wireless Personal Area Networks (LR-WPANs) Amendment to the MAC sub-layer.

[B6] IEEE Std. 802.15.4k /D1 – 2012, IEEE Draft Standard for Information Technology – Telecommunications and Information exchange between systems – Local and metropolitan area networks – Specific requirements – Part 15.4: Wireless Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) Specifications for Low-Rate Wireless Personal Area Networks (WPANs) – Amendment x: Physical Layer Specifications for Low Energy, Critical Infrastructure Monitoring Networks.

[B7] IEEE Std. 802.15.4g /D8 – 2011, IEEE Draft Standard for Information Technology – Telecommunications and Information exchange between systems – Local and metropolitan area networks – Specific requirements – Part 15.4: Wireless Medium

Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) Specifications for Low-Rate Wireless Personal Area Networks (WPANs) – Amendment 4: Physical Layer Specifications for Low Data Rate Wireless Smart Metering Utility Network.

[B8] IEEE Std. 802.15.4g TG4 Coexistence Assurance Document (IEEE 802.15-10-00668-05-004g)

[B9] IEEE Std. 802.11<sup>TM</sup> – 2007, IEEE Standard for Information Technology – Telecommunications and Information exchange between systems – Local and metropolitan area networks – Specific requirements – Part 11: Wireless LAN Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) Specifications.

[B10] IEEE Std. 802.11n<sup>TM</sup>, IEEE Standard for Information Technology -Telecommunications and Information exchange between systems - Local and metropolitan area networks - Specific requirements - Part 11: Wireless LAN Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) Specifications - Amendment 5: Enhancements for Higher Throughput.

1.2. Acronyms

- 2. Overview
- 2.1. Overview of the frequency Bands of IEEE 802.15.4k

The allocated frequency bands for the 802.15.4k are given as below:

Table 1 Frequency Danus for 602.15.4k r 111s				
Frequency Band (MHz)	802.15.4k PHY(s)	Channel Spacing		
		/ Bandwidth (MHz)		
169 (Europe)	FSK	0.050		
433 (Europe, US)	FSK	0.1 / 0.2		
470-510 (China)	FSK	0.1 / 0.2		
	DSSS	??		
779–787 (China)	FSK	0.1 / 0.2		
	DSSS	??		
863–870 (Europe)	FSK	0.1 / 0.2		
	DSSS	0.25/0.3/0.6??		
902–928 (US ISM)	FSK	0.1 / 0.2		
	DSSS	1.99		
917–923.5 (South Korea)	FSK	0.2		
	DSSS	??		

Table 1 Frequency Bands for 802.15.4k PHYs

920–928 (Japan)	FSK	0.2
	DSSS	??
2400–2483.5 (Worldwide)	FSK	0.2
	DSSS	1.99

2.2. Overview of Coexistence Mechanism in 802.15.4 and 802.15.4k

The importance of coexistence mechanism in the LECIM is two-fold. The LECIM specified two alternative PHYs shall be able to coexist with each other if operating co-locatedly in the same frequency band. The LECIM also has to share multiple frequency bands and coexist with dissimilar 802 systems.

The coexistence mechanisms specified in 802.15.4 (6.9.x and 7.5.x [B4]), 802.15.4g (5.2b [B6]), and 802.15.4k (xxx [B5], are applicable to both homogeneous (among different LECIM PHYs) and heterogeneous (across other 802 systems) coexistence.

3. Dissimilar Systems Sharing the Same Frequency Bands with 802.15.4k

This clause presents an overview on other 802 systems which are specified to operate in the same frequency bands that are also specified for the 802.15.4k. The present co-locating dissimilar systems with reference to respective frequency bands is listed in Table 2.

