#### **Project: IEEE P802.15 Working Group for Wireless Personal Area Networks (WPANs)**

**Submission Title:** [Comments on preamble length and PHR for LECIM FSK PHY]

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**Re:** [802.15.TG4k]

**Abstract:** This contribution is prepared to discuss about preamble length and PHR for LECIM FSK PHY.

#### **Purpose:**

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## Outline

 The goal of this document is to discuss about preamble length and PHR for FSK PHY in preliminary draft 089/r1.

## Preamble Length

#### Preamble field in draft 089/r1

The Preamble field shall contain *phyLECIMFSKPreambleLength* (as defined in 9.3) multiples of the 8-bit sequence "01010101."

Given the asymmetric nature of LECIM networks, greater capabilities of coordinators and low energy end devices, the range of preamble length is 0 to 100 octets. High functioning coordinators may need little or no preamble to synchronize, which reduces the transmit times of battery devices. A maximum preamble length of 100 is sufficient for the radios in end devices to synchronize for transmission.

#### Comment

- The range of preamble length: 0-100 octet
- According to draft, end devices should also have capability to synchronize with no preamble, which makes it difficult to implement low-power end devices

# Preamble Length

### Uplink

- High functioning coordinator can synchronize with little or no preamble
- End device can save transmit power by reducing preamble length

#### Downlink

- End device needs several octets of preamble to synchronize with limited resources
- Coordinator's preamble length should not be zero



# Preamble Length

- Suggestion
  - Asymmetric range of preamble length is desirable
  - For example
    - 0-100 octet for end devices
    - 4-100 octet for coordinator

## PHR

### PHR tables in preliminary draft 089/r1

Bit string index	0	1–7	
Bit mapping	0	L <sub>6</sub> -L <sub>0</sub>	
Field name	Extension Bit	Frame Length	

Bit string index	0	1–3	1–12
Bit mapping	1	R <sub>2</sub> R <sub>0</sub>	L <sub>11</sub> –L <sub>0</sub>
Field name	Extension Bit	Reserved	Frame Length

Figure 69-PHR for 127 octet packet

Figure 70—PHR for 2047 octet packet

#### Comment 1

- PHR error in 2047 octet packet entails significant power consumption to recover the wrong PSDU
- Parity field is required to stop non-necessary PSDU recovery

#### Comment 2

- Frame length field should be 11bits for 2047 octet packet
- Is there any intention to use 12bits?

## PHR

- Suggestion
  - Reserved bits for 2047 octet packet can be used as parity
    - For example: R₂ in PHR → odd parity
  - Frame length field for 2047 octet packet
    - 12bits → 11bits

## Conclusion

- Preamble length
  - Asymmetric range of preamble length
- PHR for 2047 octet packet
  - Parity field should be included
    - Reserved bits can be used
  - Frame length field
    - 12bits → 11bits