IEEE P802.11
Wireless LANs

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| Protecting TSF values in Beacon frames |
| Date: 2024-11-11 |
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Abstract

TSF values in 802.11 Beacon frames are currently unprotected, even when the frames are protected using BIP. This submission proposes changes to add protection for the TSF value in BIP-protected frames, in a manner that is transparent to legacy devices.

### Discussion:

In Beacon frames that are protected with BIP, the TSF remains unprotected.

Similar to the approach for deriving the BIPN based on the TSBTT/TBTT for S1G Beacon frames that are protected using BCE, the BIPN for Beacon frames that are protected using BIP can be derived from the TBTT as:

BIPN = CurrentTBTT / (1024 × dot11BeaconPeriod)

*CurrentTBTT* is the TBTT of the Beacon frame that is being protected.

At the transmitter this could be implemented as:

*Ceil(TSF/(1024 x dot11BeaconPeriod))*

The receiver could use:

*Floor(TSF/(1024 x dot11BeaconPeriod))*

Calculating the BIPN in this way still satisfies the requirement that “the transmitting STA shall insert a strictly increasing integer into the MME IPN/BIPN field.” Note that the BIPN will increment by 1 for each Beacon transmission, since the CurrentTBTT increases by 1024 × dot11BeaconPeriod for each TBTT.

The BIP integrity value is computed over the entire frame, include the MME. Since the BIPN is derived from the CurrentTBTT, this provides protection for CurrentTBTT.

In order for devices to take advantage of this protection, they simply need to know that the AP is using this calculation when generating the BIPN. This can be accomplished simply by adding a flag in the RSNXE. No signaling is required from non-AP STAs.

For legacy devices, the frame structure and BIP algorithm is unchanged. To those devices, this new BIPN derivation will look like any other BIPN counter, so legacy devices do not require any changes to receive and validate the BIP protection on these Beacon frames, and the level of protection provided by BIP to legacy devices remains unchanged.

### 9.4.2.240 RSNXE

***Add a new entry in Table 9-373 and update the last entry as needed:***

***Table 9-373—Extended RSN Capabilities field***

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Bit** | **Information** | **Notes** |
| <ANA> | Protected TSF/Reserved | An AP sets the Protected TSF field to 1 to indicate that protection is enabled for the TSF in Beacon frames that it transmits. Otherwise, it sets this bit to 0. For non-AP STAs, this bit is reserved. See 12.5.3.4. |

### 12.5.3.4 BIP replay counters and packet numbers

Change the second paragraph as shown:

When beacon protection is enabled at ~~the~~a non-~~SP~~AP STA, the receiver shall maintain a 48-bit replay counter for each BIGTK. The receiver shall set the replay counter to the value of the BIPN in the BIGTK key data encapsulation (KDE) (see 12.7.2 (EAPOL-Key frames)) provided by the Authenticator in the 4-way handshake, FT 4-way handshake, FT handshake, group key handshake, or FILS authentication. The transmitter shall maintain a single BIPN for each BIGTK. When beacon protection is enabled at an S1G AP and BCE is enabled, the BIPN shall be implemented as a 48-bit representation of the number of TSBTTs or TBTTs since TSF time 0. If dot11ShortBeaconInterval is true, the BIPN shall be initialized using Equation (12-1):

Change the text starting at page 3041, line 18 as shown:

When beacon protection is enabled at an S1G AP and BCE is disabled, the BIPN shall be implemented as a 48-bit strictly increasing integer, initialized to 1 when the corresponding BIGTK is initialized. For non-S1G STAs, when dot11ProtectedTSF is false the BIPN shall be implemented as a 48-bit strictly increasing integer, initialized to 1 when the corresponding BIGTK is initialized. For non-S1G STAs, when dot11ProtectedTSF is true:

* The BIPN shall be implemented as a 48-bit representation of the number of TBTTs since TSF time 0. The BIPN shall be initialized using Equation (12-2).
* When adding protection to, or checking protection on, a Beacon frame,the BIPN shall be calculated using Equation (12-4), where CurrentTBTT is the TBTT of the Beacon frame that is being protected, in µs.

### C.3 MIB detail

Add the following entry to the end of the Dot11StationConfigEntry{} list:

 dot11ProtectedTSF TruthValue

Add the following new entry to the dot11StationConfig TABLE:

dot11ProtectedTSF OBJECT-TYPE

 SYNTAX TruthValue

 MAX-ACCESS read-write

 STATUS current

 DESCRIPTION

"This is a control variable.

It is written by the SME or external management entity.

Changes take effect for the next MLME-START.request primitive or MLME-JOIN.request primitive.

The purpose of dot11ProtectedTSF is to enable the use of protection for the TSF in Beacon frames when BIPN is in use."

 DEFVAL { false }

::= { dot11StationConfigEntry <ANA> }

**References:**

[Draft P802.11REVme\_D7.0.pdf](https://grouper.ieee.org/groups/802/11/private/Draft_Standards/11me/Draft%20P802.11REVme_D7.0.pdf)