IEEE P802.11  
Wireless LANs

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| **Specification Framework for TGbn** | | | | |
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Abstract

This document provides the framework from which the draft TGbn amendment will be developed. The document provides an outline of each the functional blocks that will be a part of the final amendment. The document is intended to reflect the working consensus of the group on the broad outline for the draft specification. As such it is expected to begin with minimal detail reflecting agreement on specific techniques and highlighting areas on which agreement is still required. It may also begin with an incomplete feature list with additional features added as they are justified. The document will evolve over time until it includes sufficient detail on all the functional blocks and their inter-dependencies so that work can begin on the draft amendment itself.

# Revision history

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Revision | Date | Changes |
| 0 | Jan 25, 2024 | Initial version |
| 1 | Mar 25, 2024 | Add motions passed in 2024 March meeting |
| 2 | May 23, 2024 | Added motions passed in 2024 May meeting |
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| 7 | Dec 22, 2024 | Added motion s passed on Dec 19, 2024 |
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| 10 | Mar 14, 2025 | Added motion passed on Mar 13 |
| 11 | Mar 21, 2025 | Corrected the category of Motion #306 |
| 12 | Mar 26, 2025 | Move Motions 358-361 to MAPC subclause |
| 13 | April 7, 2025 | Corrected the category of Motion #363 |
| 14 | April 24. 2025 | Added Motion #388 |
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| 17 | July 29, 2025 | Added Motion passed on July 28 of Madrid meeting |
| 18 | Aug 2, 2025 | Added Motions passed on July 31 of Madrid meeting |
| 19 | Aug 7, 2025 | Added table for Motion #416. |

# NOTEs from the editor

1. Further editorial changes by the editor are reflected in tracked mode.

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# Abbreviations and acronyms

AC access category

AID association idenfier

AP access point

BA block acknowledgement

BCC binary convolutional code

BPSK bineary phase shift keying

BSRP buffer status report poll

BSS basic service set

BW bandwidth

CFO carrier frequency offset

Co-BF coordinated beamforming

COEX coexistence

CRC cyclic redundancy code

Co-RTWT coordinated restricted TWT

CSI channel state information

Co-SR coordinated spatial reuse

Co-TDMA coordinated TDMA

CSD cyclic shift diversity

CTS clear to send

DBE dynamic bandwidth expansion

DBW distribution bandwdith

DL downlink

DPS dynamic power save

DRU distributed tone RU

DS distribution system

DUP duplicate

EDCA enhanced distributed channel access

EHT extremely high throughput

ELR enhanced long range

EQM equal modulation

ESS extended service set

FCS frame check sequence

HC higher capability

HE high efficiency

HIP high priority

ICF intial control frame

ICR initial control response

ID identifier

L4S low latency, low loss, and scalable throughout

LC lower capability

LDPC low-density parity check

LL low latency

L-LTF non-HT long training field

L-preamble legacy preamble

L-SIG non-HT signal field

L-STF non-HT short training field

LTF long training field

MAC medium access control

MAPC multi-AP coordination

MCS modulation and coding scheme

MIMO multiple input multiple output

MLD multi-link device

MRU multiple resource unit

MU multiple user

Multi-AP multiple AP

Non-AP none AP

NAV network allocation vector

NDP null data PPDU

NPCA non-primary channel access

NSS number of spatial streams

OBSS overlapping basic service set

OFDMA orthogonal frequency division multiple access

PHY physical layer

PM power save mode

PPDU physical layer (PHY) protocol data unit

P2P peer to peer

QAM quadrature amplitude modulation

QBPSK quadrature binary phase shift keying

QoS qulatify of service

QPSK quadrature phase shift keying

QSRC QoS STA retry count

RL-SIG repeated non-HT signal field

RRU regular RU

RSID ranging session Identifiers

RTS request to send

RU resource unit

SMD seamless mobility domain

SP service period

SS spatial stream

STA station

STF short training field

SU single user

TA transmitter address

TB trigger-based

TBD to be decided

TDMA time division multiple access

TID traffic identifier

TWT target wake time

TXOP transmission opportunity

TXS TXOP sharing

UEQM unequal modulation

UHR ultra high reliability

UL uplink

U-SIG universal signal

VO voice

# UHR PHY



## General

This section describes the functional blocks in the UHR PHY.

* “PHY Version Identifier” is set to 1 in U-SIG field for UHR PPDUs.

[Motion #22, [1] and [38]]

## Distributed-tone RU

### General

* TGbn will define distributed tone RU (“DRU”) transmission

[Motion #3, [1] and [10]]

* TGbn supports a distributed tone RU (DRU) for a TB PPDU transmission
  + The DRU means an RU which consists of subcarriers spreading across a certain bandwidth

[Motion #1, [1] and [2]]

* DRU is allowed in a punctured UHR TB transmission

[Motion #4, [1] and [11]]

* TGbn supports the hybrid mode with DRUs and RRUs (Regular RU as existing RU defined in 11ax/be) in UHR UL TB OFDMA transmissions
  + Minimum PPDU BW for hybrid mode is TBD

[Motion #7, [1] and [14]]

* UL MU-MIMO is not applicable to DRU.

[Motion #37, [1] and [89]]

* DRU only supports up to 2ss

[Motion #38, [1] and [89]]

### Tone plan

* DRUs tone plan design on distribution BW (DBW) 20MHz and 40MHz is 26-tone RU based DRU method (using 26-tone DRUs as basic building blocks).
  + DRUs tone plan design on other distribution BWs is TBD.

[Motion #14, [1] and [33]]

* Minimum size of RRU in hybrid mode in 160MHz and 320MHz is 242 tones.

[Motion #63, [1] and [165]]

* 11bn supports the following DBW dependent DRU size support to maximize BW and power efficiency
  + No MRU in distributed transmission
  + 20MHz: RU26, RU52, RU106
  + 40MHz: RU26, RU52, RU106, RU242
  + 80MHz: RU52, RU106, RU242, RU484
* [Motion #65, [1] and [167]]
* 11bn supports per 80MHz DRU/RRU switch if PPDU BW >80MHz and no hybrid DRU and RRU mode for up to 80MHz

[Motion #66, [1] and [167]]

* In a non-punctured 80 MHz PPDU, the following DBW modes are allowed for DRU
  + 80 MHz
  + 20 MHz + 20 MHz + 40 MHz (or 40 MHz + 20 MHz + 20 MHz)

[Motion #20, [1] and [36]]

* For 160 MHz and 320 MHz PPDUs, in only the non-punctured primary 80 MHz subblock, the following distribution bandwidth mode is allowed for DRU
  + 20 MHz + 20 MHz + 40 MHz (or 40 MHz + 20 MHz + 20 MHz)

[Motion #237, [264] and [277]]

* DRU DBW of 60 MHz is defined in an 80 MHz frequency subblock (with the highest 20 MHz subchannel unallocated) in a UHR TB PPDU
* No allocation is made in the highest 20 MHz subchannel

[Motion #64, [1] and [166]]

* For 80 MHz PPDU where one of the 20 MHz channels is punctured, the following DBW mode is allowed for DRU
  + 20 MHz + 40 MHz (or 40 MHz + 20 MHz) mode

[Motion #87, [1] and [173]]

* For 160 MHz and 320 MHz PPDUs, in an 80 MHz frequency subblock where one of the 20 MHz channels is punctured, the following distribution bandwidth mode is allowed for DRU
  + 20 MHz + 40 MHz (or 40 MHz + 20 MHz) mode

[Motion #88, [1] and [173]]

* For 160 MHz and 320 MHz PPDUs, in an 80 MHz frequency subblock where one of the 40 MHz channels is punctured (i.e., either 1100 or 0011 case), the following DBW mode is allowed for DRU
  + 40 MHz mode

[Motion #89, [1] and [173]]

* For a 40 MHz PPDU, the following DBW mode is allowed for DRU
  + Only 40 MHz mode

[Motion #90, [1] and [173]]

* Data and pilot subcarrier indices for DRUs in a 20 MHz UHR PPDU are defined in following table:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Data and pilot subcarrier indices for Distributed Tone RUs (DRUs) in a 20 MHz UHR PPDU** | | | | | |
| **DRU type** | **DRU index and subcarrier range** | | | | |
| 26-tone DRU i=1:9 | DRU1 [-120:9:-12, 6:9:114] | DRU2 [-116:9:-8, 10:9:118] | DRU3 [-118:9:-10, 8:9:116] | DRU4 [-114:9:-6, 12:9:120] | DRU5 [-112:9:-4, 5:9:113] |
| DRU6 [-119:9:-11, 7:9:115] | DRU7 [-115:9:-7, 11:9:119] | DRU8 [-117:9:-9, 9:9:117] | DRU9 [-113:9:-5, 4:9:112] |  |
| 52-tone DRU i=1:4 | DRU1 26-tone [DRU1, DRU2] | | DRU2 26-tone [DRU3, DRU4] | |  |
| DRU3 26-tone [DRU6, DRU7] | | DRU4 26-tone [DRU8, DRU9] | |  |
| 106-tone DRU i=1:2 | DRU1 26-tone [DRU1~4], [-3, 3] | | DRU2 26-tone [DRU6~9], [-2, 2] | |  |

[Motion #56, [1] and [33]]

* Data and pilot subcarrier indices for DRUs in a 40 MHz UHR PPDU are defined in following table:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Data and pilot subcarrier indices for Distributed Tone RUs (DRUs) in a 40 MHz UHR TB PPDU** | | | | | | |
| **DRU type** | **DRU index and subcarrier range** | | | | | |
| 26-tone DRU i=1:18 | DRU1 [-242:18:-26, 10:18:226] | DRU2 [-233:18:-17, 19:18:235] | DRU3 [-238:18:-22, 14:18:230] | DRU4 [-229:18:-13, 23:18:239] | DRU5 [-225:18:-9, 27:18:243] | DRU6 [-240:18:-24, 12:18:228] |
| DRU7 [-231:18:-15, 21:18:237] | DRU8 [-236:18:-20, 16:18:232] | DRU9 [-227:18:-11, 25:18:241] | DRU10 [-241:18:-25, 11:18:227] | DRU11 [-232:18:-16, 20:18:236] | DRU12 [-237:18:-21, 15:18:231] |
| DRU13 [-228:18:-12, 24:18:240] | DRU14 [-234:18:-18, 18:18:234] | DRU15 [-239:18:-23, 13:18:229] | DRU16 [-230:18:-14, 22:18:238] | DRU17 [-235:18:-19, 17:18:233] | DRU18 [-226:18:-10, 26:18:242] |
| 52-tone DRU i=1:8 | DRU1 [-242:9:-17, 10:9:235] | | DRU2 [-238:9:-13, 14:9:239] | | DRU3 [-240:9:-15, 12:9:237] | |
| DRU4 [-236:9:-11, 16:9:241] | | DRU5 [-241:9:-16, 11:9:236] | | DRU6 [-237:9:-12, 15:9:240] | |
| DRU7 [-239:9:-14, 13:9:238] | | DRU8 [-235:9:-10, 17:9:242] | |  | |
| 106-tone DRU i=1:4 | DRU1 26-tone [DRU1~4], [-8,5] | | DRU2 26-tone [DRU6~9], [-6,7] | | DRU3 26-tone [DRU10~13], [-7,6] | |
| DRU4 26-tone [DRU15~18], [-5,8] | |  | |  | |
| 242-tone DRU i=1:2 | DRU1 106-tone [DRU1~2],26-tone DRU5, [-244,-4,3,9] | | DRU2 106-tone [DRU3~4],26-tone DRU14, [-243,-3,4,244] | |  | |

[Motion #57, [1] and [33]]

* The Data and pilot subcarrier indices for DRUs in a 60 MHz DBW are defined in following table

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **DRU data and pilot tone indices for 60MHz DBW** | | | | |
| **DRU Type** | **DRU Indices** | | | |
| 52-tone DRU i=1:12 | DRU1  [-499:14:-23, 5:14:229] | DRU2  [-492:14:-16, 12:14:236] | DRU3  [-496:14:-20, 8:14:232] | DRU4  [-489:14:-13, 15:14:239] |
| DRU5  [-498:14:-22, 6:14:230] | DRU6  [-491:14:-15, 13:14:237] | DRU7  [-495:14:-19, 9:14:233] | DRU8  [-488:14:-12, 16:14:240] |
| DRU9  [-497:14:-21, 7:14:231] | DRU10  [-490:14:-14, 14:14:238] | DRU11  [-494:14:-18, 10:14:234] | DRU12  [-487:14:-11, 17:14:241] |
| 106-tone DRU i=1:6 | DRU1 [-499:7:-9, 5:7:243] | DRU2 [-496:7:-6, 8:7:246] | DRU3 [-498:7:-8, 6:7:244] | DRU4 [-495:7:-5, 9:7:247] |
| DRU5 [-497:7:-7, 7:7:245] | DRU6 [-494:7:-4, 10:7:248] |  |  |
| 242-tone DRU i=1:3 | DRU1  [-499:7:-9, 5:7:243, -496:7:-6, 8:7:246, -458:21:-38, 25:21:193] | | DRU2  [-498:7:-8, 6:7:244, -495:7:-5, 9:7:247, -451:21:-31, 32:21:200] | |
| DRU3  [-497:7:-7, 7:7:245, -494:7:-4,10:7:248, -444:21:-24, 39:21:207] | |  | |

[Motion #296, [264] and [319]]

* Data and pilot subcarrier indices for DRUs in an 80 MHz UHR PPDU are defined in following table:

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Data and pilot subcarrier indices for Distributed Tone RUs (DRUs) in a 80 MHz UHR TB PPDU** | | | | |
| **DRU type** | **DRU index and subcarrier range** | | | |
| 52-tone DRU i=1:16 | DRU1 [-483:36:-51, 17:36:449],[-467:36:-35, 33:36:465] | DRU2 [-475:36:-43, 25:36:457],[-459:36:-27, 41:36:473] | DRU3 [-479:36:-47, 21:36:453],[-463:36:-31, 37:36:469] | DRU4 [-471:36:-39, 29:36:461],[-455:36:-23, 45:36:477] |
| DRU5 [-477:36:-45, 23:36:455],[-461:36:-29, 39:36:471] | DRU6 [-469:36:-37, 31:36:463],[-453:36:-21, 47:36:479] | DRU7 [-481:36:-49, 19:36:451],[-465:36:-33, 35:36:467] | DRU8 [-473:36:-41, 27:36:459],[-457:36:-25, 43:36:475] |
| DRU9 [-482:36:-50, 18:36:450],[-466:36:-34, 34:36:466] | DRU10 [-474:36:-42, 26:36:458],[-458:36:-26, 42:36:474] | DRU11 [-478:36:-46, 22:36:454],[-462:36:-30, 38:36:470] | DRU12 [-470:36:-38, 30:36:462],[-454:36:-22, 46:36:478] |
| DRU13 [-476:36:-44, 24:36:456],[-460:36:-28, 40:36:472] | DRU14 [-468:36:-36, 32:36:464],[-452:36:-20,48:36:480] | DRU15 [-480:36:-48, 20:36:452],[-464:36:-32, 36:36:468] | DRU16 [-472:36:-40, 28:36:460],[-456:36:-24, 44:36:476] |
| 106-tone DRU i=1:8 | DRU1 52-tone [DRU1~2], [-495, 485] | DRU2 52-tone [DRU3~4],[-491, 489] | DRU3 52-tone [DRU5~6],[-489, 491] | DRU4 52-tone [DRU7~8],[-493, 487] |
| DRU5 52-tone [DRU9~10],[-494, 486] | DRU6 52-tone [DRU11~12],[-490,490] | DRU7 52-tone [DRU13~14],[-488,492] | DRU8 52-tone [DRU15~16],[-492,488] |
| 242-tone DRU i=1:4 | DRU1 [-499:4:-19, 17:4:497] | | DRU2 [-497:4:-17, 19:4:499] | |
| DRU3 [-498:4:-18, 18:4:498] | | DRU4 [-496:4:-16, 20:4:500] | |
| 484-tone DRU i=1:2 | DRU1 [-499:2:-17, 17:2:499] | | DRU2 [-498:2:-16, 18:2:500] | |

[Motion #58, [1] and [33]]

* DRUs on frequency subblocks of wide bandwidth PPDU should be defined as DRUs on 20MHz, 40MHz and 80MHz PPDU with the following constant shifts

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Frequency Subblock Size** | **BW80** | **BW160** | **BW320** |
| 20MHz | [-380,-133,132,379] | [-892,-645,-380,-133,132,379,644,891] | [ -1916, -1669, -1404, -1157, -892, -645, -380,  -133, 132, 379, 644, 891, 1156, 1403, 1668, 1915] |
| 40MHz | [-256, 256] | [-768,-256,256,768] | [-1792,-1280,-768,-256,256,768,1280,1792] |
| 80MHz | 0 | [-512,512] | [-1536,-512,512,1536] |

[Motion #60, [1] and [163]]

* The constant shift value defined in the 80 MHz frequency subblock is used for DBW60.

[Motion #321, [264] and [333, 334]]

### L-preamble

* If a DRU for a PPDU occupies more than one 20 MHz channel, then the L-STF, L-LTF, L-SIG, and RL-SIG fields are duplicated over all the 20 MHz channels which are occupied by the DRU.

[Motion #21, [1] and [37]]

### UHR-STF

* Global CSD is used for DRU UHR-STF transmission to solve unintentional beamforming issue
* Global CSD is applied in each distribution BW

[Motion #15, [1] and [34]]

* DRU transmission reuses the 8 CSD table/values in 11ax/be for global CSD allocation

[Motion #16, [1] and [34]]

* In DRU transmission, global CSD provides CSD start index i for each DRU. If Nss for this DRU is larger than 1, then it will use CSD[mod(i: i+Nss-1, 8)] for each SS.

[Motion #70, [1] and [167]]

* The UHR-STF for DRU in a TB PPDU uses 11ax/11be trigger based STF sequences.

[Motion #18, [1] and [35]]

* For UHR-STF corresponding to DBW for DRU,
  + STF sequence depends on PPDU BW.
  + Occupied STF tones are the same as that of the largest RRU corresponding to the DBW within PPDU BW.

[Motion #19, [1] and [35]]

* The occupied STFs tones of UHR-STF for DRU on DBW60 are the same as that of the largest MRU (i.e., 484+242) corresponding to the distribution BW 60 MHz within the PPDU BW.

[Motion #323, [264] and [334]

* DRU index based global CSD start index assignment will be used for DRU UHR-STF transmission
* Global CSD start index assignment for DRU UHR-STF transmission will be based on the following table

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRU size | Global CSD starting index for DBW 20MHz |
| DRU26, i=1:9 | {1,2,3,4,5,5,6,7,8} |
| DRU52, i=1:4 | {2,4,6,8} |
| DRU106, i=1:2 | {3,7} |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRU size | Global CSD starting index for DBW 40MHz |
| DRU26, i=1:18 | {1,5,2,6,3,3,7,4,8,1,5,2,6,7,3,7,4,8} |
| DRU52, i=1:8 | {1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8} |
| DRU106, i=1:4 | {2,4,6,8} |
| DRU242, i=1:2 | {3,7} |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRU size | Global CSD starting index for DBW 80MHz |
| DRU52, i=1:16 | {1,5,2,6,3,7,4,8,1,5,2,6,3,7,4,8} |
| DRU106, i=1:8 | {1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8} |
| DRU242, i=1:4 | {2,4,6,8} |
| DRU484, i=1:2 | {3,7} |

[Motion #59, [1] and [162]]

* DRU CSD start index assignment for DBW60 is defined as below:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRU size | CSD starting index for DBW60 |
| DRU52, *i*=1:12 | {1, 5, 2, 6, 3, 7, 4, 8, 1, 5, 2, 6} |
| DRU106, *i*=1:6 | { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6} |
| DRU242, *i*=1:3 | { 2, 4, 6} |

[Motion #324, [264] and 334, 333]]

* For distributed transmission, apply global CSD to UHR-STF only, and UHR-LTF and data still apply local per stream CSD, just like RRU

[Motion #238, [264] and [277]]

### UHR-LTF

* In mixed RRU and DRU transmission the RRU LTF follows the exact same rule as if there is no DRU. The DRU LTF sequence depends on the DBW.