Frequency Band	802.15/11 System	802.15/11 System's	802.15.4k	
(MHz)		PHY(s)	PHY(s)	
169 (Europe)	802.15.4g	FSK	FSK	
433 (Europe, US)	802.15.4f	FSK	FSK	
470–510	802.15.4g	MR-FSK,	FSK	
(China)		MR-O-QPSK,	DSSS O-QPSK	
		MR-OFDM		
779–787	802.15.4c	DSSS O-QPSK	FSK	
(China)		MR-FSK	DSSS O-QPSK	
	802.15.4g	MR-O-QPSK		
		MR-OFDM		
863-870		DSSS BPSK	FSK	
(Europe)	802.15.4	DSSS O-QPSK	DSSS O-QPSK	
		PSSS ASK		
	802.15.4c	DSSS BPSK		

Table 2 Dissimilar Systems Co-exist with 802.15.4k

		MR-FSK		
	802.15.4g	MR-O-QPSK		
		MR-OFDM		
902–928		DSSS BPSK	FSK	
(US ISM)	802.15.4	DSSS O-QPSK	DSSS O-QPSK	
		PSSS ASK		
	802.15.4c	DSSS BPSK		
		MR-FSK		
	802.15.4g	MR-O-QPSK		
		MR-OFDM		
		Currently in progress,		
		specification not		
	802.11ah	available		
		<note:check current<="" td=""><td></td></note:check>		
		status>		
917–923.5	802.15.4g	MR-FSK	FSK	
(South Korea)		MR-O-QPSK	DSSS O-QPSK	
		MR-OFDM		
920–928		MR-FSK	FSK	
(Japan)	Japan) 802.15.4g		DSSS O-QPSK	
		MR-OFDM		
2400-2483.5	802.11b	DSSS CCK	FSK	
(Worldwide)	802.11g	OFDM BPSK	DSSS O-QPSK	
	802.11n	OFDM QPSK		
	802.15.1	FHSS GFSK		
	802.15.3	SC D-QPSK	]	
	802.15.4	DSSS O-QPSK	]	
		MR-FSK	]	
	802.15.4g	MR-O-QPSK		
		MR-OFDM		

#### 4. Coexistence Scenario and Analysis

#### 4.1. PHY Modes in the 802.15.4k System

<NOTE: need PHY parameter values here.>

In this sub-clause, each frequency band is discussed referring to a table listing all the coexisting systems from other standard specifications. The contents of the tables are

formatted as below:

- (a) Standard specification: the name of the 802 system with which 802.15.4k system is coexisting
- (b) PHY specification: the PHY design of the above 802 system specification
- (c) Receiver bandwidth: the receiver bandwidth of the above 802 system specification
- (d) Transmit power: the transmit power of the above 802 system specification
- (e) Receiver sensitivity: the receiver sensitivity of the above 802 system specification.
- (f) Involved 802.15.4k system: the particular PHY in 802.15.4k that is coexisting with the above 802 system specification

Note: The data rate modes, including receiver bandwidth, transmit power and receiver sensitivity listed in the columns of the following tables, are only a part of the complete list from the respective standard specifications. These data rate modes are chosen for the purpose of coexistence analysis in this coexistence document.

4.1.1. Parameters for 802.15.4k PHY Modes

Table 3 shows the PHY modes chosen from each of the FSK, and DSSS PHYs and their corresponding parameters. The path loss is typical -120dB.

System	PHY Spec.	Receiver Bandwidth (MHz)	Transmit Power / Power Spectral Density (dBm)	Receiver Sensitivity (dBm)	PHY Mode
202 15 4h	FSK	0.2/0.1	up to +30 dBm	Down to -120 dBm	25kbps
802.15.4k	DSSS	1.99	??	Down to -120 dBm	100 /1000kcps?

#### Table 3 Main Parameters of 802.15.4k PHY Modes

4.1.2. BER/FER Calculations for 802.15.4k PHY modes The BER/FER calculations are detailed in 4.1.2[B8].

4.2. Interference Modeling

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The interference Modeling is detailed in 4.2[B8].

- 4.3. Coexistence Performance
- 5. Detailed Coexistence Analysis and Interference Avoidance/Mitigation Techniques
- 6. Discussions and Conclusion

# Annex A