Project: IEEE P802.15 Working Group for Wireless Personal Area Networks (WPANs)

Submission Title: [An MSK system for Multi-Gb/s Wireless Communications at 60GHz]
Date Submitted: [14 July, 2006]
Source: [Alberto Valdes-Garcia, Troy Beukema, Scott Reynolds, Yasunao Katayama, Brian Gaucher]
Company [IBM Research]
Address [1101 Kitchawan Rd. Rte. 134, MS:30-116]
Voice:[+914-945-2598], E-Mail:[avaldes@us.ibm.com]

Re: [Request of contributions for the 802.15.3c subgroup]

Abstract: [Trade-offs and preliminary results of an MSK-based system for Multi-GB/s communications at 60GHz over a directional channel]

Purpose: [For discussion only]

Notice: This document has been prepared to assist the IEEE P802.15. It is offered as a basis for discussion and is not binding on the contributing individual(s) or organization(s). The material in this document is subject to change in form and content after further study. The contributor(s) reserve(s) the right to add, amend or withdraw material contained herein.

Release: The contributor acknowledges and accepts that this contribution becomes the property of IEEE and may be made publicly available by P802.15.

Outline

- Complex modulation system for multi-path channel
 Vs. MSK system for directional channel.
- Trade-offs for MSK multi-GB/s mmWave system.
- 60GHz TX architecture with MSK modulator.
- 60GHz RX architecture with FM detector.
- MSK Modulator/Demodulator transistor-level simulations.
- Efficient 60GHz switching-mode PA for constant envelope modulation.

Summary.

Application Block Diagram 1: Complex Modulation, Multi-Path Channel



Application Block Diagram 2: MSK Modulation, Directional Channel



MSK System for Directional Channels: Trade-offs

- Better spectral efficiency than OOK and BPSK
- High RX efficiency in terms of mW/bit:
 - Power of FM discriminator + CDR: tens of mWatts
 - Power of Multi-GS/s ADC (I&Q) + DSP: 0.2-1Watt or higher
- Obviates the need for receiver AGC and ADC.
- Lower TX complexity and possibility of using more efficient non-linear PA.
- Overall, excellent for "point-and-shoot" applications using portable devices: lower size, cost and power.
- Robustness in a short-range multi-path channel requires further investigation.

Latest 60GHz Transmitter with Modulator for MSK



- MSK baseband signal can be generated without complex baseband processing.
- Simple hardware implementation without area or power consumption overhead.
- HW design has been completed, measurements will follow.

Latest 60GHz Receiver with On-Chip AM/FM Demodulators



- FM/FSK limiter-discriminator output muxed into baseband output.
- Increases versatility of chipset by eliminating the need for an ADC and digital baseband for non-coherent modulations (FSK/PSK, MSK, etc.).
- Preliminary measurement results available.

Receiver FM Demodulator Measurements

 For initial testing, a tone with 1-GHz frequency deviation was produced by beating together RF tones at 59 and 60 GHz, with one tone ≈ 10-dB lower in amplitude than the other.

- Limiter rejects AM portion of signal.
- The combined input signal was attenuated until the demodulated 1
 GHz sine wave disappeared into the noise floor at ≈ -68 dBm.
- Testing with real modulated signals pending.



Mod/Demod Transistor-level Simulation Results

9GHz, constantenvelope modulated signal

I@Q Switching Signals (4Gb/s)



Mod/Demod Transistor-level Simulation Results

Receiver FM detector output 4Gb/s



Efficient Switching-Mode MMW PA

 Constant-envelope modulation system may use switching-mode
 PAs for power reduction.

 An experimental mmWave class-E PA has been demonstrated in SiGe 8HP technology.

 Peak PAE>15% has been measured from 55 to 62GHz

 Record efficiency at mmWave frequencies in Silicon has been achieved.



Measured performance @ 58GHz

Summary

- An MSK-based system for multi-GB/s comm. at 60GHz presents significant advantages (i.e. lower complexity and power consumption) in a directional channel.
- Simulation results support the feasibility of such system and indicate that up to 4GB/s may be possible in SiGe 8HP technology.
- FSK detector has been characterized in 60GHz RX.
- MSK modulator has been characterized in simulations.
- A MMW switching-mode PA for constant envelope modulation has proven to be feasible.
- Full TX and RX with MSK mod/demod have been fabricated, characterization is in progress.