[Motion #67, [1] and [167]]

* DRU only uses 4x LTF.

[Motion #69, [1] and [167]]

* For a DRU transmission, a new 4x UHR-LTF sequence is defined in each DBW
  + A 4x UHR-LTF sequence has coefficients on all tones overlapped with DRU tones defined in each DBW.

[Motion #85, [1] and [172]]

* In a PPDU using DRUs, a UHR-LTF sequence corresponding to the DBW of the DRUs is used regardless of the PPDU bandwidth

[Motion #86, [1] and [172]]

* The following design for 20MHz 4xLTF for DRU:
  + LTF-122:122 = [ ...

0 0 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 ...

+1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 ...

+1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 ...

-1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 0 0 0 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 ...

+1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 ...

+1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 ...

+1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 0 0 ];

* Motion #107, [1] and [181]]
* The 40MHz DBW 4xLTF sequence design for DRU is the following.
  + LTF-244:244=[-1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 0 0 0 0 0 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1]

Motion #109, [1] and [182]]

* 4xLTF sequence for DRU of 60MHz DBW is defined as follows

=[0 1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 0 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 0 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 0 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 0 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 0 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 -1 1 0 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 0 1 1 1 1 -1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 0 1 1 1 -1 1 1 0 1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 -1 0 1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 0 -1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 0 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 0 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 0 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 0 0 0 0 0]

[Motion #322, [264] and [335]]

* The following design for 80MHz 4xLTF for DRU

LTF-500:500 = [ ...

0 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 ...

-1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 ...

-1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 ...

+1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 ...

-1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 ...

-1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 ...

+1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 ...

-1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 ...

+1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 ...

+1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 ...

-1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 ...

+1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...

0 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 ...

-1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 ...

+1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 ...

-1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 ...

+1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 ...

+1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 ...

-1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 ...

-1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 ...

+1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 ...

-1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 ...

+1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1 +1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 -1 +1 +1 +1 ...

+1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 -1 -1 +1 -1 ];

Motion #108, [1] and [181]]

### Pilot

* TGbn supports hierarchical pilot structure for DRU
  + Pilot locations of a larger DRU is a subset of pilot locations of smaller component DRUs within the same PPDU BW

[Motion #5, [1] and [12]]

* The number of pilot tones for the same size DRU and RRU is the same
  + The RRU means the existing RU defined in 11ax and 11be

[Motion #6, [1] and [13]]

* DRU transmission uses single stream pilots in both LTF and data portion

[Motion #68, [1] and [167]]

* The following pilot index table from hierarchical uniform pilot structure of distance of 11 will be used for distributed transmission over 20MHz.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Pilot indices for DRU transmission over 20MHz** | |
| dRU size | *KdRxx\_i* |
| dRU26, i = 1:9 | {-111 15}, {-89 37}, {-100 26}, {-78 48}, {-67 59}, {-56 70}, {-34 92}, {-45 81}, {-23 103} |
| dRU52, i = 1:4 | {-111 -89 15 37}, {-100 -78 26 48}, {-56 -34 70 92}, {-45 -23 81 103} |
| dRU106, i = 1:2 | {-111 -78 15 48}, {-56 -23 70 103} |

[Motion #71, [1] and [167]]

* The following pilot index table from hierarchical uniform pilot structure of distance of 11 will be used for distributed transmission over 40MHz.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Pilot indices for DRU transmission over 40MHz** | |
| dRU size | *KdRxx\_i* |
| dRU26, i = 1:18 | {-224 28}, {-125 127}, {-202 50}, {-103 149}, {-81 171}, {-114 138}, {-213 39}, {-92 160}, {-191 61}, {-169 83}, {-70 182}, {-147 105}, {-48 204}, {-180 72}, {-59 193}, {-158 94}, {-37 215}, {-136 116} |
| dRU52, i = 1:8 | {-224 -125 28 127}, {-202 -103 50 149}, {-213 -114 39 138}, {-191 -92 61 160},  {-169 -70 83 182}, {-147 -48 105 204}, {-158 -59 94 193}, {-136 -37 116 215} |
| dRU106, i = 1:4 | {-224 -103 28 149}, {-213 -92 39 160}, {-169 -48 83 204}, {-158 -37 94 215} |
| dRU242, i = 1:2 | {-224 -213 -103 -92 28 39 149 160}, {-169 -158 -48 -37 83 94 204 215} |

[Motion #72, [1] and [167]]

* Pilot subcarrier indices for DRUs in an 60 MHz DBW are defined in following table:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **DRU size** | **Pilot indices** |
| 52-tone DRU  i=1:12 | {-373 -219 -65 159}, {-450 -296 -142 82}, {-412 -258 -104 120}, {-335 -181 -27 197}, {-386 -232 -78 146}, {-463 -309 -155 69}, {-425 -271 -117 107}, {-348 -194 -40 184}, {-399 -245 -91 133}, {-476 -322 -168 56}, {-438 -284 -130 94}, {-361 -207 -53 171}, |
| 106-tone DRU  i=1:6 | {-450 -296 -142 82}, {-335 -181 -27 197}, {-463 -309 -155 69}, {-348 -194 -40 184}, {-476 -322 -168 56}, {-361 -207 -53 171}, |
| 242-tone DRU  i=1:3 | {-450 -335 -296 -181 -142 -27 82 197}, {-463 -348 -309 -194 -155 -40 69 184}, {-476 -361 -322 -207 -168 -53 56 171}, |

[Motion #297, [264] and [319]]

* The following pilot index table from hierarchical uniform pilot structure of distance of 11 will be used for distributed transmission over 80MHz.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Pilot indices for DRU transmission over 80MHz | |
| dRU size | *KdRxx\_i* |
| dRU52, i = 1:16 | {-447  -359    53   141}, {-403  -315    97   185},    {-227  -139   273   361}, {-183   -95   317   405},   {-425  -117    75   383}, {-381   -73   119   427},     {-337  -249   163   251}, {-293  -205   207   295},  {-194  -106   306   394}, {-150   -62   350   438},     {-370  -282   130   218}, {-326  -238   174   262},   {-260  -172   240   328}, {-216  -128   284   372},     {-392   -84   108   416}, {-436  -348    64   152} |
| dRU106, i = 1:8 | {-403  -315    97   185}, {-227  -139   273   361},       {-381  -117   119   383}, {-293  -205   207   295},     {-150   -62   350   438}, {-326  -238   174   262},       {-260  -172   240   328}, {-348   -84   152   416} |
| dRU242, i = 1:4 | {-403  -315  -227  -139    97   185   273   361},         {-381  -293  -205  -117   119   207   295   383},         {-326  -238  -150   -62   174   262   350   438},          {-348  -260  -172   -84   152   240   328   416} |
| dRU484, i = 1:2 | {-403  -381  -315  -293  -227  -205  -139  -117    97   119   185   207   273   295   361   383},                        {-348  -326  -260  -238  -172  -150   -84   -62   152   174   240   262   328   350   416   438} |

[Motion #73, [1] and [167]]

## Unequal modulation and new MCS

### General

* TGbn defines unequal modulation (UEQM) over different spatial streams.

[Motion #23, [1] and [39]]

* UHR defines unequal modulation only for LDPC.

[Motion #53, [1] and [159]]

* Introduce new MCSs which are applicable to single spatial stream transmissions, as well as to equal modulation and unequal modulation cases in multiple spatial stream transmissions.

[Motion #34, [1] and [86]]

* For 4 SS, the UEQM patterns only include:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1st ss | 2nd SS | 3rd SS | 4th SS |
| M | M | M | M-1 |
| M | M | M | M-2 |
| M | M | M-1 | M-2 |
| M | M-1 | M-1 | M-2 |

Note: M is the constellation index; M-1 refers to the constellation that is one order lower than M; M-2 refers to the constellation that is two orders lower than M.

[Motion #39, [1] and [90]]

* UEQM patterns for Nss=3 are limited to three:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 1st ss | 2nd SS | 3rd SS |
| M | M | M-1 |
| M | M | M-2 |
| M | M-1 | M-2 |

Note: M is the constellation index; M-1 refers to the constellation that is one order lower than M; M-2 refers to the constellation that is two orders lower than M.

[Motion #43, [1] and [92]]

* UEQM patterns for Nss=2 are limited to two as:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1st ss | 2nd SS |
| M | M-1 |
| M | M-2 |

Note: M is the constellation index; M-1 refers to the constellation that is one order lower than M; M-2 refers to the constellation that is two orders lower than M.

[Motion #52, [1] and [159]]

* Add the following modulation and code rate combinations as the new MCSs for 11bn:
  + Modulations of {QPSK, 16QAM, 256QAM} with code rate R=2/3
  + Modulation of 16QAM with code rate R=5/6

[Motion #42, [1] and [86]]

* UHR defines unequal modulation which uses joint LDPC encoding across multiple spatial streams while at least one spatial stream uses a different modulation order compared to the first spatial stream, and is applicable only to non-MU-MIMO beamformed transmissions using 2 to 4 spatial streams in a UHR MU PPDU.

[Motion #117, [1] and [159, 186, 187]]

* Exclude BPSK from UHR UEQM.

[Motion #199, [264] and [267, 268]]

* Include 4096-QAM in UHR UEQM.

[Motion #200, [264] and [267]]

* Mandatory support MCSs of QPSK with code rate 2/3; 16QAM with code rate 2/3; 16QAM with code rate 5/6; 256QAM with code rate 2/3.
  + Support for 256QAM with code rate 2/3 for 20MHz only devices isoptional.

[Motion #216, [264] and [274, 275]]

[Motion #319, [264] and [332]]

### Signaling

* For a (non-ELR) UHR MU PPDU, there exists a 1-bit EQM/UEQM indication in a User field for non-MU-MIMO in the UHR-SIG field.

[Motion #40, [1] and [91]]

* For a (non-ELR) UHR MU PPDU, when EQM/UEQM indicates UEQM in a User field for non-MU-MIMO, there exists a MCS field, a NSS field and a 2 bit field indicating UEQM patterns.

[Motion #84, [1] and [171]]

### Segment Parser

* Reuse HT stream parser for UHR UEQM with the following restrictions and extension

  + , for
  + The encoder type is LDPC

[Motion #201, [264] and [267, 269]]

## Enhanced long range extension

### General

* TGbn defines Enhanced Long Range (ELR) PPDU and potentially other Range Extension mechanisms.

[Motion #24, [1] and [40]]

* Define an ELR PPDU in IEEE 802.11bn with the following targets
  + Downlink and Uplink in 2.4 GHz (within BSS range with 11b beacon)
  + Uplink only in 5 GHz and 6 GHz bands
  + Minimum data rate is greater than or equal to 1.5 Mbps
* [Motion #74, [1] and [168]]
* The BW of ELR PPDU is 20MHz and one Spatial stream is used for ELR transmission.

[Motion #92, [1] and [175]]

* In the ELR transmission, a repeating of 52-tone RRU is used in 20MHz.
  + The same data is repeated in four 52-tone RRUs in 20 MHz.
  + The subcarrier allocation of 52-tone RRU equals the 52-tone RU defined in 11be.

[Motion #93, [1] and [175]]

### PPDU format

* 11bn defines the following PPDU frame format for ELR
  + PE TBD

L-SIG

RL-SIG

ELR-Data

L-LTF

L-STF

ELR-mark2

ELR-mark1

ELR-STF

ELR-LTF

ELR-SIG

U-SIG1

U-SIG2

[Motion #81, [1] and [170]]

### L-preamble

* ELR PPDU starts with L-STF, L-LTF, L-SIG, RL-SIG, and U-SIG in the PPDU for the ELR transmission.
* [Motion #32, [1] and [84]]

NOTE from the editor: There is no L-preabmle terminology in Draft P802.11 REVme D7.0.

* In ELR PPDU, STA boosts L-STF and L-LTF by 3 dB
  + For UL, non-AP STA corrects CFO before transmission
  + NOTE: Non-AP STA pre-correction CFO requirement for residual CFO is TBD

[Motion #75, [1] and [168]]

* ELR packet detection is done at L-STF, which has same length as legacy with 3dB power boosting
  + L-LTF also has same length as legacy with same power boosting as L-STF

[Motion #78, [1] and [170]]

### U-SIG field

* In the U-SIG field of a UHR ELR PPDU, the PHY Version Identifier is set to 1. And the PPDU Type And Compression Mode is used to indicate ELR PPDU.

[Motion #33, [1] and [85]]

* U-SIG carries STA-ID in ELR PPDU.

[Motion #79, [1] and [170]]

* The U-SIG field in ELR PPDU consists of 2 OFDM symbols and includes the same version independent fields defined in the U-SIG field of EHT PPDU
* The details for the version dependent fields are TBD.

[Motion #91, [1] and [174]]

* The contents of the U-SIG field in ELR PPDU is defined as follows.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Two parts of U-SIG** | **Field** | **Bit Pos** | **Bits** |
| **U-SIG-1** | PHY Version Identifier | B0-B2 | 3 |
| Bandwidth | B3-B5 | 3 |
| UL/DL | B6 | 1 |
| BSS Color | B7-B12 | 6 |
| TXOP | B13-B19 | 7 |
| Disregard | B20-B24 | 5 |
| Validate | B25 | 1 |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Two parts of U-SIG** | **Field** | **Bit Pos** | **Bits** |
| **U-SIG-2** | PPDU Type And Compression Mode | B0-B1 | 2 |
| STA-ID | B2-B12 | 11 |
| ELR Validate bits | B13-B15 | 3 |
| CRC | B16-B19 | 4 |
| Tail | B20-B25 | 6 |

* + ELR PPDU indication: PPDU Type And Compression Mode set to ‘11’.
  + STA-ID (11 bit): B2-B12 bit in U-SIG-2.
  + ELR Validate bits (B13-B15 of USIG-2): Set to all ‘1’ for ELR PPDU.
  + Note: B11-B15 – in EHT MU PPDU indicates “Number of EHT-SIG symbols”, and in UHR MU PPDU indicates “Number of UHR-SIG symbols”

### ELR-Mark field

* Define two ELR-Mark symbols for ELR mode classification
  + ELR-Mark symbols carry a known sequence to receiver
  + ELR-Mark symbols carry BSS color info in ELR-Mark sequence
  + No power boosting on ELR-Mark symbols
  + Two ELR-Mark symbols are both QBPSK modulated on data subcarriers
  + ELR-Mark symbols use the following tone plan
    - 4 regular pilots as EHT-SIG + 48 data tones

[Motion #80, [1] and [170]]

* ELR Mark symbols will be composed of two 1x OFDM symbols. Each symbol will have a duration of 4μS (3.2μS + GI=0.8μS).

[Motion #104, [1] and [180]]

* ELR Mark symbols will have the following tone mapping:
  + The 48 data tones are Q-BPSK mapped
  + The pilots follow BPSK mapping (polarity -1 applied to [1,1,1,-1]).

[Motion #105, [1] and [180]]

* Adopt the ELR Mark sequence design as described by the matrix H in 24/1571r2. The detailed design is as follows.
  + 𝐻́  = [𝐻 𝐻𝕁; 𝐻 -𝐻𝕁], where 𝕁 is the exchange matrix of size 48x48

H=[

-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1

1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1

-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1

-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1

-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1

1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1

1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,-1

-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1

1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,-1

-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1

-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1

-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1

1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1

-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1

-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1

-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1

1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,-1

-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1

-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1

1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1

1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,-1

1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,-1

-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1

1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,-1

-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1

-1,1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1

1,1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1

1,1,1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,-1

1,-1,1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1

1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,1,1,-1,1,1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,-1,1,-1,1,-1,-1,1,1,1,1,-1,-1]

A number and numbers with a white background

Description automatically generated with medium confidence

The 64x96 Q-BPSK-ELR-mark Matrix, H́

A cross stitch pattern of a grid

Description automatically generated with medium confidence

[Motion #106, [1] and [180]]

### ELR-STF

* ELR PPDU has 3dB boosting applied on ELR-STF
  + ELR PPDU has ELR-STF duration and sequence same as that of UHR DL SU/MU PPDU
    - 4us using EHT-STF sequence for 20MHz

Note that ELR-STF is the short names of UHR-STF for ELR PPDU

[Motion #82, [1] and [170]]

### ELR-LTF

* ELR PPDU has 3dB boosting applied on ELR-LTF
* ELR PPDU defines a fixed/single mode of LTF+GI
  + 11bn supports 2x LTF+1.6us GI only for ELR PPDU
  + 11bn uses two UHR-LTF symbols for ELR PPDU

Note that ELR-LTF is the short names of UHR-LTF for ELR PPDU

[Motion #82, [1] and [170]]

### ELR-SIG field

* ELR-SIG is located right after ELR-LTF in ELR PPDU.
  + Note that ELR-LTF is the short name of UHR-LTF for ELR PPDU

[Motion #36, [1] and [88]]

* ELR PPDU defines two symbols for ELR-SIG, specifically
  + ELR PPDU defines separately encoded two symbols for ELR-SIG
    - Each symbol has separate CRC and tail bits (6 bits)
  + ELR-SIG has same tone plan and duplication scheme as ELR-data and BCC encoded with MCS0

[Motion #83, [1] and [170]]

* ELR-SIG will use the following two OFDM symbols design.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ELR-SIG-1 | B0 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4-B12 | B13 | B14-B17 | B18-B23 |
| ELR-version  (0 for UHR ELR PPDU) | UL/DL | MCS | Coding | Length  (number of OFDM data symbols -1) | LDPC extra OFDM symbol | CRC | Tail |
| ELR-SIG-2 | B0-B10 | | | | B11-B13 | | B14-B17 | B18-B23 |
| STA-ID | | | | Reserved (Disregard) | | CRC | Tail |

[Motion #95, [1] and [176]]

* Pilot values and mapping rules of ELR-SIG in ELR PPDU are the same as that of four RRU52 in DL OFDMA

[Motion #110, [1] and [183]]

### Data field

* ELR PPDU only supports the following two modulation and coding schemes:
  + BPSK with coding rate R=1/2
  + QPSK with coding rate R=1/2

[Motion #76, [1] and [169]]

* ELR transmission shall apply the phase rotations as below for both BPSK and QPSK modulations
  + The rotation of -1 will be applied on data subcarriers of lower half of RU3 and upper half of RU4 for 52-tone regular RU (RRU52) on 20MHz



[Motion #77, [1] and [169]]

* ELR LDPC rate matching will reuse the existing 802.11ac LDPC rate matching with 1-bit LDPC extra OFDM symbol indication.

[Motion #94, [1] and [176]]

* Pilot values and mapping rules of Data symbols in ELR PPDU are the same as that of four RRU52 in DL OFDMA

[Motion #110, [1] and [183]]

## Interference mitigation

* Define a mode with additional pilots, located within the data portion of the PPDU, which are used for interference estimation and mitigation.
  + Note: zero-energy pilots alternative to be considered as well
* [Motion #35, [1] and [87]]
* The Interference Mitigation feature is only defined with LDPC.

[Motion #245, [264] and [279]]

* For each bandwidth, there is a fixed number of IM pilots (value TBD).

[Motion #246, [264] and [279]]

* Within any transmission that uses IM pilots, they are used in every data OFDM symbol and in the same corresponding subcarriers positions, for a given BW.

[Motion #247, [264] and [279]]

* The LDPC Dtm equation for IM-mode is defined as
  +  , where 𝛾 = static, CBW-specific offset amount
  + The term 𝛾 in the LDPC Dtm equation for IM-mode is defined to be  , or equivalently:
    - 4 for CBW20
    - 4 for CBW40
    - 5 for CBW80 and above

[Motion #497, [264] and [415]]

* When IM is used, the LDPC tone mapper operates on both data and IM pilot tones.

[Motion #498, [264] and [416]]

* The IM pilots are located contiguously at the input to the LDPC tone mapper, before the data QAMs.

[Motion #499, [264] and [416]]

* The number of IM pilots is
  + 26 for a 242-tone RU
  + 52 for a 484-tone RU
  + 98 for a 996-tone RU
  + 2x98 for a 2x996-tone RU
  + 4x98 for a 4x996-tone RU

[Motion #500, [264] and [416]]

* IM pilots are only applied for non-punctured/full bandwidth SU transmission.

