### IEEE P802.11Wireless LANs

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| **REVmf CFP Support for Ranging/Sensing Trigger frames** |
| Date: 2025-07-17 |
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Abstract

This document contains proposed resolutions for several SA comments on REVme (X CIDs):

**Changes to be done w.r.t. D0.2 of REVmf.**

Revisions:

* Rev 0: Initial version of the document. One pending AI is to move the capability bit to RSNXE.

Interpretation of a Motion to Adopt

A motion to approve this submission means that the editing instructions and any changed or added material are actioned in the REVmf Draft. This introduction is not part of the adopted material.

***Editing instructions formatted like this are intended to be copied into the REVmf Draft (i.e. they are instructions to the 802.11 editor on how to merge the text with the baseline documents).***

***REVmf Editor: Editing instructions preceded by “REVmf Editor” are instructions to the REVmf editor to modify existing material in the REVmf draft. As a result of adopting the changes, the REVmf editor will execute the instructions rather than copy them to the REVmf Draft.***

### Discussion: *TBD.*

***REVmf editor: Please change the subclause below as follows:***

**9.4.2.316 CIP Capabilities element**

The CIP Capabilities element contains fields that are used to advertise parameters used with CIP.

The format of the CIP Capabilities element is shown in Figure 9-1092 (CIP Capabilities element).

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Element ID | Length | Element ID Extension | CIP Parameters |
| Octets: | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Figure 9-1092 - CIP Capabilities element format |

The Element ID, Length and Element ID Extension fields are defined in 9.4.2.1 (General).

The CIP Parameters field contains parameters used with CIP. The format of the CIP Parameters field is shown in Figure 9-1093 (CIP Parameters field).

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | B0 B3 | B4 | B5 B7 |
|  | MIC Padding Delay | CIP Ranging/Sensing Supported | Reserved |
|  Bits |  4 | 1 | 3 |

**Figure 9-1093 – CIP Parameters field**

The MIC Padding Delay field indicates the minimum padding duration that is needed (see 12.5.5.7 (Padding)) within a PPDU that solicits a protected Control frame from the STA transmitting the CIP Capabilities element and/or the minimum padding duration that is needed within a protected Control frame that is addressed to the STA transmitting the CIP Capabilities element.

The MIC Padding Delay field is set as defined in Table 9-419 (Encoding of the MIC Padding Delay field).

Table 9-419—Encoding of the MIC Padding Delay field

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| MIC Padding Delay field value | MIC padding delay |
| 0 | 0 µs |
| 1 | 4 µs |
| 2 | 8 µs |
| 3 | 12 µs |
| 4 | 16 µs |
| 5 | 20 µs |
| 6 | 24 µs |
| 7 | 28 µs |
| 8 | 32 µs |
| 9-15 | Reserved |

The CIP Ranging/Sensing Supported field indicates whether protection of Ranging/Sensing Trigger frames is supported or not. The CIP Ranging/Sensing Supported field is set to 1 to indicate that protection of Ranging/Sensing Trigger frames is supported; set to 0 otherwise.

***REVmf editor: Please change the subclause below as follows:***

**12.2.13 Requirements for control frame protection**

The Control frames that are defined to be protected are:

— Individually and group addressed Trigger frames that satisfy the requirements defined in 12.6.22 (Protection of Control frames).

— Individually and group addressed Multi-STA BlockAck frames.

— Individually addressed Compressed BlockAckReq frames.

— Individually addressed Multi-TID BlockAckReq frames.

When control frame protection is negotiated, individually addressed and group addressed Control frames that

are defined to be protected shall be encapsulated using the procedure defined in 12.6.22 (Protection of Control

frames(#M7)).

### 12.6.22 Protection of Control frames(#M7)

***REVmf editor: Please change the subclause below as follows:***

This subclause defines rules that shall be followed by an RSNA non-AP STA on a link with an associated AP.

Control frame protection is an optional feature. A STA that supports control frame protection has dot11CIPActivated equal to true. If both the associated non-AP STA and AP have set the CIP Supported field to 1 in the RSNXE, then control frame protection is negotiated.

A STA that supports control frame protection of Ranging/Sensing Trigger frames shall set the CIP Ranging/Sensing Supported field in the CIP Capabilities element to 1. A STA that does not support control frame protection of Ranging/Sensing Trigger frames shall set the CIP Ranging And Sensing Supported field in the CIP Capabilities element to 0.

If control frame protection is negotiated and both the associated non-AP STA and AP have set the CIP Ranging/Sensing Supported field in the CIP Capabilities element to 1, then Ranging/Sensing Trigger frames shall qualify as Control frames that are defined to be protected. Otherwise, Ranging/Sensing Trigger frames shall not qualify as control frames that are defined to be protected.

NOTE – Ranging/Sensing Trigger frames sent by an AP that has set the CIP Ranging/Sensing Supported field to 0 will not be protected even when control frame protection is negotiated. Group addressed Ranging/Sensing Trigger frames sent by an AP that has set the CIP Ranging/Sensing Supported field to 1 are defined to be protected if at least one of the recipients is a non-AP STA that has set the CIP Ranging/Sensing Supported field to 1. Another recipient of these Trigger frames that has set the CIP Ranging/Sensing Supported field to 0 will ignore the User Info fields in the Trigger frames that contain the PN and MIC.

Protection of group addressed Control frames that are defined to be protected shall be provided by a service in the MLME as described in 11.55 (Group addressed control frame protection procedures(#M7)). Protection of individually addressed Control frames that are defined to be protected shall be provided by a service in the MLME (see 12.2.4 (RSNA establishment)).

A non-AP STA indicates in the CIP Capabilities element of the (Re)Association Request frame the padding duration of the protected Control frames and PPDUs that solicit protected Control frames. An AP indicates in the CIP Capabilities element of the (Re)Association Response frame the padding durations of the protected Control frames and PPDUs that solicit protected Control frames.

A STA shall use a protected Multi-STA BlockAck frame to provide acknowledgement of individually addressed frames that solicit an acknowledgement to another STA if the STAs have negotiated control frame protection.

A protected GCR MU-BAR Trigger frame shall solicit a protected Multi-STA BlockAck frame instead of a GCR BlockAck frame. A non-AP STA that supports GCR and that has negotiated control frame protection shall include a protected Multi-STA BlockAck frame, instead of a GCR BlockAck frame, in the TB PPDU that is sent in response to a protected GCR MU-BAR Trigger frame (see 9.3.1.22.7 (GCR MU-BAR Trigger frame format)). An AP shall not send a GCR BlockAckReq frame to a non-AP STA that supports GCR and that has negotiated control frame protection.

A protected MU-BAR Trigger frame shall solicit a protected Multi-STA BlockAck frame. A non-AP STA that has negotiated control frame protection shall include a protected Multi-STA BlockAck frame in the TB PPDU that is sent in response to a protected MU-BAR Trigger frame (see 9.3.1.22.4 (MU-BAR Trigger frame format)).