#### **Project: IEEE P802.15 Working Group for Wireless Personal Area Networks (WPANs)**

Submission Title: [The LED Interface Considerations for VLC]
Date Submitted: [July, 2008]
Source: [Dae-Ho Kim, Tae-Gyu Kang, Sang-Kyu Lim, Kwon-Hyung Lee] Company [ETRI]
Address [138 Gajeongno, Yuseong-gu, Daejeon, 305-700, Korea]
Voice:[+82-42-860-5648], FAX: [+82-42-860-5611], E-Mail:[dhkim7256@etri.re.kr]
Re: [vlc\_sg]

Abstract: [This document presents LED Interface Considerations for VLC ]

#### Purpose: []

**Notice:** This document has been prepared to assist the IEEE P802.15. It is offered as a basis for discussion and is not binding on the contributing individual(s) or organization(s). The material in this document is subject to change in form and content after further study. The contributor(s) reserve(s) the right to add, amend or withdraw material contained herein.

**Release:** The contributor acknowledges and accepts that this contribution becomes the property of IEEE and may be made publicly available by P802.15.



## LED Interface Considerations for VLC

#### Dae-Ho Kim dhkim7256@etri.re.kr ETRI



### Introduction

- VLC Applications
  - Lighting and illumination
  - LED signboard
  - Automotive lighting
  - Display backlighting
- Key elements for LED application design
  - Topology : Serial or Parallel
  - Number of LED
  - Type of LED : Current, voltage
  - Temperature of working environment
  - source voltage of system



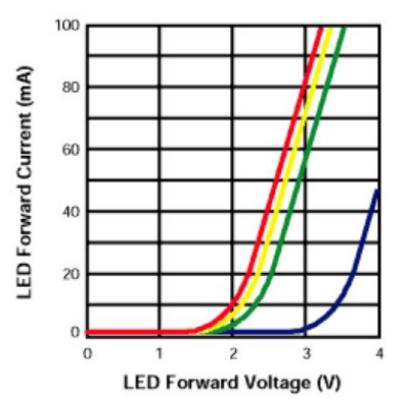
## Why do we need LED driver for VLC?

- To drive LEDs, constant current output power converters are required.
  - Large variety of LED
  - Register Limiting
  - Linear regulator for Constant current
- Some of LED Driver has a PWM input.
  - For dimming
  - How can we use the PWM input port for VLC?



#### Characteristics of LEDs

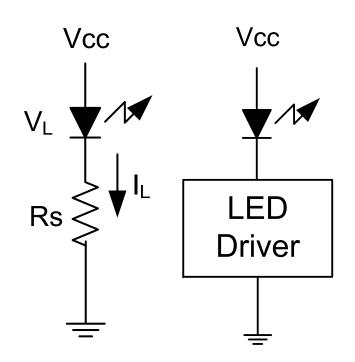
- LED's are special diodes that emit light.
- Forward Voltage (V<sub>F</sub>) drop across LED
  - Diodes are current driven!





## Linear Regulation

- Register limiting
  - Select  $R_s = (V_{cc} V_L)/I_L$
  - In Automotive system
    - 12V system : 6V~42V
    - 24V system : 12~60V
- IC with Constant current source
  - LED Driver





# Type of LED Drivers

- Are configured as
  - Inductorless LED drivers for LEDs in parallel
  - Inductor based LED drivers for LEDs in series.
- Topologies include
  - Boost regulator LED drivers
  - Buck regulator LED drivers
  - Buck-boost LED drivers and more
- For accurate LED current matching



## Topology based LED Drivers

- Step-Up (Boost) LED Drivers
  - generate the high voltages required to drive multiple LEDs in series, ensuring current matching betweens the LEDs.
- Step-Down (Buck) LED Drivers
  - are ideal for applications where the input voltage is above the LED voltage, as in many automotive or industrial applications.
- Buck-Boost LED Drivers
  - allow LED bias when the input voltage is either above or below the LED voltage.

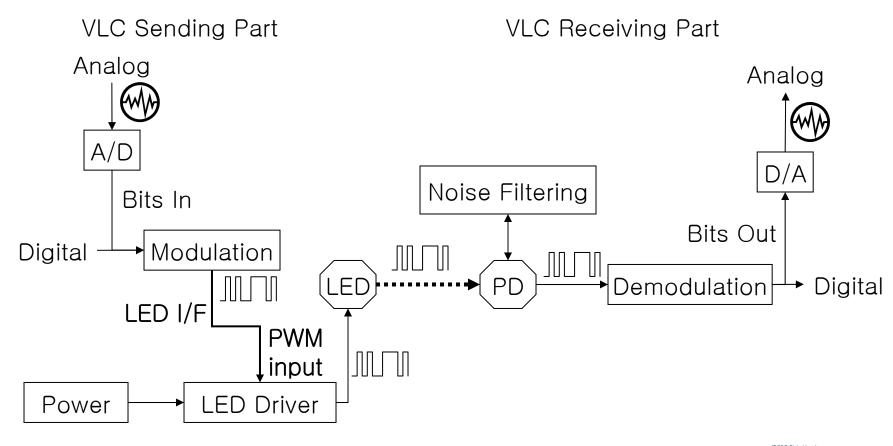


## Selection of LED Driver

- LED Driver can support a various types of LED
  - -5mm Lamp : I<sub>F</sub> = 30mA
  - SuperFlux HB LED:  $I_F = 70 \text{mA}$
  - Luxeon Power LED:  $I_F = 350 \sim 1000 \text{ mA}$
- High speed switching at LED Driver
  - PWM : 1 ~ 30KHz
  - More high speed switching function is required for VLC, if we want to use

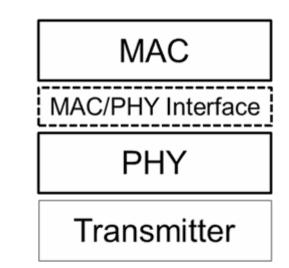


## **VLC** Architecture



#### Standard Area before VLC

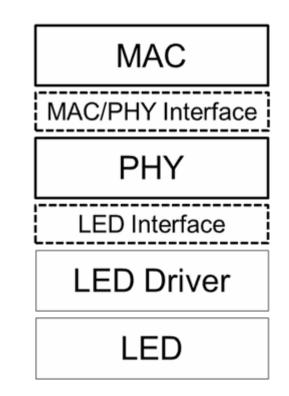
- Traditional Standard
  - MAC, PHY and MAC/PHY Interface
  - PHY and Transmitter interface is a PHY vender dependent





#### Standard Area for VLC

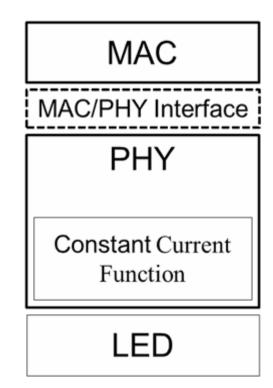
- For convergence of LED Applications and VLC
  - VLC and Lighting
  - VLC and Automotive
- Especially, High Brightness and High Power LEDs need LED Driver
- Standard is required between PHY and LED driver





#### Otherwise?

- PHY can drive LED directly?
- Do we have to make the standard of constant current function for LED driving?
- How can do the one standardized PHY chip cover various types of LED?





## We need the LED Interface for VLC!

- Large Varity of LED
  - current driven.
  - From several mA to 1000mA
- Standardized PHY
  - Line coding, Modulation, ...
- How can we connect LED with PHY?
- LED Driver drives the various type of LEDs and connects with PHY through the standardized LED interface.



## Next Step

- MAC/PHY considerations for LED driving
- PD related considerations
- Light interference considerations