[Motion #506, [264] and [419]]

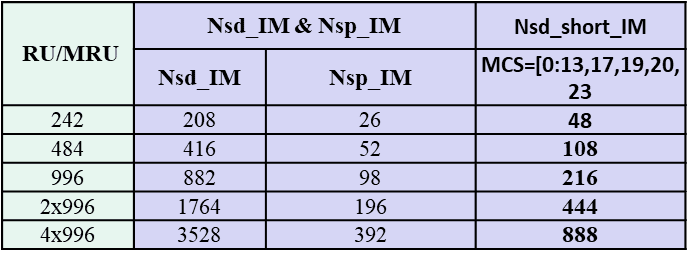
* When IM is applied, the value of D\_TM for LDPC tone mapper is as below:
  + 9 for 242-tone RU for non-DCM，
  + 9 for 484-tone RU for non-DCM，
  + 10 for 996-tone RU for non-DCM (same value is used for each 80MHz frequency subblock when PPDU bandwidth is 160MHz and 320MHz)

[Motion #507, [264] and [419]]

* IM pilots have values of 0’s (i.e. Zero-Energy).

[Motion #508, [264] and [419]]

* Nsd\_short values when IM pilots are applied are as shown in the Table below



[Motion #509, [264] and [419]]

* The number of spatial streams is defined as below if IM is used:
  + For DL: limited to one spatial stream

[Motion #510, [264] and [419]]

* IM is not applicable when MCS 15 is used.

[Motion #511, [264] and [419]]

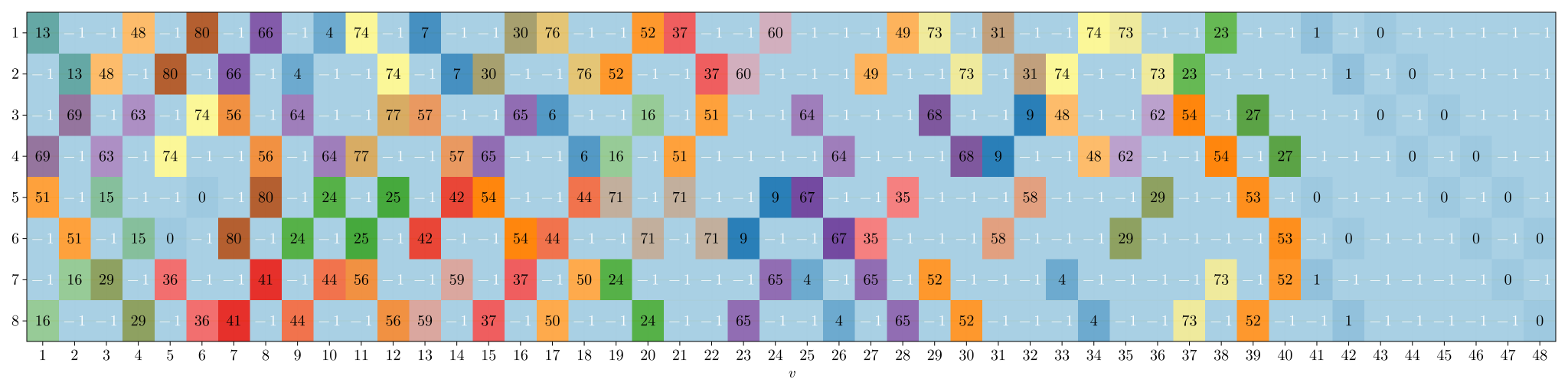
## LDPC enhancement

* Define LDPC codeword length larger than 1944, including 2x1944

[Motion #25, [1] and [41]]

* 802.11bn specification supports LDPC codes with block-length of 3888 bits
  + The supported code rates will be 1/2, 2/3, 3/4 and 5/6
  + The parity matrix representation of these LDPC codes are as follows:

3888-LDPC E(H): R=5/6:



[13,-1,-1,48,-1,80,-1,66,-1,4,74,-1,7,-1,-1,30,76,-1,-1,52,37,-1,-1,60,-1,-1,-1,49,73,-1,31,-1,-1,74,73,-1,-1,23,-1,-1,1,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

-1,13,48,-1,80,-1,66,-1,4,-1,-1,74,-1,7,30,-1,-1,76,52,-1,-1,37,60,-1,-1,-1,49,-1,-1,73,-1,31,74,-1,-1,73,23,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1

-1,69,-1,63,-1,74,56,-1,64,-1,-1,77,57,-1,-1,65,6,-1,-1,16,-1,51,-1,-1,64,-1,-1,-1,68,-1,-1,9,48,-1,-1,62,54,-1,27,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1

69,-1,63,-1,74,-1,-1,56,-1,64,77,-1,-1,57,65,-1,-1,6,16,-1,51,-1,-1,-1,-1,64,-1,-1,-1,68,9,-1,-1,48,62,-1,-1,54,-1,27,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1

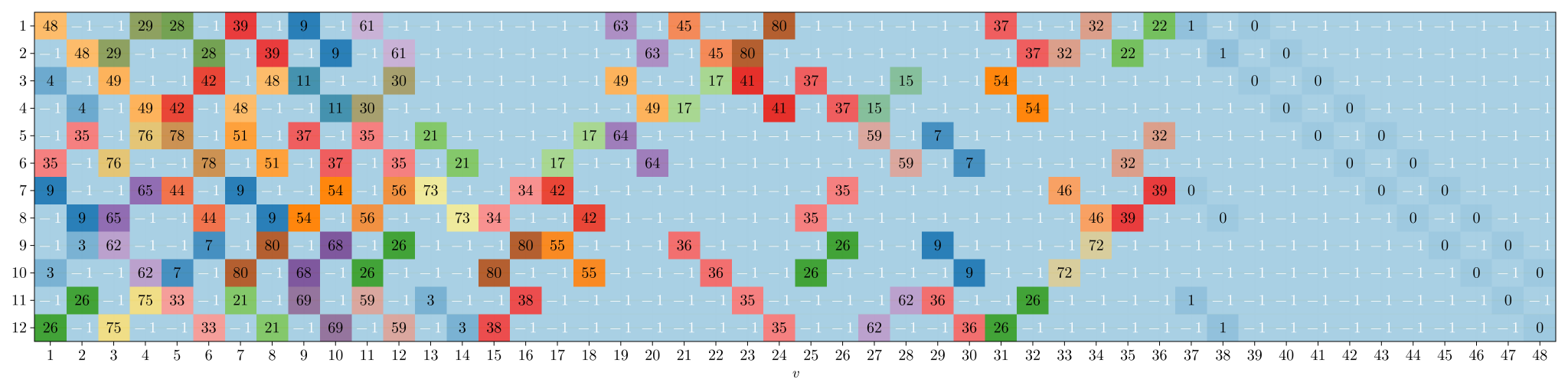
51,-1,15,-1,-1,0,-1,80,-1,24,-1,25,-1,42,54,-1,-1,44,71,-1,71,-1,-1,9,67,-1,-1,35,-1,-1,-1,58,-1,-1,-1,29,-1,-1,53,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1

-1,51,-1,15,0,-1,80,-1,24,-1,25,-1,42,-1,-1,54,44,-1,-1,71,-1,71,9,-1,-1,67,35,-1,-1,-1,58,-1,-1,-1,29,-1,-1,-1,-1,53,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0

-1,16,29,-1,36,-1,-1,41,-1,44,56,-1,-1,59,-1,37,-1,50,24,-1,-1,-1,-1,65,4,-1,65,-1,52,-1,-1,-1,4,-1,-1,-1,-1,73,-1,52,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1

16,-1,-1,29,-1,36,41,-1,44,-1,-1,56,59,-1,37,-1,50,-1,-1,24,-1,-1,65,-1,-1,4,-1,65,-1,52,-1,-1,-1,4,-1,-1,73,-1,52,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0]

3888-LDPC E(H): R=3/4:



[48,-1,-1,29,28,-1,39,-1,9,-1,61,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,63,-1,45,-1,-1,80,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,37,-1,-1,32,-1,22,1,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

-1,48,29,-1,-1,28,-1,39,-1,9,-1,61,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,63,-1,45,80,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,37,32,-1,22,-1,-1,1,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

4,-1,49,-1,-1,42,-1,48,11,-1,-1,30,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,49,-1,-1,17,41,-1,37,-1,-1,15,-1,-1,54,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

-1,4,-1,49,42,-1,48,-1,-1,11,30,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,49,17,-1,-1,41,-1,37,15,-1,-1,-1,-1,54,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

-1,35,-1,76,78,-1,51,-1,37,-1,35,-1,21,-1,-1,-1,-1,17,64,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,59,-1,7,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,32,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

35,-1,76,-1,-1,78,-1,51,-1,37,-1,35,-1,21,-1,-1,17,-1,-1,64,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,59,-1,7,-1,-1,-1,-1,32,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1

9,-1,-1,65,44,-1,9,-1,-1,54,-1,56,73,-1,-1,34,42,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,35,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,46,-1,-1,39,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1

-1,9,65,-1,-1,44,-1,9,54,-1,56,-1,-1,73,34,-1,-1,42,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,35,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,46,39,-1,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1

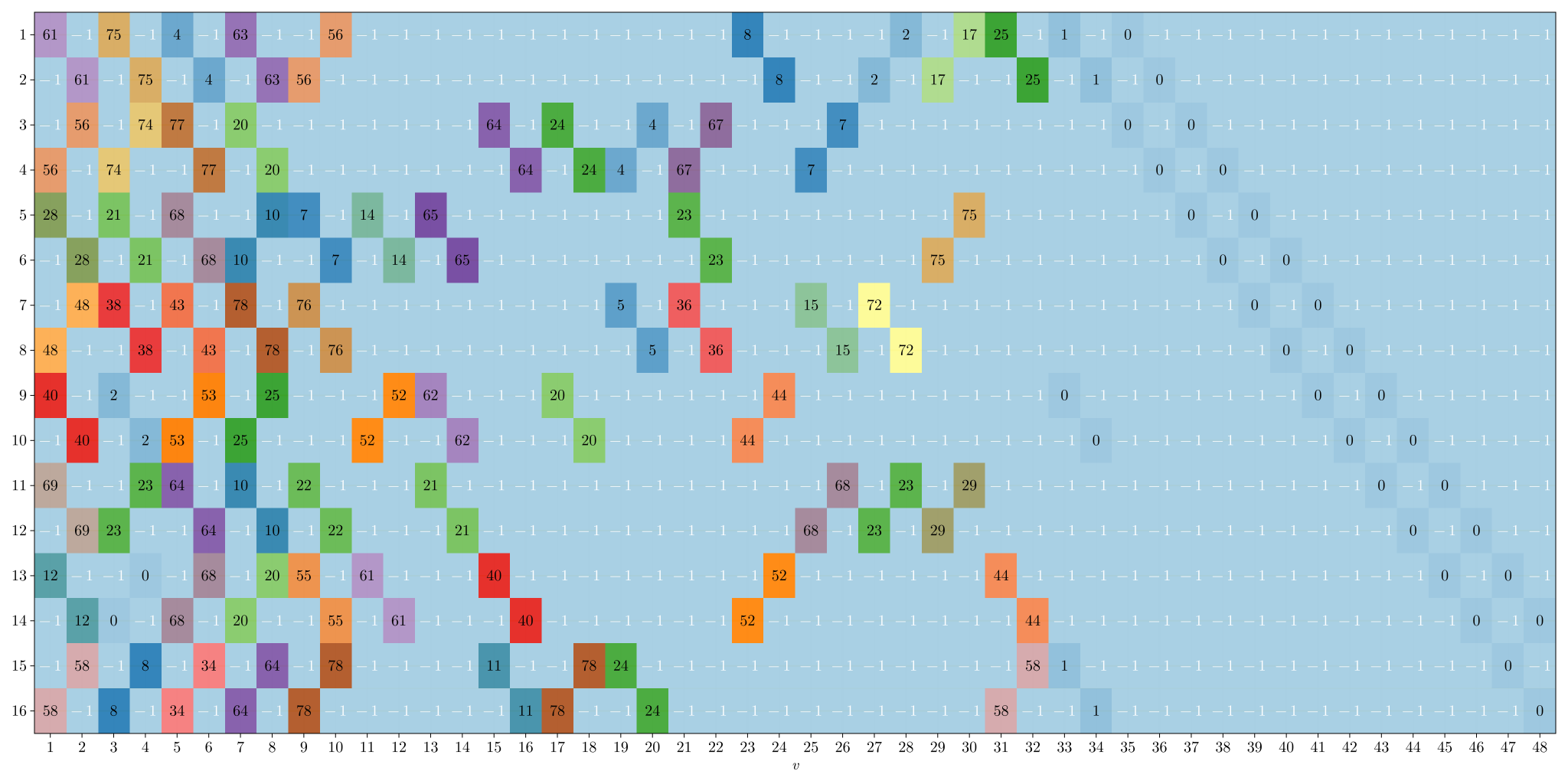
-1,3,62,-1,-1,7,-1,80,-1,68,-1,26,-1,-1,-1,80,55,-1,-1,-1,36,-1,-1,-1,-1,26,-1,-1,9,-1,-1,-1,-1,72,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1

3,-1,-1,62,7,-1,80,-1,68,-1,26,-1,-1,-1,80,-1,-1,55,-1,-1,-1,36,-1,-1,26,-1,-1,-1,-1,9,-1,-1,72,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0

-1,26,-1,75,33,-1,21,-1,69,-1,59,-1,3,-1,-1,38,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,35,-1,-1,-1,-1,62,36,-1,-1,26,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1

26,-1,75,-1,-1,33,-1,21,-1,69,-1,59,-1,3,38,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,35,-1,-1,62,-1,-1,36,26,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0]

3888-LDPC E(H): R=2/3:



[61,-1,75,-1,4,-1,63,-1,-1,56,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,8,-1,-1,-1,-1,2,-1,17,25,-1,1,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

-1,61,-1,75,-1,4,-1,63,56,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,8,-1,-1,2,-1,17,-1,-1,25,-1,1,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

-1,56,-1,74,77,-1,20,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,64,-1,24,-1,-1,4,-1,67,-1,-1,-1,7,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

56,-1,74,-1,-1,77,-1,20,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,64,-1,24,4,-1,67,-1,-1,-1,7,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

28,-1,21,-1,68,-1,-1,10,7,-1,14,-1,65,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,23,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,75,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

-1,28,-1,21,-1,68,10,-1,-1,7,-1,14,-1,65,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,23,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,75,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

-1,48,38,-1,43,-1,78,-1,76,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,5,-1,36,-1,-1,-1,15,-1,72,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

48,-1,-1,38,-1,43,-1,78,-1,76,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,5,-1,36,-1,-1,-1,15,-1,72,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

40,-1,2,-1,-1,53,-1,25,-1,-1,-1,52,62,-1,-1,-1,20,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,44,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

-1,40,-1,2,53,-1,25,-1,-1,-1,52,-1,-1,62,-1,-1,-1,20,-1,-1,-1,-1,44,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1

69,-1,-1,23,64,-1,10,-1,22,-1,-1,-1,21,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,68,-1,23,-1,29,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1

-1,69,23,-1,-1,64,-1,10,-1,22,-1,-1,-1,21,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,68,-1,23,-1,29,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1

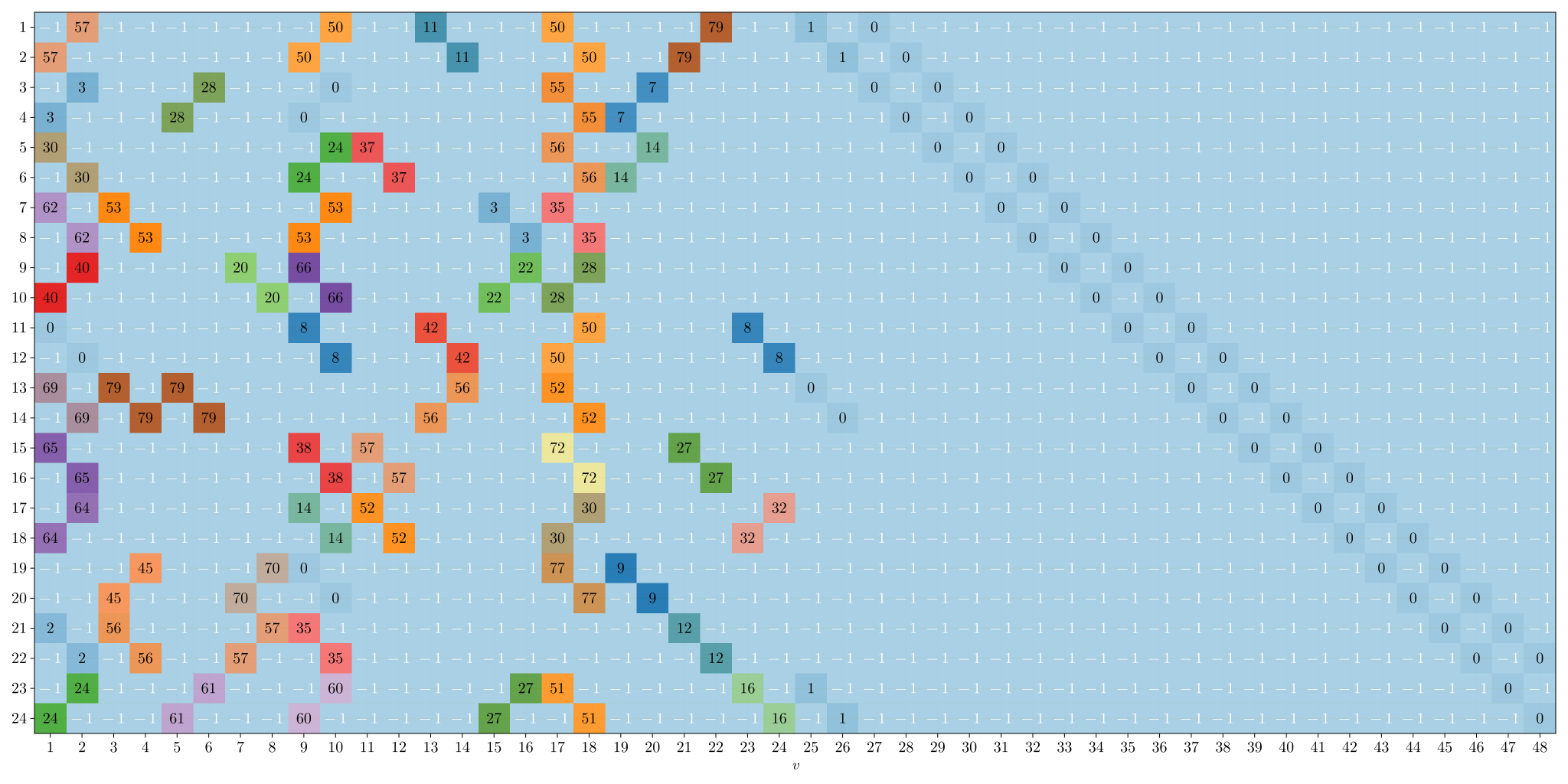
12,-1,-1,0,-1,68,-1,20,55,-1,61,-1,-1,-1,40,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,52,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,44,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1

-1,12,0,-1,68,-1,20,-1,-1,55,-1,61,-1,-1,-1,40,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,52,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,44,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0

-1,58,-1,8,-1,34,-1,64,-1,78,-1,-1,-1,-1,11,-1,-1,78,24,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,58,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1

58,-1,8,-1,34,-1,64,-1,78,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,11,78,-1,-1,24,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,58,-1,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0]

3888-LDPC E(H): R=1/2:



[-1,57,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,50,-1,-1,11,-1,-1,-1,50,-1,-1,-1,-1,79,-1,-1,1,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

57,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,50,-1,-1,-1,-1,11,-1,-1,-1,50,-1,-1,79,-1,-1,-1,-1,1,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

-1,3,-1,-1,-1,28,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,55,-1,-1,7,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

3,-1,-1,-1,28,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,55,7,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

30,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,24,37,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,56,-1,-1,14,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

-1,30,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,24,-1,-1,37,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,56,14,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

62,-1,53,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,53,-1,-1,-1,-1,3,-1,35,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

-1,62,-1,53,-1,-1,-1,-1,53,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,3,-1,35,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

-1,40,-1,-1,-1,-1,20,-1,66,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,22,-1,28,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

40,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,20,-1,66,-1,-1,-1,-1,22,-1,28,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,8,-1,-1,-1,42,-1,-1,-1,-1,50,-1,-1,-1,-1,8,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,8,-1,-1,-1,42,-1,-1,50,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,8,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

69,-1,79,-1,79,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,56,-1,-1,52,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

-1,69,-1,79,-1,79,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,56,-1,-1,-1,-1,52,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

65,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,38,-1,57,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,72,-1,-1,-1,27,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

-1,65,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,38,-1,57,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,72,-1,-1,-1,27,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

-1,64,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,14,-1,52,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,30,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,32,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1

64,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,14,-1,52,-1,-1,-1,-1,30,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,32,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1

-1,-1,-1,45,-1,-1,-1,70,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,77,-1,9,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1,-1

-1,-1,45,-1,-1,-1,70,-1,-1,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,77,-1,9,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1,-1

2,-1,56,-1,-1,-1,-1,57,35,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,12,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0,-1

-1,2,-1,56,-1,-1,57,-1,-1,35,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,12,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1,0

-1,24,-1,-1,-1,61,-1,-1,-1,60,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,27,51,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,16,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0,-1

24,-1,-1,-1,61,-1,-1,-1,60,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,27,-1,-1,51,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,16,-1,1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,0]

* [Motion #54, [1] and [160]]
* Update the LDPC PPDU encoding parameter table for UHR as below:
  + If FEC coding scheme is LDPC and Navbits ≤ 3888, the 2xLDPC subfield shall be set to 0 and the LDPC codeword length selection shall follow the pre-UHR LDPC procedure, specifically using codeword lengths (648, 1296, or 1944) bits based on the table below

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Range of Navbits (bits)** | **Number of LDPC codewords (NCW)** | **LDPC codeword length LLDPC (bits)** |
| Navbits ≤ 648 | 1 | 1296, if Navbits ≥ Npld+ 912 × (1-R) 648, otherwise |
| 648 < Navbits ≤ 1296 | 1 | 1944, if Navbits ≥ Npld+ 1464 × (1-R) 1296, otherwise |
| 1296 < Navbits ≤ 1944 | 1 | 1944 |
| 1944 < Navbits ≤ 2592 | 2 | 1944, if Navbits ≥ Npld+ 2916 × (1-R) 1296, otherwise |
| 2592 < Navbits <=3888 | 2 | 1944 |
| 3888 < Navbits |  | 3888, if 2xLDPC subfield in User (Info) field is set to 1  1944, Otherwise |

[Motion #55, [1] and [161]]

## Coordinated beamforming (Co-BF) PHY

### General

* Two separate capabilities shall be defined for the maximum number of spatial streams supported for reception of a sounding NDP in UHR and the maximum total number of streams (across all users) supported for reception in UHR DL MU-MIMO and Co-BF PPDUs
  + The only possible values for each capability are 4 and 8.

[Motion #98, [1] and 178]

* In a Co-BF transmission, the maximum number of spatial streams given to one user will be 2.

[Motion #114, [1] and 184]

* For the maximum number of spatial streams supported for reception of sounding NDP in UHR and the maximum total number of streams (across all users) supported for reception in UHR DL MU-MIMO and Co-BF PPDUs:
  + - 4 is mandatory except for a non-AP STA with 20 MHz-Only Limited Capabilities Support subfield equal to 1.
    - 8 is optional for DL MU-MIMO and sounding NDP (Note: More than 4 is not allowed for Co-BF PPDUs

[Motion #115, [1] and 185]

* The Co-BF PPDU’s GI+LTF support and signaling is as follows:
  + Support of following GI+LTF combinations to be mandatory at both AP and STA
    - 2x LTF +0.8us, 2xLTF+1.6us, 4xLTF+3.2us
  + Additionally, 2x LTF+0.8us GI usage for a Co-BF pair is exchanged at the group formation stage
    - Each AP conveys if it can use 2x+0.8us GI for this Co-BF group or not
    - No further last-minute negotiation before Co-BF transmission
  + Invite frame from sharing AP dictates the LTF+GI combination keeping the shared AP’s ability to use 2x LTF+0.8us in mind

[Motion #304, [264] and 321]]

* The user information in the Sync frame and in the UHR-SIG of Co-BF DL PPDU corresponds to all the users that were listed, in the Invite as well as the Response frames
  + Nss for each user in the Invite/Response frame and the corresponding number of spatial streams for the same user interpreted from the spatial configuration in the Sync frame is consistent, i.e., the spatial stream allocation does not change.
  + The MCS and 2xLDPC bits for each user in the Sync frame should be consistent with those in the Response frame

[Motion #469, [264] and [407, 408]]

* In Co-BF, cross-BSS/joint sounding feedback shall use resolution of (9,7) and Ng=4

[Motion #485, [264] and [386]]

### PPDU for Co-BF

* The pre-UHR portion (the portion up-to and including UHR-SIG) of the Co-BF PPDU shall be transmitted in a non-beamformed (omni) manner.

[Motion #111, [1] and [184]]

* The pre-UHR portion of a Co-BF PPDU shall have identical content across two APs.

[Motion #112, [1] and [184]]

* The cyclic shift for pre-UHR modulated fields in UHR MU PPDU used for Co-BF transmission is based on local transmit chain index at each AP.

[Motion #215, [264]]

* Co-BF data transmission shall be indicated in the U-SIG field for IEEE802.11bn

[Motion #113, [1] and [184]]

* LDPC is the only coding mode for Co-BF.

[Motion #173, [1] and [246]]

* 11bn defines an indication to identify the BSS color for Co-BF transmissions.

[Motion #183, [1] and [246, 249]]

* 1-bit indication in the per-user SIG field to resolve the BSS color for Co-BF transmissions.
  + The coding bit is re-purposed for this indication

[Motion #214, [264] and [273, 249]]

* 2 BSS colors are indicated in the preamble of a Co-BF PPDU.
  + One BSS color for the sharing AP and another BSS color for the shared AP.

[Motion #220, [264] and [249]]

* BSS ordering of per-user SIG fields in the preamble of a Co-BF transmission
  + In the cases where the user fields of either BSS may go first while preserving the Nss in non-increasing order, the user fields of the sharing BSS go first

[Motion #305, [264] and [321]]

* In a Co-BF transmission, the per-user-UHR-SIG information of the BSS having the largest NSS for a Scheduled STA (largest being across the STAs of both BSSs) is sent first in the UHR-SIG User field followed by the per-user-UHR-SIG information of the other BSS.
  + Within each BSS, the user information of the larger N\_SS user is sent first

[Motion #315, [264] and [1, 321, 326, 328]]

* Use fixed values for the following fields in the Co-BF transmission
  + UHR-SIG MCS is fixed to MCS0
  + Spatial Reuse is fixed to ‘PSR\_AND\_NON\_SRG\_OBSS\_PD\_PROHIBITED’
  + LDPC Extra Symbol Segment is fixed to 1
  + PE Disambiguity is fixed to 1

[Motion #433, [264] and [393, 326, 322, 323]]

* The Number of UHR-SIG Symbols in Co-BF transmission is equal to the minimum number of UHR-SIG symbols needed to accommodate the UHR-SIG information
  + No extra UHR-SIG symbols will be allowed

[Motion #436, [264] and [393]]

* Use fixed value for the following field in the Co-BF transmission
  + Interference Mitigation is fixed to ‘Disable’

[Motion #437, [264] and [393, 326, 322, 323]]

## Coordinated spatial reuse (Co-SR) PHY

* The maximum number of spatial streams transmitted by each AP in CSR is 4.

[Motion #217, [264]]

* 11bn defines the following modes for co-SR transmission:
  + Mode 1: trigger + same L-SIG contents, could be different U-SIG contents.
    - For UHR+EHT, or EHT+UHR or EHT+EHT co-SR transmission.
    - Provided no changes to non-UHR EHT non-AP STAs are needed.
  + Mode 2: Tigger + same L-SIG contents + same U-SIG contents
    - For UHR+UHR co-SR transmission.
  + For all modes, the two PPDUs will start and end at the same time.
  + UHR PPDU for co-SR transmission will be used for either mode 1 or mode 2 when UHR transmission exists.
    - There exists an indication in U-SIG field to indicate the UHR PPDU is a UHR PPDU for co-SR transmission.

[Motion #252, [264] and [282]]

* In the Co-SR data transmission, the same power level is applied to the whole PPDU.

[Motion #461, [264] and [404]]

* When Co-SR Invite frame indicates 2x LTF type and indicates the intended number of LTF symbols in Co-SR Invite frame, then in the Co-SR Response frame, AP2 could reject the invitation due to the number of LTF limitation.
  + The existence of a rejection reason in the CO-SR Response frame is TBD and if a rejection reason field is adopted in TGbn, the presence of a specific rejection reason for LTF limitation is also TBD

[Motion #472, [264] and [409]]

* “LDPC Extra Symbol Segment is fixed to 1” for all Co-SR modes transmissions that use LDPC.

[Motion #474, [264] and [410]]

* The Co-SR transmissions from the two APs will use an aligned OFDM symbol boundary during the entire PPDUs (both LTF field and data field) and the same number of EHT-SIG or UHR-SIG field symbols
  + No changes to the existing extra-LTF rules shall be made

[Motion #476, [264] and [411]]

* For Co-SR transmissions the UHR or EHT SIG MCS shall be fixed to MCS 0 and the number of UHR or EHT SIG symbols shall be fixed to 2.

[Motion #479, [264] and [411]]

## UHR preambles

### U-SIG field

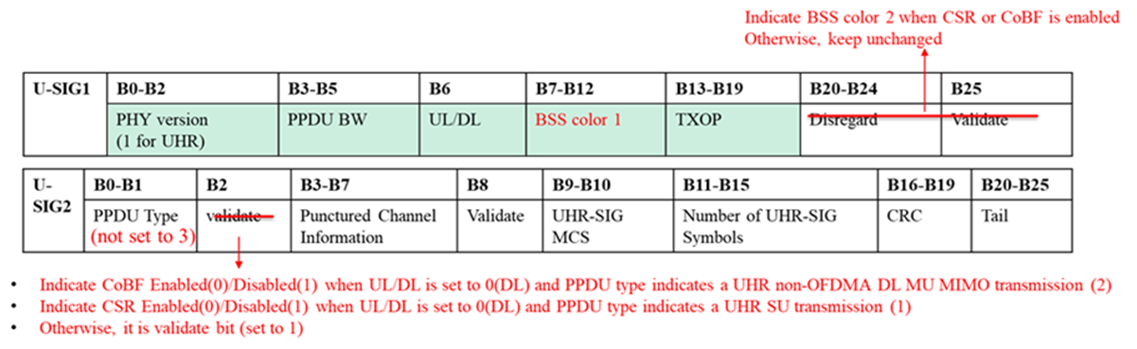
* The UHR TB PPDU, and UHR MU PPDU with DL OFDMA transmission, SU transmission, and DL non-OFDMA MU-MIMO use same combinations of the UL/DL subfield and PPDU Type And Compression Mode subfield values for indication as in EHT

[Motion #175, [1] and [248]]

* Reuse the U-SIG field structure in EHT TB PPDUs for the U-SIG in UHR TB PPDUs
  + PHY Version Identifier is set to 0 or 1 to differentiate EHT or UHR
  + How to set Disregard and Validate bits is TBD

[Motion #176, [1] and [248]]

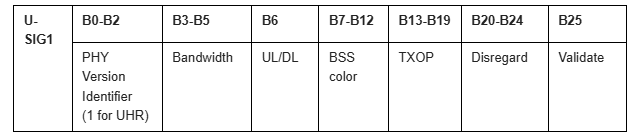
* CoBF is only applied in DL non-OFDMA MU MIMO transmission
* Co-SR is only applied in DL SU transmission in each BSS
* The entire U-SIG format in a UHR MU PPDU is as in the following figure
* BSS color 1 and 2 are the BSS color of the two Coordinated BSSs with the order TBD

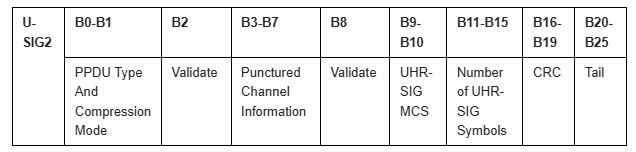


[Motion #206, [264] and [248, 270, 271]]

* Keep all the fields in U-SIG for UHR MU PPDU to be the same as that in U-SIG for EHT MU PPDU as following, and PHY Version Identifier is set to 1 for UHR, UHR-SIG MCS and Number of UHR-SIG Symbols subfields replace the EHT-SIG MCS and Number of EHT-SIG Symbols subfields

Note- The Disregard and Validate bits may be updated for new features.





[Motion #182, [1] and [247, 248]]

* The first BSS color in U-SIG indicates the sharing AP and the second BSS color in U-SIG indicates the shared AP in UHR MU PPDU for Co-BF and Co-SR transmission.

[Motion #307, [264] and [322]]

### UHR-SIG field

* Keep other fields except the Disregard bits in Common field for non-OFDMA transmission in UHR-SIG to be the same as that in Common field for non-OFDMA transmission in EHT-SIG as following

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **B0-B3** | **B4-B5** | **B6-B8** | **B9** | **B10-B11** | **B12** | **B13-B15** | **B16-B18** |
| Spatial Reuse | GI+LTF Size | Number of UHR-LTF Symbols | LDPC Extra Symbol Segment | Pre-FEC padding Factor | PE Disambiguity | Disregard | Number of non-OFDMA Users |

[Motion #165, [1] and [243, 244]]

* Keep the Common field format of UHR-SIG for OFDMA transmission adheres to the Table 36-33 of 11be D7.0

Note: The entries defined for OFDMA + MU-MIMO in RU Allocation table may be updated

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Common field for OFDMA transmission** | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B0-B3 | B4-B5 | B6-B8 | B9 | B10-B11 | B12 | B13-B16 | B17-B16+9N | B17+9N-B20+9N | B21+9N-B26+9N | B27+9N-B26+9N+9M | B27+9N+9M-B30+9N+9M | B31+9N+9M-B36+9N+9M |
| Spatial Reuse | GI+LTF Size | Number of UHR-LTF Symbols | LDPC Extra Symbol Segment | Pre-FEC padding Factor | PE Disambiguity | Disregard | RU Allocation-A | CRC | Tail | RU Allocation-B | CRC | Tail |

[Motion #166, [1] and [243]]

* Signaling design for MU-MIMO User field in UHR-SIG field as shown in the below figure.
  + Also, when Coding field indicates LDPC, then 2xLDPC indication:
    - Bit22 set to 1: TX encode LDPC using code size as 2x1944
    - Bit22 set to 0: TX encode LDPC using code size of 648, 1296, or 1944.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 |
| STA-ID | | | | | | | | | | | MCS | | | | | Spatial Configuration | | | | Reserved | Coding | 2xLDPC |

[Motion #167, [1] and [245, 244]]

* Signaling design for non-MU MIMO User field in UHR-SIG field as shown in the below figure.
  + UEQM indication
    - Bit19 set to 1: UEQM is applied, B20-21 are redefined to indicate UEQM patterns.
    - Bit19 set to 0: EQM is applied. (B20 and B21 are Bfed and Coding bits)
  + Also, when Coding field indicates LDPC, then 2xLDPC indication:
    - Bit22 set to 1: TX encode LDPC using code size as 2x1944
    - Bit22 set to 0: TX encode LDPC using code size of 648, 1296, or 1944

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **0** | **1** | **2** | **3** | **4** | **5** | **6** | **7** | **8** | **9** | **10** | **11** | **12** | **13** | **14** | **15** | **16** | **17** | **18** | **19** | **20** | **21** | **22** |
| **STA-ID** | | | | | | | | | | | **MCS** | | | | | **NSS** | | | **UEQM** | **Beamformed** | **Coding** | **2xLDPC** | |
| **UEQM Patterns** | |

[Motion #168, [1] and [245, 244]]

* The MCS field in the User field of UHR-SIG field consists of 5 bits.
  + The B11 ~ B15 of the UHR-SIG field is assigned for the MCS field
  + The configuration of MCS field is TBD.

[Motion #190, [264] and [265]]

* The first 16 entries of the 5-bit MCS table (MCS0 to MCS15) are identical to 11be

[Motion #181, [1] and [252]]

* In the 5bit MCS table
  + MCS17 signals QPSK rate 2/3;
  + MCS19 signals 16QAM rate 2/3;
  + MCS20 signals 16QAM rate 5/6;
  + MCS23 signals 256QAM rate 2/3

[Motion #195, [264] and [252]]

* Define the assigned bits for the NSS field and Spatial Configuration field by considering the maximum NSS is 8 in 11bn
  + For non-MU-MIMO allocation of the UHR SIG field
    - NSS field consists of 3 bits in the User field
* For MU-MIMO allocation of the UHR SIG field
  + Spatial Configuration field consists of 4 bits in the User field.

[Motion #191, [264] and [265]]

* Add a 1-bit 2xLDPC subfield in the UHR variant User Info field in MU-MIMO and non-MU-MIMO User field formats in UHR-SIG
* The 2xLDPC subfield is set to 1 to indicate 2xLDPC (nominal codeword size of 3888) is used, or set to 0 to indicate it’s not used, if the coding scheme is LDPC
* In the MU-MIMO or non-MU-MIMO User field formats, the 2xLDPC subfield is set to 1 and treat as Validate if Coding is BCC (0)

[Motion #174, [1] and [247, 248]]

* The UEQM patterns indication for NSS=2, 3 and 4 are as follows:

NSS=2:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Index | 1st SS | 2nd SS |
| 0 | M | M-1 |
| 1 | M | M-2 |
| 2-3 | Reserved | |

NSS=3:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Index | 1st SS | 2nd SS | 3rd SS |
| 0 | M | M | M-1 |
| 1 | M | M | M-2 |
| 2 | M | M-1 | M-2 |
| 3 | Reserved | | |

NSS=4:

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Index | 1st SS | 2nd SS | 3rd SS | 4th SS |
| 0 | M | M | M | M-1 |
| 1 | M | M | M | M-2 |
| 2 | M | M | M-1 | M-2 |
| 3 | M | M-1 | M-1 | M-2 |

* Note: Reserved entries will be further categorized as Validate or Disregard, following principles in IEEE 802.11be

[Motion #169, [1] and [171]]

* The Spatial Configuration field in User field of UHR-SIG field in PPDUs for Co-BF transmission re-uses the same design as in UHR DL MU-MIMO.
  + Encoding table will be same as 11ax

[Motion #171], [1] and [184]]

* In a PPDU of Co-BF transmission, all the User fields of UHR-SIG field belonging to an AP and the corresponding spatial streams are contiguous.
  + The User fields of one AP are together followed by the ones of the other AP and the same holds for spatial streams

[Motion #172], [1] and [184]]

* Use B13 in the Common field of UHR-SIG in non-OFDMA to indicate Interference Mitigation (IM) ON/OFF
  + Value 0 indicates IM enabled
  + Value 1 indicates IM disabled (because B13 was originally “set to 1 and Disregard at RX’)

[Motion #177], [1] and [248]]

## Data field

### Stream Parser

* For bandwidths greater than 80 MHz, the coded bit parsing of UHR is stream parsing first followed by segment parsing.

[Motion #203, [264] and [267]]

### Segment Parser

* For equal modulation, UHR stream parser remains the same as EHT.

[Motion #202, [264] and [267]]

## Packet Extension

* In the UHR MU PPDU in 11bn, the PE requirements of UEQM with the constellation order x of the first spatial stream is equal to the PE requirements of EQM with the constellation order x.

[Motion #251, [264] and [281]]

* For Co-BF and Co-SR transmissions using UHR MU PPDU, TPE is fixed as 20us.
  + nominal\_packet\_padding =20us and a factor =4.
* [Motion #308, [264] and [322, 323]]

## MU-MIMO

* MU-MIMO+OFDMA in both DL and UL is limited to UHR PPDU of 160 and 320MHz only
  + 160MHz PPDU – 996 and, when the PPDU is punctured, 484+242
  + 320 MHz PPDU: 2x996, 3x996 and, when the PPDU is punctured, 996+484, 2x996+484
* MU-MIMO+OFDMA is further limited to a maximum of 2 RUs supporting MU-MIMO and each 80MHz segment is either MU-MIMO or OFDMA
* RU Allocation table in UHR-SIG is the same as that in EHT-SIG except that the rows for RU 242, 484 and 3x996+484 with two or more users are changed to Validate

[Motion #196, [264] and [266]]

* LDPC is the only FEC coding scheme for DL/UL MU-MIMO in 11bn.

[Motion #325, [264] and [336]

* DL/UL MU-MIMO in UHR is optional for 20MHz only STA.

[Motion #326, [264] and [336]

## Tx specification

* Transmit Constellation Error required values for the new MCSs 17, 19, 20 and 23 (QPSK 2/3, 16QAM 2/3, 16QAM 5/6 and 256QAM 2/3) for the UHR MU PPDU will be:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **MCS** | **Transmit Constellation Error** |
| QPSK 2/3 | -12dB |
| 16QAM 2/3 | -18dB |
| 16QAM 5/6 | -20dB |
| 256QAM 2/3 | -29dB |

[Motion #313, [264] and [329, 330]]

* The testing in the transmit and receive specification in IEEE 802.11bn spec should only use EQM (i.e., not use UEQM)
* The testing in the transmit and receive specification in IEEE 802.11bn spec should not use 2xLDPC, if LDPC is used

[Motion #314, [264] and [330]]

* The definition for the transmit constellation error in an UHR TB PPDU using RRU:
* Transmit Constellation Error requirement of UHR TB PPDU using RRU for MCS0-15 follows the same definition as in EHT.
* Transmit Constellation Error requirement of UHR TB PPDU using RRU for the new MCSs (QPSK 2/3, 16QAM 2/3, 16QAM 5/6 and 256QAM 2/3) is:

[Motion #419, [264] and [385]]

* The unused tone EVM definition and requirement of UHR TB PPDU when all users are scheduled with RRU is the same as in EHT TB PPDU.

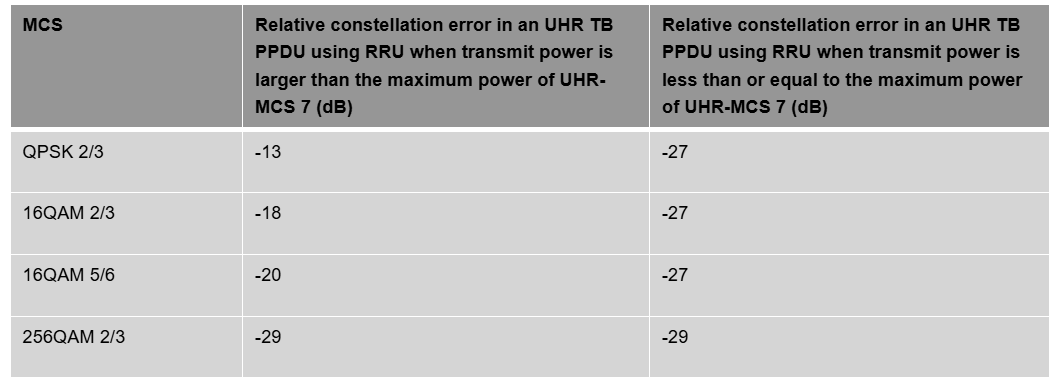
[Motion #420, [264] and [385]]

## Rx specification

* The Rx minimum sensitivity and ACR/NACR specifications for the two ELR MCSs use the same value as EHT/UHR-MCS0.

[Motion #317, [264] and [331, 330]]

* The PSDU length for receiver minimum input sensitivity and adjacent channel rejection measurement shall be 512 octets for UHR ELR PPDU.



[Motion #416, [264] and [383]]

* Receiver Minimum Input sensitivity for new MCSs are as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| MCS | Modulation | Code rate | Minimum sensitivity (20 MHz PPDU) (dBm) | Minimum sensitivity (40 MHz PPDU) (dBm) | Minimum sensitivity (80 MHz PPDU) (dBm) | Minimum sensitivity (160 MHz PPDU) (dBm) | Minimum sensitivity (320 MHz PPDU) (dBm) |
| 1 | QPSK | 1/2 | -79 | -76 | -73 | -70 | -67 |
| 17 | QPSK | 2/3 | -78 | -75 | -72 | -69 | -66 |
| 2 | QPSK | 3/4 | -77 | -74 | -71 | -68 | -65 |
| 3 | 16QAM | 1/2 | -74 | -71 | -68 | -65 | -62 |
| 19 | 16-QAM | 2/3 | -71 | -68 | -65 | -62 | -59 |
| 4 | 16-QAM | 3/4 | -70 | -67 | -64 | -61 | -58 |
| 20 | 16-QAM | 5/6 | -69 | -66 | -63 | -60 | -57 |
| 5 | 64-QAM | 2/3 | -66 | -63 | -60 | -57 | -54 |
| 7 | 64-QAM | 5/6 | -64 | -61 | -58 | -55 | -52 |
| 23 | 256-QAM | 2/3 | -60 | -57 | -54 | -51 | -48 |
| 8 | 256-QAM | 3/4 | -59 | -56 | -53 | -50 | -47 |

[Motion #417, [264] and [383, 384]]

* Minimum required adjacent and nonadjacent channel rejection levels for four new MCSs are as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| MCS | Modulation | Code rate | Adjacent channel rejection (dB) | Nonadjacent channel rejection (dB) |
| 20/40/80/160/320 MHz channel | 20/40/80/160/320 MHz channel |
| 1 | QPSK | 1/2 | 13 | 29 |
| 17 | QPSK | 2/3 | 12 | 28 |
| 2 | QPSK | 3/4 | 11 | 27 |
| 3 | 16-QAM | 1/2 | 8 | 24 |
| 19 | 16-QAM | 2/3 | 5 | 21 |
| 4 | 16-QAM | 3/4 | 4 | 20 |
| 20 | 16-QAM | 5/6 | 3 | 19 |
| 5 | 64-QAM | 2/3 | 0 | 16 |
| 7 | 64-QAM | 5/6 | -2 | 14 |
| 23 | 256-QAM | 2/3 | -6 | 10 |
| 8 | 256-QAM | 3/4 | -7 | 9 |

[Motion #418, [264] and [383, 384]]

## Rx procedure

* Remove the requirement, for UHR STAs, to receive the forward-looking EHT ER SU preamble in the UHR RX procedure

[Motion #310, [264] and [325]]

## PHY feature #

Description for PHY feature #

# UHR MAC



## General

This section describes the functional blocks in the UHR MAC.

* For the following features, if an AP supports the feature, then the AP shall accept a request from an associated STA to enable or disable the feature on its (STA) side
  + Dynamic unavailability operation
  + Dynamic power save

[Motion #370, [264] and [211, 101]]

* In a TB PPDU transmitted by an AP intended for another AP, the TXVECTOR parameter BSS\_COLOR is set to the BSS color of the intended AP.

[Motion #502, [264] and [418]]

* In an HE SU PPDU or HE/EHT/UHR MU PPDU (sent as SU transmission) transmitted by an AP and intended for one recipient AP, the following TXVECTOR parameter is set as follows
  + UPLINK\_FLAG is set to 0 if the transmitting AP is a TXOP owner, and 1 otherwise
  + BSS\_Color is set to the BSS color of the transmitting AP, if the transmitting AP is a TXOP owner; Otherwise, set to the BSS color of the intended AP.
  + STA\_ID (for HE/EHT/UHR MU PPDU) is set to an AP ID of the transmitting AP, if the intended AP is the TXOP owner, and if the transmitting AP has an assigned AP ID by the intended AP; Otherwise, set to 2045.

[Motion #521, [264] and [423]]

## Seamless Roaming

* TGbn defines a mechanism that enables a non-AP MLD to roam from one AP MLD to another AP MLD and the non-AP MLD remains in state 4 (see 11.3) during and after roaming to the other AP MLD

[Motion #2, [1] and [3-9]]

* For seamless roaming, a non-AP MLD is allowed to request preparing more than one candidate target AP MLDs in an SMD during the roaming preparation phase
  + Preparation with multiple AP MLDs is performed using a separate roaming preparation request for each AP MLD
  + If successful roaming preparation was performed with multiple candidate target AP MLDs, then the non-AP MLD shall attempt roaming execution with only one of those target AP MLDs at a time.
    - Retries with other target AP MLDs are permitted for roaming execution
  + TBD on policy indication from the AP on multiple target AP MLDs preparation

[Motion #368, [264] and [358, 235, 350, 364]]

* TGbn defines that when a non-AP MLD is in the process of roaming from the current AP MLD to a target AP MLD, the context related to the non-AP MLD is transferred to the target AP MLD such that it preserves the data exchange context for the non-AP MLD or the context can be renegotiated with the target AP MLD.
  + Details on what context can be transferred and what context can be renegotiated are TBD.
  + How to transfer the context is TBD.

[Motion #26, [1] and [7,8,42-47]]

* As part of the seamless roaming procedure, during roaming,
  + after the request/response exchange that initiates notification of the DS mapping change from the current AP MLD to the target AP MLD,
    - The current AP MLD may deliver buffered DL data frames for a TBD period of time.
    - The non-AP MLD may retrieve buffered DL data frames from the current AP MLD
    - The non-AP MLD may send UL data to target AP MLD.
    - It is assumed that the target AP MLD is able to deliver data frames to non-AP MLD after the DS mapping change
  + The current AP MLD may forward DL data to the target AP MLD.
    - When and how to initiate the forwarding of DL data is TBD

[Motion #27, [1] and [3, 7, 8, 42-48]]

* Define a request frame sent by a non-AP MLD in state 4 to initiate the roaming procedure
* The roaming procedure performs context transfer to the target AP MLD and perform the necessary changes of the DS mapping from the current AP MLD to the target AP MLD
* Define a response frame sent to the non-AP MLD to indicate readiness for the non-AP MLD to send class 3 frames to the target AP MLD
* TBD on data transmission from non-AP MLD to current AP MLD during the request/response frame exchange
* NOTE – What context is transferred is TBD.
* NOTE – TBD on which request/response frame to use

[Motion #44, [1] and [3, 7, 8, 42-47, 93]]

* As part of the seamless roaming procedure, before the request/response exchange requesting the roaming transition from a current AP MLD to a target AP MLD, a roaming preparation procedure can be performed that includes:
  + Transfer or renegotiation of the context to a target AP MLD, and
  + Setting up the link(s) with a target AP MLD.
* Details on what context can be transferred or renegotiated is TBD

[Motion #162] and [42, 3, 6, 8, 93, 43-47, 9, 47, 231-238]]

* As part of seamless roaming procedure, a non-AP MLD can initiate a roaming preparation procedure with a target AP MLD by sending a TBD request frame to its current AP MLD.
  + The request frame indicates the set of links to be set up with the target AP MLD.
  + The request frame indicates the context to be transferred or renegotiated with the target AP MLD.
  + The current AP MLD sends a TBD response frame to the non-AP MLD to indicate the status (accept/reject) of the link setup.
    - If the link setup is accepted, the transferable context is transferred to the target AP MLD.
  + TBD on whether/how the renegotiation of context is performed in these request/response frames
  + TBD – multiple candidate target AP MLDs selection
* [Motion #283, [264] and [42, 3, 6, 8, 93, 43-45, 307, 239, 46, 231, 9, 47, 232-238, 308,233, 236, 237, 309, 316, 317]]
* 11bn defines a Seamless Mobility Domain (SMD, exact name TBD) that covers multiple AP MLDs, where a non-AP MLD can use the UHR seamless roaming procedure to roam between the AP MLDs of the SMD
  + A logical SMD Management Entity (SMD-ME, exact name TBD) provides association, IEEE 802.1X Authenticator (except for the management of 802.1X control ports which is TBD) and RSNA Key management for non-AP MLDs across all AP MLDs of the SMD.
  + A non-AP MLD transitions between AP MLDs within the SMD while maintaining its association and security association with the SMD-ME.
  + The non-AP MLD can transition from one SMD to another SMD that are part of the same MD (Mobility Domain) using FT with improvements

[Motion #279, [264] and [305, 306. 42, 3, 6, 8, 93, 43-45, 307, 239, 46, 231, 9, 47, 232-238, 308,233, 236, 237, 309]]

* 11bn defines that within a Seamless Mobility Domain (SMD, exact name TBD) the data path includes either one MAC-SAP for the SMD or a separate MAC-SAP per AP MLD of the SMD.
  + In the case of a separate MAC-SAP per AP MLD, the DS mapping is updated when the non-AP MLD roams to another AP MLD within the SMD.
  + In the case of a separate MAC-SAP per AP MLD, the component of the 802.1X Authenticator in the SMD-ME interacts with an 802.1X Authenticator component in the AP MLD that manages the 802.1X controlled port for the non-AP MLD.
  + In the case of a single MAC-SAP for the SMD, the 802.1X Authenticator in the SMD-ME manages the 802.1X controlled port for the non-AP MLD.

[Motion #280, [264] and [305, 306. 42, 3, 6, 8, 93, 43-45, 307, 239, 46, 231, 9, 47, 232-238, 308, 233, 236, 237, 309]]

* When a non-AP MLD is in the process of roaming from a current AP MLD to a target AP MLD, the non-AP MLD can request to the current AP MLD what context needs to be transferred from the current AP MLD to the target AP MLD.
  + What context can be requested is TBD
  + It applies when the current AP MLD and the Target AP MLD support the context transfer

[Motion #282, [264] and [313, 45, 93, 235, 314, 309, 315, 308, 4, 42]]

* As part of seamless roaming procedure, a non-AP MLD in state 4 with the SMD-ME can perform roaming transition through a target AP MLD that is a part of the SMD.
* TBD on the conditions and details for performing roaming through target AP MLD

[Motion #284, [264] and [239, 307, 235, 3, 42]]

* For security in seamless roaming, when a non-AP MLD is in the process of roaming from the current AP MLD to a target AP MLD within the SMD, the same PMKSA, established with the SMD-ME, shall be used to protect communications with the current AP MLD and the target AP MLD.

[Motion #285, [264] and [308, 305, 306, 42, 3, 6, 8, 43-45, 307, 239, 46, 231, 9, 47, 234, 235]]

* For security in seamless roaming, when a non-AP MLD is in the process of roaming from the current AP MLD to a target AP MLD within the SMD, the same PTKSA, established with the SMD-ME, shall be used to protect communications with the current AP MLD and the target AP MLD.

[Motion #286, [264] and [308, 305, 306, 42, 3, 6, 8, 43-45, 307, 239, 46, 231, 9, 47, 234, 235]]

* TGbn allows a second mode for security in roaming (in addition to the first mode with single TK used across all AP MLDs of the SMD) where a non-AP MLD can derive a new TK under the same PTKSA with the target AP MLD
  + The new TK is derived as part of the single PTKSA
  + The PN is maintained per PTKSA: The new TK negotiated with the target AP MLD shares the same PN space with the TK of the current AP MLD (PN is monotonically increasing)

[Motion #348, [264] and [234, 235, 353]]

* TBD request frame initiating roaming preparation carries the Diffie-Hellman Parameter element of the non-AP MLD when new PTK is derived
* TBD response frame during roaming preparation carries Diffie-Hellman Parameter element generated by the target AP MLD when new PTK is derived
* Non-AP MLD and the target AP MLD derive the PTK based on the shared PMK and DHss in TBD request and TBD response frames

NOTE: Details of the algorithm used to derive the DHss are TBD

[Motion #356, [264] and [234, 235]

* For a Seamless Mobility Domain (SMD), the SMD and the 802.1X Authenticator component in the corresponding SMD-ME are uniquely identified by an SMD Identifier
  + The SMD Identifier is in the format of a 48-bit MAC address
  + The SMD Identifier is used in establishing single PMKSA and PTKSA for a non-AP MLD that associates with the SMD-ME

[Motion #369, [264] and 358, 306, 6, 303, 235, 350, 234]]

* If the SMD is part of an FT mobility domain the following applies
  + The single PMKSA to be used in the SMD is the PMK-R1 SA and is bound to the SMD-ME, when the non-AP MLD initially associates with the SMD ME using FT initial MD association.

[Motion #378, [264] and [???]]

* Define a mechanism to retrieve probe response content for neighboring AP MLD(s) of the current AP MLD, through the current AP MLD
* Note. The neighboring AP MLD and the current AP MLD are in the same ESS

[Motion #333, [264] and [347-350]]

* After the roaming preparation request/response exchange, there is an indicated timeout
  + If there is no successful transmission of the roaming execution request frame from the non-AP MLD within the indicated timeout, then the target AP MLD may delete all preparation information related to the non-AP MLD
    - NOTE - This includes security context, i.e., new derived TK if new TK is derived
  + if the roaming preparation request for a target AP MLD is accepted in the roaming preparation response, and the non-AP MLD sends a following roaming execution request for the target AP MLD received within the indicated timeout, then the roaming execution request shall be accepted in the roaming execution response
  + TBD on indication of the timeout
* After the latest roaming preparation request/response exchange, the setup links with the target AP MLD is not modified until after the roaming execution request/response exchange is finished.

[Motion #335, [264] and [353, 235, 350, 354, 355-358]]

* The roaming preparation request frame includes Listen Interval field of the non-AP MLD for the target AP MLD
* The roaming execution request frame includes Listen Interval field of the non-AP MLD for the target AP MLD if there is no roaming preparation request/response exchange beforehand
* After the roaming execution request/response exchange with the current AP MLD, the non-AP MLD is by default in power save mode for all the setup links with the target AP MLD
* After the roaming execution request/response exchange with the current AP MLD, during the TBD period to receive DL data from the current AP MLD, the non-AP MLD is not required to listen to any Beacon frames of the APs affiliated with the target AP MLD.

[Motion #337, [264] and [353, 235, 350]]

* After the roaming execution request/response exchange with the current AP MLD, the TBD period to receive DL data from the current AP MLD ends after the indicated timeout in the roaming execution response.

[Motion #338, [264] and [353, 235, 350]]

* TGbn does not define a requirement for a UHR AP to report non-collocated APs in the Reduced Neighbor Report element that is carried in its Beacon and FILS Discovery frames

[Motion #344, [264] and [350, 303]]

* During the TBD time for retrieving DL from the Current AP MLD, the non-AP MLD may provide an indication to the Target AP MLD that the TBD time for DL retrieval is early-terminated before the TBD time
* TBD signaling of the indication

[Motion #349, [264] and [234, 235, 363, 353, 364]]

* During a roaming transition, the current AP MLD shall be capable of signaling termination of downlink data transmission to the non-AP MLD before the ~~transient~~ TBD time period to receive buffered downlink data from current AP MLD ~~period~~ ends
  + Signaling TBD

NOTE: AP sends the indication when there is no more pending DL data (all TIDs). TBD other conditions.

[Motion #350, [264] and [363, 235, 353, 365, 364]]

* In the seamless roaming procedure, non-AP MLD can request not to transfer from the current AP MLD to the target AP MLD any of the following as part of the context transfer
  + The next SN for existing DL BA agreements of all TIDs
  + The latest SN that has been passed up for existing UL BA agreements of all TIDs

[Motion #351, [264] and [363, 353, 235, 350]]

* 11bn defines an SMD element that provides identification for the SMD and SMD level capabilities for a seamless mobility domain
  + The SMD element is advertised in Probe Response frames
  + The SMD element is included in Authentication frame when performing authentication with an SMD
  + The SMD element is included in (Re)Association Request & Response frames when performing initial association with the SMD-ME

[Motion #352, [264] and [358, 350, 303]]

* 11bn enhances Neighbor Report element to provide SMD related information
  + Add a ‘Same SMD’ indication in the BSSID Information in the NR element, to signal whether the reported neighboring AP is part of the same SMD as the reporting AP
  + Allow including the SMD element as a subelement in the Optional Subelements of the Neighbor Report element, when reported neighboring AP is not part of the same SMD

[Motion #353, [264] and [358, 350, 303]]

* Enable the following contexts to be transferred to target AP MLD to preserve the data exchange context for the non-AP MLD
* Block Ack Parameters and Block Ack Timeout Value indicated by the non-AP MLD for existing BA agreement of a TID
* Next SN to be assigned for DL individually addressed data frame of each TID
* Latest duplicate receiver cache for TID without BA agreement
* latest SN that has been pass up for TID with UL BA agreement
* Starting PN to be assigned for DL individually addressed frame by the target AP MLD
* Initial value to be used by each replay counter of the target AP MLD for UL individually addressed frame
* WinStartO of an existing DL BA agreement
  + So that the target AP MLD does not exceed reordering buffer window of the non-AP MLD
* TBD for other contexts

[Motion #354, [264] and [353, 3, 235, 350, 366, 358, 43]]

* A serving AP MLD can use the BTM procedure with update(s) (if required) to recommend one or more candidate target AP MLDs within the UHR seamless roaming mobility domain to a non-AP MLD for roaming.
  + Note – An AP can transmit the BTM Request frame unsolicited or as a response to the BTM Query frame from a non-AP MLD.
* TBD – detailed information to be carried

[Motion #364, [264] and [303, 235, 349, 350]]

## Power save

* TGbn defines a power save mode for a STA that is a UHR Mobile AP or a UHR non-AP STA wherein the STA may transition from a lower capability mode to a higher capability mode upon reception of an initial control frame
  + Lower capability mode (e.g., 20 MHz BW, one SS, limited data rates, PPDU format)
  + Higher capability mode (e.g., operating BW, NSS and MCSs, with at least one higher capability than that in the lower power capability mode)
  + Initial Control frame is TBD
  + Whether that applies for a non-mobile AP is TBD

[Motion #9, [1] and [15-19]]

* TGbn defines cross link power save signaling mechanism
  + Allowing a non-AP MLD to indicate to its associated AP MLD that supports the mechanism, in a frame sent on one enabled link, the power management mode for one or more of its affiliated non-AP STAs
  + Whether support for the mechanism is mandatory or optional is TBD
* [Motion #10, [1] and [19-20]]
* A UHR STA that uses the power save mode to transition from lower capability (LC) mode to higher capability (HC) mode, advertises the amount of padding it needs in a received initial control frame.
  + Padding values range between 0 and a maximum value that is TBD with a TBD resolution.

[Motion #45, [1] and [31, 16, 94-101]]

* Define a new mechanism and/or enhance existing mechanism for AP power save

[Motion #49, [1] and [15, 69, 149, 150, 94, 97, 98, 95]]

* If a UHR STA (UHR non-AP STA or UHR Mobile AP) operates with the power save mode where the STA transitions from a lower capability mode to a higher capability mode upon reception of an initial control frame (that we call power save mode dynamic power save (DPS)), then its associated peer UHR STA shall include an intermediate FCS, if needed by the STA, in the initial control frame that it transmits to the STA.
  + Note: intermediate FCS may not be needed, for instance, if the STA requires no padding.

[Motion #122, [1] and [31, 16, 18, 19, 97, 99, 100, 129, 130]]

* Scheduled periodic power save on AP side is performed in UHR using Broadcast TWT with TWT ID=0 with Responder PM=1 as described in 26.8.3.2 (Rules for TWT scheduling AP)

[Motion #161, [1] and [67-70, 149, 73, 150, 212, 228-230]]

## Non-primary channel access

* TGbn defines a mode of operation that enables a STA to access the secondary channel while the primary channel is known to be busy due to OBSS traffic or other TBD conditions.
  + The mode of operation shall not assume that the STA is capable to detect or decode a frame and obtain NAV information of the secondary channel concurrently with the primary channel.
  + A BSS shall only have a single Non-Primary Channel Access (NPCA) primary channel (name TBD) on which the STA contends while the primary channel of the BSS is known to be busy due to OBSS traffic or other TBD conditions.

[Motion #11, [1] and [21-30]]

* TGbn defines a mode of operation in NPCA where the NPCA non-AP does not use untriggered UL transmissions on the NPCA primary channel
  + This mode can be enabled/disabled by the AP
  + Whether the mode is for all associated non-APs or per non-AP is TBD
  + TBD whether MU EDCA parameters mechanism is used for this or not

[Motion #129, [1] and [195, 196, 200, 202]]

* An NPCA STA shall indicate the following to its peer NPCA STA
  + NPCA switching delay
    - time it needs to switch from the BSS Primary channel to the NPCA Primary channel
  + NPCA switch back delay
    - time it needs to switch from the NPCA Primary channel to the BSS Primary channel
  + Delay values range between 0 and 256 us with a 4 us resolution

[Motion #124, [1] and [195-198, 22]]

* An AP that is capable of NPCA announces at most one NPCA Primary channel
  + NPCA Primary channel is in AP's BSS operating channel width
  + NPCA Primary channel is not a punctured 20 MHz subchannel (as indicated in EHT Operation element)
  + Details on signaling is TBD

[Motion #130, [1] and [22, 24, 25, 26, 203, 29, 198, 204, 196, 195]]

* All the APs in a multiple BSSID set that enable NPCA announce the same NPCA primary channel

[Motion #131, [1] and [205]]

* An NPCA STA shall initiate frame exchange on the NPCA Primary channel with an NPCA Initial Control Frame (ICF) in the non-HT PPDU or non-HT duplicate PPDU format using a rate of 6 Mb/s, 12 Mb/s, or 24 Mb/s
  + Details on NPCA ICF are TBD

[Motion #125, [1] and [195-200]]

* The event that triggers switching to the NPCA primary channel shall be
  + OBSS Control frame exchange (e.g., (MU-)RTS/CTS) or
  + OBSS HE/EHT/UHR PPDU
  + Note: Other conditions TBD

[Motion #144, [1] and [203, 195]]

* The NPCA operation shall use the same EDCA parameters ((MU) EDCA Parameter Set, EPCS EDCA Parameters), on both the BSS primary channel and the NPCA primary channel.

[Motion #145, [1] and [203, 195]]

* An NPCA STA shall initiate a TXOP on the NPCA Primary channel following the rules defined in 10.23.2.2 (EDCA backoff procedure) and 10.23.2.4 (Obtaining an EDCA TXOP) with the following exception:
  + Every time the STA switches to the NPCA Primary channel, it shall initialize CW\_NPCA[AC] to TBD value and pick a new backoff counter (BO\_NPCA) randomly between 0 and CW\_NPCA[AC]. QSRC\_NPCA[AC] shall be set to 0.
  + NOTE – Baseline EDCA procedure is followed on the BSS Primary channel. The values of CW\_NPCA and BO\_NPCA are discarded by the NPCA STA when it switches back to the BSS Primary channel.

[Motion #126, [1] and [195-198, 201]]

* After an NPCA STA has gained the right to initiate a TXOP on the NPCA Primary channel, it can transmit on a set of channels that:
  + Includes the NPCA Primary channel, and
  + are within the AP’s BSS bandwidth, and
  + do not include the channels in the bandwidth occupied by the OBSS traffic that caused the NPCA STA to switch from the BSS primary channel to the NPCA primary channel, and
  + do not include the channels that are indicated as punctured in the Disabled Subchannel Bitmap subfield in the EHT Operation element,
  + It is TBD whether a frame that does not solicit TB PPDUs can puncture 20 MHz subchannels not indicated as punctured in the Disabled Subchannel Bitmap subfield of the EHT Operation element

[Motion #127, [1] and [195-197]]

* When transmitting a Trigger frame on the NPCA Primary channel, the NPCA AP shall signal the RU index considering the NPCA Primary channel as the reference primary channel
  + The Trigger frame shall explicitly indicate that it is transmitted via the NPCA Primary channel (details TBD)

[Motion #128, [1] and [195-198, 200, 202]]

* When an NPCA STA switches to the NPCA Primary channel, it shall not initiate a transmission to its peer NPCA STA until the peer STA’s switching delay has elapsed since TBD switch start time

[Motion #132, [1] and [206, 195, 22]]

* An AP that enables NPCA announces the minimum duration threshold of the BSS primary channel busyness because of OBSS activity for switching to NPCA primary channel
  + If the duration of the OBSS activity that makes the primary channel busy is smaller than the duration threshold, the NPCA STAs (AP and non-AP) do not switch to the NPCA primary channel.

[Motion #133, [1] and [206, 195, 198, 204]]

* An AP shall not allow the use of NPCA within its BSS if the BSS operating bandwidth is less than or equal to TBD MHz, where TBD = 40 MHz or 80 MHz

[Motion #134, [1] and [199]]

* If an NPCA STA receives an OBSS RTS frame in a non-HT duplicate PPDU that does not include the bandwidth signaling TA, the NPCA STA shall not switch to the NPCA Primary channel,
* If an NPCA STA receives an OBSS RTS frame in a non-HT duplicate PPDU that includes the bandwidth signaling TA and the signaled PPDU bandwidth is 320 MHz, the NPCA STA shall not switch to the NPCA Primary channel,
* If an NPCA STA receives a CTS frame in a non-HT duplicate PPDU without receiving the soliciting OBSS RTS or MU-RTS frame, the NPCA STA shall not switch to the NPCA Primary channel

[Motion #164, [1] and [200, 204, 240, 241]]

* An AP shall not allow the use of NPCA within its BSS if the BSS operating bandwidth is less than or equal to 40 MHz.

[Motion #365, [264] and [246]]

* If a TXOP on the NPCA Primary channel overlaps with the TBTT, the AP shall not transmit the Beacon frame or group addressed frames until it switches back to the BSS Primary channel.
* NOTE – The NPCA AP and non-AP STA participating in frame exchanges must not switch back to the BSS Primary channel at the TBTT and can continue operating on NPCA Primary until the OBSS transmission ends on BSS Primary channel. In such cases, the group addressed frame will be buffered and delivered immediately following the next DTIM Beacon, unless explicitly specified otherwise.

[Motion #366, [264] and [369]]

## Buffer status report

* TGbn enables per-TID buffer size reporting of a larger queue in UHR.
  + Note: It is an optional feature.
  + Note: In the baseline, the maximum approximate per-TID queue size to report is 2,147,328 octets
* [Motion #13, [1] and [32]]
* Define an Enhanced BSR Control subfield in A-Control subfield to report a larger per TID queue size
  + The Enhanced BSR Control subfield consists of at least a TID subfield and an unsigned value subfield to report the larger queue size (QS) of the TID
  + The reported QS is equal to 2147328 Octets + the value reported in the Queue Size field of the defined Enhanced BSR Control subfield
  + When the QoS Control with the same TID as the Enhanced BSR Control subfield is present in the same MPDU, the QS subfield of the QoS Control is set to value 254
  + TBD if the Enhanced BSR Control subfield shares the control ID with other Control subfield proposals in UHR
  + Note: The baseline rules which regulate HT control field to be the same in all MPDUs of the same frame type in an A-MPDU do not change
  + Note: Encoding of the baseline QS subfield in QoS Control does not change.
  + Note: Length of the Enhanced BSR Control subfield allows to aggregate the UPH in the same A-Control subfield

[Motion #257, [264] and [285, 32]]

## Multi-AP Coordination Framework

* 11bn defines a common framework of a Multi-AP Coordination for various coordination schemes.
  + Note - Coordination schemes such as (but not limited to): Co-SR (TXOP-based with power control), Co-BF, Co-TDMA, Co-RTWT, etc.

[Motion #50, [1] and [131, 151, 134, 137, 141, 152-156, 117, 157, 158]]

* 11bn defines a common framework of a Multi-AP Coordination that can enable the following procedures:
  + Multi-AP Coordination Discovery procedure
  + Multi-AP Coordination agreement negotiation procedure
  + Note: Details of the procedures and whether the above procedures are mandatory/optional - TBD

[Motion #51, [1] and [131, 151, 134, 137, 141, 152-156, 117, 157, 158]]

* A UHR AP shall indicate to another AP its capability to respond in a TB PPDU or not

[Motion #120, [1] and [108, 115, 122, 123, 124]]

* The sharing AP, that transmits a Trigger frame as part of a transmission sequence in a Multi-AP coordinated transmission scheme, identifies the shared AP via an AP ID carried in the AID12 field of the User Info field of the frame
  + Note: the name of "sharing AP" and "shared AP" are TBD
  + Note: Multi-AP coordinated transmission schemes are Co-SR, Co-BF and Co-TDMA

[Motion #135, [1] and [207, 208, 157, 117, 118, 122, 123, 108, 115, 124, 158]]

* APs that intend to participate in Multi-AP coordination can use management frames to advertise/discover the capabilities and/or parameters of individual schemes.

[Motion #147, [1] and [134, 110, 117, 157, 158, 218]]

* APs that discovered each other and want to establish agreement(s) for Multi-AP coordination scheme(s), can use individually addressed management frames to establish the agreement(s) and negotiate parameters
  + Note: The management frame can be a Public Action and/or new Action frames, and so on.

[Motion #148, [1] and [134, 110, 117, 157, 158, 218]]

* Define a mechanism in 11bn that defines:
  + AP-to-AP frame formats to enable interoperable MAPC across APs and including MLME primitive(s) so that a pair of AP’s SMEs can orchestrate the over-the-air transmission and reception of these frames
  + MLME primitive(s) so that a pair of AP’s SMEs may send the content of the non-real-time instances of such AP-to-AP frames over-the-DS between peer AP-MLMEs (rather than over-the-air via peer AP MACs)

[Motion #185, [1] and [260, 261]]

* As a part of M-AP coordination agreement procedure, an AP may assign an AP ID to another AP with the following constraints:
  + The AP ID is used for the AP to identify another AP as a coordinated AP, when necessary.
  + The AP ID field has the same size and the field value has a range as defined in AID field (see 9.4.1.8)
  + The AP shall ensure that the AP ID value is not assigned by the AP or by its affiliated MLD to any other STA (e.g., STA is an associated non-AP STA, an unassociated non-AP STA that has been allocated a (Ranging session Identifier) RSID , or any other coordinated AP), or a non-AP MLD that is associated with the AP MLD
  + It's TBD whether the AP ID value is greater than 2^n where n is the maximum of the value carried in the MBSSID Indicator (n) field of the Multiple BSSID element for any AP affiliated with the AP MLD that belongs to a multiple BSSID set

[Motion #265, [264] and [207, 208, 157, 117, 118, 122, 123, 108, 115, 124, 158]]

* Established coordination between two APs can be terminated by an explicit teardown performed by one of the two APs.

[Motion #342, [264] and [218, 158]]

* TGbn defines new actions for Public Action frames for MAPC communications such as discovery and negotiations
  + An action is defined for MAPC Discovery
  + An action is defined for MAPC Negotiation Request
  + An action is defined for MAPC Negotiation Response
  + Others are TBD

[Motion #358, [264] and [158, 146]]

* When an AP use Management frames to discover the capabilities and/or parameters of individual M-AP coordination schemes, the AP shall use the defined MAPC Public Action frame with the following setting:
  + The action field is set to MAPC Discovery

[Motion #359, [264] and [158]]

* When an AP (AP1) uses an individually addressed Management frame to initiate a negotiation to establish agreements for M-AP coordination schemes (if enabled by another AP (AP2)), the AP (AP1) shall use the defined MAPC Public Action frame with the following setting:
  + The Action field is set to MAPC Negotiation Request
  + If new negotiations are disabled by another AP (AP2) the AP (AP1) shall not send a negotiation request to the other AP (AP2)
  + TBD details of ‘new negotiations disabled

[Motion #360, [264] and [158, 367]]

* When an AP (AP2) receives an individually addressed Management frame that initiates a negotiation to establish agreements for M-AP coordination schemes, the AP (AP2) shall respond by using the defined MAPC Public Action frame with the following setting, if negotiations are enabled:
  + The Action field is set to MAPC Negotiation Response

[Motion #361, [264] and [158]]

* UHR STA shall set the Spatial Reuse subfield to ‘PSR\_AND\_NON\_SRG\_OBSS\_PD\_PROHIBITED’ in the Co-SR and Co-BF transmission.

[Motion #414, [264] and [326, 381, 382]]

TGbn defines a procedure based on pre-association security negotiation (PASN) or uses PASN with necessary extensions to derive the key(s) needed for the protected version of individually addressed MAPC Negotiation Request frame and MAPC Negotiation Response frame exchanged between two APs as part of MAPC operation.

[Motion #428, [264] and [387-389]]

* Co-BF/Co-SR use a common frame exchange design.
  + There will be a Co-SR Invite/ Response/ Sync before the Co-SR data transmission.
  + NOTE: ICF/ICR (between Response and Sync), if present, will be discussed in MAC
* [Motion #460, [264] and [404]]
* A Shared (Responding) AP may reject a Co-BF/Co-SR transmission or Co-BF sounding invitation received from a Sharing (Initiating) AP.
  + In case of rejection, the Shared (Responding) AP can include the reason for rejection in the Co-BF/Co-SR Response or Co-BF Sounding Response frame.
  + Reasons for rejecting a Co-BF/Co-SR transmission or Co-BF sounding invitation are TBD.

[Motion #480, [264] and [413]]

* Co-BF and Co-SR transmission TXOP shall follow the same frame exchange sequence framework
  + Co-SR does not need to support EHT eMLSR non-AP STA

[Motion #491, [264] and [397]]

## Coordinated spatial reuse (Co-SR) MAC

* TGbn defines a multi-AP Coordinated Spatial Reuse (Co-SR) at TXOP-level with power control.
* Other multi-AP coordination modes are TBD.

[Motion #29, [1] and [49-65]]

* In Coordinated Spatial Reuse:
  + A sharing AP that intends to initiate a Coordinated Spatial Reuse transmission shall transmit a Trigger frame to initiate concurrent Co-SR transmissions with one (whether to allow more is TBD) other AP within its obtained TXOP BW;
  + When all addressed non-AP STAs are UHR STAs, the concurrent Co-SR transmission starts SIFS after the Trigger frame
  + Which trigger frame is TBD

[Motion #253, [264] and [283, 284]]

* In Coordinated Spatial Reuse, the following information shall be carried in the Trigger frame that initiates concurrent CSR transmissions of the 2 APs
  + The duration of the data PPDU transmitted by the sharing AP and of the data PPDU transmitted by the shared AP, which are the same, after the Trigger frame
  + Other parameters TBD

[Motion #254, [264] and [283, 284]]

* In Coordinated Spatial Reuse, the following information shall be carried in the Trigger frame that initiates concurrent CSR transmissions:
  + The transmit power limit of the shared AP
    - The shared AP Tx power limitation indicated by the sharing AP should not be lower than the minimum TX power indicated by the shared AP in its request.
  + The transmit power of the sharing AP

[Motion #429, [264] and [283, 390, 391]]

* During Co-SR invite and Co-SR response exchange, sharing AP indicates single intended PHY version for its own PPDU in the upcoming Co-SR transmission. Shared AP responds with single intended PHY version for its own PPDU in the upcoming Co-SR transmission, if it accepts the invitation.

[Motion #455, [264] and [403]]

* In Co-SR Trigger frame, the PHY version of PPDU 1 and the PHY version of PPDU 2 are indicated.
  + How to signal is TBD

[Motion #456, [264] and [403]]

## Coordinated beamforming (Co-BF) MAC

### General

* TGbn defines multi-AP Coordinated Beamforming (Co-BF).
* Other multi-AP coordination modes are TBD.

[Motion #29, [1] and [49-65]]

* The Co-BF sequential sounding support to be conditional mandatory if the device supports Co-BF.

[Motion #116, [1] and 185]

* APs exchange the following 2-bit capability fields with values 1, 2, 3, or 4 at the time of group formation between the members of a Co-BF pair. The capabilities are defined for the AP declared BW and assume Nc=2 (# of columns in the feedback)
  + Field 1 – Total number of OBSS sounding reports that the AP can store for this Co-BF pair at a given time
  + Field 2 – Total number of OBSS joint sounding reports that the AP can store for this Co-BF pair at a given time (can’t be higher than number in field 1)

[Motion #421, [264] and [386]]

* A non-AP STA is allowed to enable/disable Co-BF/Co-SR operation for the non-AP STA by using 11bn’s feature enabling/disabling procedure (by using Link Reconfiguration Request/Notify frame)
  + There are restrictions on how often Co-BF/Co-SR enablement/disablement requests by the non-AP STA can be sent, those restrictions are TBD

### Sounding procedure

* Both sequential NDP based and joint NDP based sounding options will be supported for Co-BF in 802.11bn.

[Motion #97, [1] and 178]

* The sequential NDP based sounding protocol will be as shown below for Co-BF
  + Sounding happens one BSS at a time
  + NDPA only addresses the in-BSS STAs
  + MAC related additional frames are TBD.



[Motion #100, [1] and 179]

* The joint NDP based sounding protocol will be as shown below for Co-BF
  + Sounding happens for one BSS’s STAs at a time
  + NDPA only addresses the in-BSS STAs
  + MAC related additional frames are TBD
  + Joint NDP based feedback will be based on large V-based feedback where the eigen-vectors span the antennas across both Aps .



[Motion #101, [1] and 179]

* For joint NDP based sounding, one AP will frequency synchronize to the other for both of its NDP transmissions
  + For both the NDPs, the AP doing the correction brings its frequency within a certain TBD range of the reference AP.
* [Motion #102, [1] and 179]
* For sequential NDP based sounding, one AP will frequency synchronize to the other for both of its NDP transmissions
* For both its NDPs, the AP doing the correction brings its frequency within a certain TBD range of the reference AP.

[Motion #118, [1] and 179]

* In the UHR sounding process for Co-BF, for the joint sounding case as well as for the sequential sounding case, the NDP shall always carry the BSS color of the AP which transmitted the NDPA.

[Motion #103, [1] and 179]

* Joint/cross-BSS sounding feedback is limited to UL OFDMA if >1 STA is sounded.

[Motion #309, [264] and [324]]

* UHR Co-BF sounding reuses EHT Compressed Beamforming/CQI report

[Motion #372, [264] and [372]]

* EHT Compressed Beamforming/CQI report containing UHR Co-BF sounding feedback shall be carried in EHT TB PPDU

[Motion #373, [264] and [372]]

* UHR Co-BF sounding reuses the EHT sounding segmentation and retransmission of 11be feedback segments rules.

[Motion #374, [264] and [372]]

* UHR Co-BF sounding uses EHT MU full bandwidth feedback

[Motion #375, [264] and [372]]

* There shall be a frame-exchange before the Co-BF sounding between the two APs which will at-least serve the following goals:
  + Unavailability/decline indication from the responding AP
    - Used by responding AP to refuse participation in a COBF sounding process
  + Exchange of sounding Nss capability of the STAs being sounded in the two BSSs
    - The minimum sounding Nss capability of the participating STAs in each BSS will be exchanged
  + Note: Design of the frames is TBD by MAC group
* [Motion #306, [264] and [321]]
* In the TB PPDU carrying OBSS AP sounding feedback do you support limiting NSS to 1
* In TB PPDU carrying cross BSS (including joint) sounding feedback for Co-BF the T\_PE is fixed as 20uS (nominal\_packet\_padding=20uS and aFactor=4) and LDPC extra symbol set as 1
  + AP will set the UL length field and other parameters in the BFRP trigger frame according to this rule

[Motion #422, [264] and [386]]

* In Co-BF, cross-BSS/joint sounding feedback max Nc is limited to 2.

[Motion #423, [264] and [386]]

* An AP shall use the BSRP NTB Trigger frame variant for the Sounding Invite frame
  + The Sounding Response frame shall be M-BA
  + TBD whether there’s another frame variant allowed for the Sounding Invite/Response frame

[Motion #447, [264] and [396, 397]]

* Any Co-BF sounding sequence that includes Cross-BSS CSI collection shall be initiated by a two-way handshake between the two APs participating in the sequence
  + The two-way handshake exchange consists of a Sounding Invite frame and a Sounding Response frame.
  + The Sounding Invite/Response frame exchange is used to:
    - Confirm the availability of both APs for CSI collection.
    - TBD for indication whether each AP will include ICF/ICR exchanges with its client or not.
    - Further information to be exchanged is TBD.

[Motion #450, [264] and [396, 397, 400, 401]]

### Transmission phase

* The Coordinated beamforming (Co-BF) transmission phase in 802.11bn shall be limited to 2 APs.

[Motion #99, [1] and 179]

* If an eMLSR non-AP MLD that receives an ICF addressed to one of its affiliated STAs during Co-BF sequences and if the affiliated STA responds with an ICR, then the eMLSR non-AP MLD shall follow the eMLSR procedure defined in 35.3.17, except that the STA shall use an extended time-out period prior to switching back upon inactivity:
  + The duration of the extended time-out period shall be sufficient to cover any inactivity period within the Co-BF sequence, e.g. (but not limited to), from the end of the ICR to the beginning of the data PPDU, or from the DL PPDU until the beginning of the MU-BAR frame from the shared AP for STAs associated with the shared AP
  + The duration of the extended timeout period is explicitly indicated to the STA in the ICF frame sent by its associated AP.
  + Once the eMLSR STA(s) switch back to listen mode, they start using the default time-out period (aSIFSTime + aSlotTime + aRxPHYStartDelay) in future TXOPs unless otherwise indicated in the ICF.
  + This is applicable to Co-BF transmission sequence
* [Motion #445, [264] and [396, 397]]
* For DPS non-AP STA(s) scheduled with Co-BF in high capability mode, the same switch-back behavior as for eMLSR with extended time-out period is used
  + The RTS frame shall not be used as an ICF for DPS in the Co-BF Transmission sequence even when the DPS STA does not have any DPS padding required

NOTE: The RTS frame cannot be modified to include the extended timeout period usage and the extended timeout period duration indications.

[Motion #446, [264] and [396-399]]

* An AP MLD that receives an ICR from a STA affiliated with an EMLSR non-AP MLD during Co-BF data frame exchange does not attempt to transmit to the eMLSR non-AP MLD on another link during the extended time-out periods, per baseline behavior.

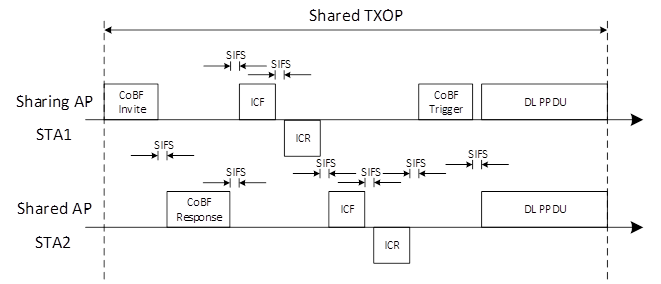
[Motion #449, [264] and [396, 397]]

* In Co-BF transmission phase, the Feedback User Info field in the BSRP/MU-RTS Trigger addressed to EMLSR/DPS STA carries the extended timeout period duration.
  + A new feedback type value is defined for Co-BF.
  + An “Extended Timeout Duration” field with a TBD length is included in the Feedback user Info field
    - The duration value is reported with granularity of 4 us.
    - A value 0 of the “Extended Timeout Duration” field is an indication to the STA to follow the default eMLSR/DPS switch back behavior, i.e., do not use an extended timeout period.
    - Whether the field indicates maximum value or actual value is TBD

[Motion #451, [264] and [396, 397]]

* TGbn uses the following Co-BF transmission sequence to support STAs requiring ICF/ICR before data frame exchanges
  + The frame sequence consists of:
    - A Co-BF Invite/Co-BF Response frame exchange between the sharing and shared APs.
    - Co-BF Invite/Response are followed by ICF/ICR frame exchanges between the APs and their associated STAs happening sequentially across the two APs; sharing AP then shared AP.
      * The presence of the ICF/ICR frame exchange from each AP is conditional on the Co-BF PPDU being addressed to one or more STAs requiring ICF.
      * The presence of the ICF/ICR frame exchange from each AP is indicated in the CoBF Invite/Response frames.
      * ICF1-ICR1 are exchanged between the sharing AP and its STAs
      * ICF2-ICR2 are exchanged between the shared AP and its STAs
      * The duration of the ICF/ICR frame exchange from each AP is indicated in the Co-BF Invite/Response frames
    - Finally, a Co-BF Trigger frame preceding the data PPDUs that are sent by the two APs simultaneously.
    - Frame sequence for Ack information polling is TBD.

Whether the Co-BF-invite and ICF1 can be merged and/or Co-BF-response and ICF2 can be merged is TBD.



[Motion #486, [264] and [396, 397, 402, 414]]

* A Co-BF coordinating AP and a Co-BF coordinated AP may use a sequential Ack procedure to avoid Ack collision.
* In the sequential Ack procedure, at least the Co-BF coordinated AP shall set the Ack policy Indicator subfield of the QoS Control field in the Co-BF DL PPDU to either "No Ack" or "Block Ack".
* NOTE: This applies to the Co-SR as well.
* [Motion #522, [264] and [424]]

### Synchronization

* 802.11bn defines the concept of a sync-reference AP and a sync-follower AP for CFO correction in Co-BF
  + Sync-follower AP pre-corrections needed
  + For sequential sounding:
    - All the NDPs sent by it during sounding phase that are sent for the purpose of sounding the STAs in the other BSS (Mandatory)
    - For the NDPs sent by it for sounding the STAs in its own BSS, it is recommended but not mandatory that the sync follower AP pre-correct those NDPs
  + For joint sounding
    - All the NDPs sent by it during the sounding phase (Mandatory)
    - The Co-BF sync and COBF PPDU during transmission phase using the same frequency pre-correction value as the sounding phase, when it is the sharing AP
  + Sync-reference AP does not pre-correct during transmission phase when it is the sharing AP

[Motion #298, [264] and [320]]

* The sync-follower AP shall use the NDPA frame sent by the sync-reference AP to pre-correct the NDP frequency to be within a TBD range (e.g., 350Hz) of the sync-reference AP’s frequency
  + Applies to sequential and joint sounding
  + The pre-correction of cross-BSS NDP and joint NDP is mandatory
  + The pre-correction of in-BSS NDPs is recommended but not a mandatory requirement

[Motion #299, [264] and [320]]

* The sharing AP is the AP that transmits the final sync frame before the Co-BF PPDU
  + Regardless of who is the sync-reference
  + Note: This ensures a consistent protocol and a consistent behavior at sharing AP

[Motion #300, [264] and [320]]

* The shared AP always pre-corrects Co-BF PPDU based on the final sync
  + To bring the two APs within a TBD frequency range of each other (e.g., ~350Hz)
  + NOTE: Regardless of which AP is the sync-reference, this ensures consistent behavior at shared AP

[Motion #301, [264] and [320]]

* During the Co-BF sounding phase, cross-BSS NDPA recipient always pre-corrects the frequency of the NDP it transmits in response (pre-correction done based on the NDPA’s frequency estimate), regardless of reference/follower designation
* During the Co-BF sounding phase, when transmitting the NDPA
  + Reference AP does not perform pre-correction
  + The follower AP should use a recent frequency pre-correction value for the CFO estimated to the reference AP

[Motion #434, [264] and [394, 395]]

* NOTE--When a Co-BF AP receives a cross-BSS or joint CSI feedback in a TB PPDU, the carrier frequency of the TB PPDU may not be synchronized with its own.

[Motion #462, [264] and [405]]

## Coordinated TDMA (Co-TDMA)

* TGbn shall define a Coordinated TDMA (Co-TDMA) procedure for an AP to share its time resources of an obtained TXOP with a set of APs.
  + Set of APs is TBD.
  + The set can consist of one AP.

[Motion #46, [1] and [102-125]]

* As part of the Co-TDMA procedure, a sharing AP may solicit a poll response in a TB PPDU from another AP only if the other AP has indicated support for responding via a TB PPDU

[Motion #121, [1] and [108, 115, 122, 123, 124]]

* A TXOP owner AP shall announce~~s~~ its intention of sharing a portion of the time resource of its TXOP for Co-TDMA operation, in an Initial Control frame (exact ICF and name TBD) sent at the beginning of the TXOP. The frame polls AP(s) with whom it may share the TXOP to determine their interest
  + A TXOP owner AP that intends to share its TXOP is referred to as a sharing AP.
  + A candidate AP identified (polled) in the ICF is referred to as a polled AP.
  + The Duration field of the frame is set to the length of time required to transmit the solicited response frame plus one SIFS.
  + ~~Whether or not the sharing AP is mandated to send the ICF that announces that intention is TBD.~~

[Motion #156, [1] and [108, 110, 112, 114, 115, 117, 118, 122-124]]

[Motion #268, [264] and [108, 110, 115, 122-124]]

* As part of the Co-TDMA procedure, a candidate AP that is polled by the sharing AP shall provide, via a response,
  + Its intention not to participate in TXOP sharing during the current TXOP.
    - Note: If the sharing AP doesn’t receive a response from a polled AP, it assumes that the polled AP is not interested in TXOP sharing during the current TXOP.
  + Its intention to participate in TXOP sharing during the current TXOP.
  + Signaling details (including traffic indication) are TBD.

[Motion #157, [1] and [108, 110, 112, 114, 115, 117, 118, 122-124]]

* As part of the Co-TDMA procedure, to share a time portion of its TXOP, a sharing AP shall send a MU-RTS TXOP sharing (TXS) Trigger frame to another non-collocated AP.
  + The Allocation Duration field of the frame indicates the duration of that time portion.
  + The Duration field of the frame is set to the time required to transmit the solicited response frame plus one SIFS.

[Motion #159, [1] and [104, 108-110, 112-115, 156, 117, 118, 122-125, 225-227, 242]]

* As part of the Co-TDMA procedure, TGbn defines a mechanism for an AP, that received a time portion of a TXOP from a sharing AP, to return the remainder of the allocated time (if any) back to the sharing AP.
  + Signaling details and the condition(s) for TXOP return are TBD.

[Motion #160, [1] and [108-110, 112-115, 156, 117, 118, 121-125, 225-227, 242]]

* Define a mechanism as part of the procedure of time sharing during a TXOP (e.g. Co-TDMA, TXS, …) to support fairness to neighboring STAs (APs and non-APs).
  + Exact mechanism is TBD

[Motion #274, [264] and [111, 301]]

* As part of Co-TDMA operation, TGbn defines a mechanism for a Co-TDMA sharing AP to transmit to a Co-TDMA coordinated AP an indication of whether the Co-TDMA coordinated AP is to return the remainder of the allocated time (if any) back to the Co-TDMA sharing AP.
  + How to signal the indication is TBD
  + Note: This mechanism is to be enabled only if the Co-TDMA sharing AP is capable of receiving the TXOP return.

[Motion #277, [264] and [125, 227, 118, 123]]

* The maximum time allocated by a sharing AP in a TXOP to all shared AP for Co-TDMA is not larger than the TXOP limit it advertised for the minimum between AC\_VI TXOP limit and the TXOP Limit of the AC it obtains the TXOP with to its associated STAs.
  + If TXOP limit for an AC is 0, there is no Co-TDMA in a TXOP obtained using that AC.
* The sharing AP shall use at least a TBD portion of the obtained TXOP for data communication with its own associated STAs.
* NOTE: similar consideration will apply for TXS mode 2

[Motion #329, [264] and [111]

* The Co-TDMA sharing AP and the Co-TDMA coordinated AP shall have the same primary 20 MHz channel.

[Motion #363, [264] and [108]]

## Coordinated restricted TWT (Co-RTWT)

* Define mechanisms that enable APs to coordinate their rTWT schedule(s) and/or to ensure that one AP provides the protection of the rTWT schedule(s) of the other AP.
* NOTE – TBD mechanisms including negotiation between 2 APs and advertisement.

[Motion #48, [1] and [131-148]]

* If an AP extends the protection of the rTWT schedule of another AP, following negotiation or through other means, then:
  + The AP shall ensure its TXOP ends before the start time of the corresponding OBSS rTWT SP(s)
  + The AP, if it has at least one associated STA that is capable of rTWT, shall advertise in the beacon frames it transmits the OBSS rTWT schedule so that its associated STAs supporting rTWT follow the baseline rTWT rules for the OBSS rTWT schedule.

[Motion #149, [1] and [131-137, 139, 141, 146-147, 219-221, 136, 143, 144, 158, 222]]

* For negotiation over the wireless medium, an AP that requests protection for its R-TWT schedule(s) via negotiations with another AP includes information carried in TBD fields of the Broadcast TWT Parameter Set field corresponding to each R-TWT schedule being negotiated in a TBD individually addressed Management frame that it transmits to the other AP.

[Motion #281, [264] and [143, 136, 310, 158, 146, 135, 222, 131, 133, 137]]

* A Co-RTWT Requesting AP shall include one or more Co-RTWT Parameter Set fields corresponding to each requested R-TWT schedule in the TBD individually addressed Management frame used for the request to the Co-RTWT Responding AP. The Co-RTWT Parameter Set field includes the following:
  + Target Wake Time field
  + Broadcast TWT ID field
  + Broadcast TWT Persistence
  + TWT Wake Interval Mantissa
  + TWT Wake Interval Exponent
  + Nominal Minimum TWT Wake Duration
  + TBD other fields

[Motion #362, [264] and [158, 135, 143, 368, 146]]

## In-device coexistence

* 11bn defines a mechanism for a non-AP STA to report unavailability at TXOP level and define or reuse/update existing mechanism for a non-AP STA to report long term (periodic) unavailability.

[Motion #30, [1] and [66-82]]

* TGbn defines a mechanism that allows a STA to provide an update to its peer STA of specific operational Tx/Rx parameters using management frame exchanges (which parameters is TBD, focusing generally on local constraints (for example, coexistence constraints))

[Motion #136, [1] and [67-70]]

* The parameter update mechanism, done using management frame exchanges, allows a non-AP STA to transition in/out of a limited operation/capability mode
  + A STA in limited operation/capability mode changes one or more of the following TX/RX parameters: Maximum PPDU duration, Maximum MCS, use of LDPC, use of HT-immediate BlockAck, Disabled Subchannel bitmap, etc.
  + Optional/mandatory TBD

[Motion #137, [1] and [67-70]]

* The AP maintains up to one dynamic unavailability report per STA
* And the most recent dynamic unavailability report is the valid one

[Motion #143, [1] and [217]]

* A non-AP STA that is a TXOP responder can indicate in a response frame 1) for how long it will be available, if known and/or 2) whether it will be unavailable after a specific point in time and, if known, for how long
  + The response frame is a multi-STA BlockAck frame sent by the non-AP STA in response to the initial control frame or to MPDUs that solicit an immediate response

[Motion #146, [1] and [69, 66, 78, 214, 68, 74, 212, 71]]

* 11bn defines or reuses/updates existing mechanism for a UHR AP to report long term (periodic) unavailability
  + Applies when non-AP STA(s) support the mechanism

[Motion #150, [1] and [223, 68-70, 149]]

* A non-AP STA can request its associated AP to initiate TXOPs/frame exchanges with the STA with an initial control frame that enables the non-AP STA to include unavailability feedback in the initial response frame.

[Motion #153, [1] and [69, 71, 68, 74, 212, 78, 214, 213]]

* Periodic unavailability announcements from a non-AP STA are performed in UHR by enhancing the P2P TWT mechanism.

[Motion #155, [1] and [68-70, 149, 212, 77]]

* Define a mechanism so that a non-AP STA as a TXOP holder can indicate in a BSRP as the ICF frame 1) for how long it will be available, if known and/or 2) whether it will be unavailable after a specific point in time and, if known, for how long
  + There are conditions under which such a BSRP can be sent, and those conditions are TBD.

[Motion #158, [1] and [224, 212, 78, 214]]

* Include the COEX unavailability information in a new “Special User Info” field with AID12 set to 2008 of the BSRP Trigger frame when used as an ICF to report COEX unavailability information
  + A feedback type field (name TBD) (4 bits field – B12 to B15 of the “Special User Info” field) which is set to 0 to indicate that the “Special User Info” field is carrying CoEx unavailability information
  + COEX unavailability information includes two parameters: Unavailability Target Start Time and Unavailability Duration (these fields are already defined)

[Motion #261, [264] and [212, 272, 210]]

* The following conditions for transmitting unsolicited unavailability indications can be sent by a non-AP as a TXOP holder in a BSRP GI3 trigger frame:
  + No restriction when sent with QoS data transmitted in the TXOP
  + When sent without QoS data transmitted in the TXOP, not more than MaxStandaloneDuoBSRP number of times every beacon interval where MaxStandaloneDuoBSRP is a non-zero value and part of the DUO parameter set indicated by the AP
  + Note: BSRP GI3 Trigger frame is a BSRP Trigger frame that solicits an M-BA response that is carried in non-HT (DUP) PPDU format

[Motion #355, [264] and [217]

* Unavailability Target Start Time is indicated using 9 bits with a granularity of 64us
  + This subfield contains a partial TSF time at which the unavailability event is expected to start
  + Except that this subfield is reserved (i.e., invalid and to be ignored by the recipient) if the Unavailability Duration subfield is equal to 0
* Unavailability Duration is indicated using 9 bits with a granularity of 64us
  + This subfield is set to the estimated duration, in units of 64 microseconds, of the unavailability event except that
  + The value 0 indicates that the STA is available
  + The value 511 indicates that the STA is unavailable for an indefinite duration of time
  + The STA shall not use the value 511 unless the unavailability duration is unknown
* A non-AP STA that intends to transition to available state shall indicate to its associated AP that it transitions from being unavailable to being available by sending a BSRP GI3 Trigger frame with the Unavailability Duration field set to 0.

[Motion #377, [264] and [212, 373, 374]]

## Target wake time service period management

* TGbn defines a mechanism that enables a non-AP STA to indicate that it does not have pending traffic to deliver during the current ongoing TWT SP.
  + NOTE 1 – The exact signaling mechanism is TBD
  + NOTE 2 – This does not propose changing the SP termination mechanism/signaling itself. As per current spec, a TWT SP may be terminated by an AP as specified in 26.8.5
  + NOTE 3 – It is optional for the non-AP STA to provide such an indication

[Motion #31, [1] and [83]]

## Enhanced EDCA

* TGbn improves EDCA to reduce tail access delay of Low Latency (LL) traffic in multi-BSS dense scenarios in presence of best effort traffic
  + The solution to improve EDCA is distributed
  + The impact on legacy device has to be balanced
  + Low Latency traffic is treated as AC\_VO traffic. Other cases are TBD
* [Motion #123, [1] and [188- 194]]
* Define High Priority (HIP) EDCA in UHR where a STA with LL traffic may be allowed, based on TBD conditions, to send a Defer Signal (it is TBD whether CTS or RTS is used) to start a protected short contention for pending LL data
  + Conditions to be allowed to send a Defer Signal is TBD
  + STA in HIP EDCA always use RTS/CTS as initial frame exchange and retry.
  + Duration of protected short contention is TBD.
  + Access parameters (AIFSN, CW and the expansion rules) used to transmit the Defer Signal are TBD. The retry count where the Defer Signal is allowed to be sent is TBD
  + Contention parameters for the protected short contention are TBD. The STAs that transmitted a Defer Signal but did not win the protected short contention will initiate a new retry.
  + LL traffic is treated as AC\_VO traffic. Other cases are TBD.
  + The solution would provide control on the degree of collisions that may occur while using it and, allows for autonomous randomness or/and controlled by the AP
  + No new mandatory synchronization requirement on STA side
  + HIP EDCA is used by the STAs in a BSS only when this feature is enabled by the AP

[Motion #272, [264] and [188, 193, 287]]

* 11bn defines CTS as Defer Signal to start protected short contention for the pending LL data

[Motion #339, [264] and [359]]

* TGbn defines the reference value for the Protected Duration of the protected short contention
  + The default value is equal to AIFSN[2] + 7 slots (97 us)
  + The Defer Signal frame carry that Protected Duration in the Duration field
  + UHR AP may advertise values other than default

[Motion #340, [264] and [359]]

* Define default parameters for P-EDCA for AC\_VO to be used during protected short contention period as follows:
  + P-EDCA CWmin=7, P-EDCA CWmax=7
  + P-EDCA AIFSN=2
  + An UHR AP may advertise values other than default

[Motion #341, [264] and [359]]

## Indication and Notification of LL Traffic

* TGbn defines or improves an existing mechanism so that a non-AP STA that is a TXOP responder can indicate its buffered LL traffic needs (for traffic from the TXOP responder to the TXOP Holder) in a control response frame. The TXOP holder should consider the indication in determining subsequent actions. Subsequent actions related to this indication are out of the scope of the standard.
  + The Low Latency Indication is included in the Feedback field of the Feedback Per AID TID Info field (the one that carries control feedback).
  + The Feedback Type field is set to 1
  + NOTE: Feedback Type field set to 0 is used for DUO feedback
  + TBD bit(s) in the Feedback field is(are) defined to provide the low latency need(s)

[Motion #273, [264] and [288-300]]

[Motion #367, [264] and [370, 371]]

## Sounding

* There is no UHR sounding sequence for SU TxBF or DL MU-MIMO. UHR SU TxBF and UHR DL MU-MIMO uses EHT sounding sequence.

[Motion #179, [1] and [249]]

* UHR sounding sequence uses EHT NDP. I.e., there is no UHR NDP.
  + UHR Co-BF sounding sequence is the only UHR sounding sequence

[Motion #180, [1] and [249-251]]

## Peer-to-Peer (P2P) communications

* 11bn enhances existing mechanism(s) to improve latency for a non-AP STA communication with another non-AP STA on the base channel and off-channel, respectively, by
  + enhancing mechanism(s) to allow an AP to share a TXOP with multiple peer-to-peer (P2P) non-AP STAs(s)
  + enhancing the baseline Channel Usage procedure to provide better recommendation on channel selection for P2P by enabling coordination between APs that do not belong to the same ESS so that the channels recommended for P2P operation sent by those APs are the same.

Note 1: the coordinated channel recommendation is an optional feature. Also, the responding AP has an option to reject the request for such coordination.

Note 2:

* Base channel is the channel where the AP associated with the non-AP STA is operating.
* A channel outside its associated AP’s operating BW is an off-channel for the non-AP STA.

[Motion #184, [1] and [253-259]]

## UHR SCS/MSCS procedure

* An AP MLD may optionally include a QoS Map element within the SCS Response frame transmitted by the AP MLD to update the DSCP-to-UP mapping for UL if the following conditions are true
  + the TID and the User Priority subfields of the Control Info field in the associated QoS Characteristics element are set to different values within 0~7
  + the AP MLD and the non-AP MLD supports the QoS map operation

[Motion #235, [264] and [276]]

* UHR should allow more than two TIDs to be mapped to high priority ACs (i.e., VO or VI).
* Up to one TID for each AC currently assigned to BE and BK are remapped.
* Those TIDs may be used dynamically (e.g., following an SCS flow setup).

[Motion #276, [264] and [302-304, 276]]

## Dynamic subband operation (DSO)

* TGbn defines a mechanism where a non-AP STA can be allocated frequency resources dynamically (i.e., on a per-TXOP basis) outside of the non-AP STA's current operating bandwidth and within the associated AP's BSS bandwidth.

[Motion #332, [264] and [337-341, 22, 23, 342-346]]

* For a non-AP STA, the channel with bandwidth equaling its operating bandwidth and including the BSS primary channel is referred to as primary sub-band
* For a non-AP STA, a channel with the bandwidth equaling its operating bandwidth outside of its primary sub-band where it can be allocated resources by the AP is referred to as DSO sub-band for that non-AP STA
* A non-AP STA that supports this mechanism is referred to as a DSO STA

[Motion #388, [264] and [375, 337, 338, 342, 339, 340, 343, 341, 22, 23, 377-380]]

## Dynamic bandwidth expansion

* 11bn defines a mechanism for dynamic bandwidth expansion (DBE) that enables a UHR AP to modify (expand/reset) its Dynamic UHR operating BSS bandwidth for UHR STAs that support the DBE operation
  + The dynamic bandwidth change is signaled using management frames and is announced for multiple beacon intervals in advance, and the AP shall stay on the expanded bandwidth until a subsequent dynamic bandwidth change occurs
  + The primary channel does not change as part of the dynamic BW expansion.
  + TBD on DBE signaling details

[Motion #334, [264] and [351, 352]]

## Low latency, low loss, and scalable throughout (L4S)

* Define in 11bn an optional mechanism for L4S support on the AP as below.

•Define an MLME primitive that provides congestion notification from the MAC layer to the higher layer at the AP, to enable the upper layer to mark ECN bits on subsequent DL packets for L4S congestion signaling.

•Enhance the MA-UNITDATA.request primitive to provide an indication whether the MSDU carries the packet of L4S flow

NOTE - The conditions and criteria based on which the MAC layer determines to signal L4S congestion experienced notification to the upper layer is implementation specific and is outside the scope of this specification

[Motion #431, [264] and [392]]

## MAC feature #

Description for MAC feature #

# Frame format



## General

## Initial Control frame

* TGbn defines a way in 11bn to include in an initial control frame (ICF) an intermediate FCS for UHR STA(s) that precedes padding and the FCS field.

[Motion #12, [1] and [31, 19]]

* If an ICF includes an intermediate FCS for UHR STA(s) that precedes padding and the FCS field, the intermediate FCS has the size of 32 bits.

[Motion #47, [1] and [99, 31, 126-128, 100, 129-130]]

* TGbn uses BSRP Trigger frame as a UHR ICF sent:
  + From an AP for soliciting response in TB PPDU format from one or more scheduled STAs to allow a Multi-STA BA frame to be included in the TB PPDU sent by the UHR scheduled STAs in response, when carrying unavailability information
    - BSRP Trigger frame follows baseline rules for the solicited TB PPDU

[Motion #139, [1] and [210-212, 215]]

* The ICF (polling frame) sent as part of Co-TDMA operation shall be a BSRP Trigger frame

[Motion #269, [264] and [124, 118]]

* An individually addressed BSRP Trigger, used as an ICF, can indicate whether the responding PPDU is a non-HT (duplicate) PPDU and contains a multi-STA BA.
  + The indication (TBD whether reserved value or a reserved bit) is carried in the Common Info field of the BSRP Trigger frame

[Motion #152, [1] and [224, 212]]

* If a UHR non-AP MLD operates in the eMLSR mode, then its associated UHR AP MLD, that supports transmitting intermediate FCS, shall include an intermediate FCS, if needed by the non-AP MLD, in every Initial Control Frames for eMLSR transmitted to the non-AP MLD through its affiliated APs on the eMLSR links
  + Mandatory/optional support for transmitting intermediate FCS is TBD
  + The field that carries the Intermediate FCS shall be designed to be ignored by legacy STAs if they are scheduled in the same initial control frame
  + Note: intermediate FCS may not be needed, for instance, if the STA requires no padding.

[Motion #154, [1] and [31, 100]]

* An AP transmitting a BSRP Trigger frame as an ICF which is addressed to at least a UHR non-AP STA that has enabled a dynamic unavailability operation mode, shall ensure that the UL Length field is set to a sufficient length so that the PPDU that contains a Multi-STA BA as an ICR, includes unavailability information in the Multi-STA BA in addition to other baseline requirements

[Motion #212, [264] and [272]]

* Allowed UHR ICF to be transmitted by a non-AP STA (addressing the associated AP STA)
* Legend: Green: allowed; Orange: disallowed

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Allowed UHR ICF to be transmitted by a non-AP STA (addressing the associated AP STA)** | | | | | | | |
| **ICF** | **eMLSR** | **AP DPS** | **Solicited Coex** | **Unsolicited Coex** | **NPCA** | **C-TDMA (ICF)** | **Co-BF/Co-SR** |
| **RTS** | **N/A** | **Yes** | **N/A\*** | **No** | **No** | **N/A** | |
| **MU RTS** | **No** | **No** | **No** |
| **BSRP Trigger** | **No** | **No** | **No** |
| **BSRP GI3** | **Yes** | **Yes** | **Yes** |
| **Notes:**   * RTS solicits CTS frame; BSRP GI3 Trigger frame solicits an M-BA that is contained in a non-HT (dup) PPDU. * C-TDMA, C-BF, CSR ICF transmission is to other APs. No expectations for non-AP STAs, unless due to other functionalities already enabled/supported by non-AP STA. * Solicited and Unsolicited Coex are part of DUO. * N/A means that either the non-AP STA is not allowed to send an ICF or the AP STA is not allowed to respond with ICR for this scheme/operation mode. * \*DUO is only approved for non-AP STAs. So, a non-AP STA cannot send an ICF to an AP soliciting unavailability information in ICR (i.e., solicited CoEx).   **Acronyms: DPS: Dynamic Power Save, DUO: Dynamic Unavailability Operation, Unsolicited CoEx: Reporting unavailability in ICF, Co-BF: Coordinated beamforming, Co-SR: Coordinated Spatial Reuse, BSRP GI3: BSRP Trigger soliciting an M-BA in non-HT (dup) PPDU** | | | | | | | |

[Motion #287, [264] and [212, 318, 124, 199]]

## Initial Control Response frame

* TGbn uses Multi-STA BA for Initial Control Response frame (ICR) for DL and UL, at least when carrying the unavailability information

[Motion #138, [1] and [209-214, 74, 78]]

* TGbn defines a special Feedback Per AID TID Info field (name TBD) that carries control feedback in the Multi-STA BA frame
  + The control feedback (i.e., unavailability indication) is carried instead of the BlockAck Bitmap in that Feedback Per AID TID Info field
  + The Ack Type subfield of the Per AID TID Info field is set to 0 and the TID subfield of the Per AID TID Info field is set to a reserved value
  + The AID11 subfield of this Per AID TID Info field is set to a reserved TBD value if the control feedback is addressed to all STAs or to the AID11 that identifies the intended recipient STA
  + The Starting Sequence Number field of this Per AID TID Info field is reserved

[Motion #141, [1] and [74, 209, 211, 82, 212, 216, 78, 214]]

* 11bn allows Multi-STA BA to carry one or more types of feedback (e.g., unavailability) information
  + How to include feedback information is TBD.

[Motion #151, [1] and [78, 214, 74, 212, 82]]

* TGbn defines the following fields for unavailability indication in M-STA BA frames:
  + an Unavailability Target Start Time field defined as the TSF time at which the STA becomes unavailable (range and resolution TBD, expectation is to use a portion of the TSF)
  + an Unavailability Duration field defined as the time during which the STA is unavailable (field may be not present or set to an unknown value)

[Motion #140, [1] and [74, 209, 211, 82, 212, 216]]

* TGbn defines the following:
  + Unavailability Target Start Time is indicated using 9 bits with a granularity of 64us
  + Unavailability Duration is indicated using 9 bits with a granularity of 64us

[Motion #142, [1] and [74, 209, 211, 82, 212, 216]]

* As part of Co-TDMA operation, a poll response from a polled AP solicited by the ICF shall be carried in an M-BA frame

[Motion #270, [264] and [124, 118]]

* In response to BSRP Trigger frame as an ICF transmitted by a non-AP STA as the TXOP holder, an AP transmits a Multi-STA BlockAck frame
  + Whether Block Ack Starting Sequence Control subfield and Block Ack Bitmap subfield are present or not is TBD
  + Values of Ack Type and TID are TBD

[Motion #271, [264] and [272]]

* 11bn allows a Multi-STA BA frame to include both Block Ack Bitmap and Feedback information if the preceding PPDU includes QoS Data frame(s) that solicit an immediate response (e.g., Ack or BlockAck context) and the non-AP STA is operating in a mode that allows inclusion of feedback information (e.g. DUO mode).

[Motion #343, [264] and [214]]

* A UHR STA may treat a received ICF trigger frame as successful if the CRC check on the intermediate FCS, if present, passes.

[Motion #501, [264] and [417]]

## Trigger frame

### General

* TGbn defines the UHR variant of Trigger Frame.
  + Reuse the EHT variant of Trigger Frame format for the UHR variant of Trigger Frame, with one Special User Info field immediately after the Common Info field
* Differentiate EHT and UHR variant by the value of the PHY Version Identifier in the Special User Info field being 0 or 1
* Reuse the EHT variant Common Info field and Special User Info field for UHR
  + B60-B62 in the UHR variant common info field are “UHR Reserved”
* Reserved bits in the UHR variant Common Info field and Special User Info field may be used for other UHR features
* The UHR variant of Trigger frame includes the UHR variant User Info field.
  + It has the same length as the EHT variant User Info field

[Motion #186, [1] and [247, 262, 263]]

### Common field

* Use 4-bit bitmap in Common Info field (B56-B59) for DRU indication
  + 1 bit/80MHz to indicate each 80MHz is used for DRU or RRU

[Motion #61, [1] and [164]]

* For UHR-variant Trigger frame:
  + iFCS present: 1 bit field in UHR-variant Common Info field
    - TBD for HE/EHT-variant

[Motion #278, [264] and [128, 99]]

### UHR variant User Info field

* Re-purpose 2 bits of SS Allocation subfield in User Info field for DBW indication if DRU

[Motion #62, [1] and [164]]

* Add a 1-bit 2xLDPC subfield in the UHR variant User Info field in Trigger Frame
* The 2xLDPC subfield is set to 1 to indicate 2xLDPC (nominal codeword size of 3888) is used, or set to 0 to indicate it’s not used, if the coding scheme is LDPC
* In the UHR Variant User Info field in Trigger Frame, the 2xLDPC subfield is set to 1 and reserved if UL FEC Coding Type is BCC (0)

[Motion #174, [1] and [247, 248]]

* For a UHR TB PPDU transmission, there exists a 5-bit UL UHR MCS in a User Info field for UHR variant of Trigger frame.

[Motion #187, [1] and [262]]

* Use the following UHR variant User Info field design

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | B0 | B11 | B12 | B19 | B20 | B21 | B25 | B26 | B27 | B31 | B32 | B38 | B39 |  |
|  | AID12 | | RU Allocation | | UL FEC Coding Type | UL UHR-MCS | | 2xLDPC | SS Allocation | | UL Target Receive Power | | PS160 | Trigger Dependent User Info |
| Bits: | 12 | | 8 | | 1 | 5 | | 1 | 5 | | 7 | | 1 | variable |
| **Figure 4-1: UHR variant User Info field format** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

* **The SS Allocation subfield design depends on RRU or DRU**
  + Repurpose 1 bit in the SS Allocation subfield in the UHR variant User Info field to indicate NSS (1SS or 2SS) in the case of DRU

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | B0 |  | B2 | B3 | B4 |
|  | Starting Stream Index | | | Number Of Spatial Streams | |
| Bits: | 3 | | | 2 | |
|  | **Figure 4-2: SS Allocation subfield format of a UHR variant User Info field in the case of RRU** | | | | |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | B0 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 |
|  | Distribution BW | | Reserved | | Number Of Spatial Streams |
|  |
| Bits: | 2 | | 2 | | 1 |
|  | **Figure 4-3: SS Allocation subfield format of a UHR variant User Info field in the case of DRU** | | | | |

[Motion #188, [1] and [147]]

* 11bn supports indicating a 60 MHz DBW using a value of 3 in the 2-bit DBW indication subfield within the UHR variant User Info field of a Trigger Frame in the case of DRU

[Motion #240, [264] and [278]]

* Encoding of the PS160 and RU allocation subfields in a UHR variant User Info field for DBW60 is defined as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| PS160 subfield | B0 of the RU Allocation subfield | B7-B1 of the RU Allocation subfield | Bandwidth (MHz) | DRU Size | DRU index | 80MHz frequency subblock index (l) | PHY DRU index |
| 0-3: 80 MHz frequency subblock where the DRU is located | | 0-36 | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved |
| 37-48 | 80, 160, or 320 | 52 | DRU1 to DRU12 | *N* | 16x*N* + DRU index |
| 49-52 | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved |
| 53-58 | 80, 160, or 320 | 106 | DRU1 to DRU6 | *N* | 8x*N* + DRU index |
| 59-60 | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved |
| 61-63 | 80, 160, or 320 | 242 | DRU1 to DRU3 | *N* | 4x*N* + DRU index |
| 64-127 | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved |

[Motion #320, [264] and [333, 334]]

## NDP Announcement frame

* NDP Announcement Variant subfield shall be set to 3 for Co-BF NDPA in UHR.

[Motion #189, [1] and [184, 250, 251]]

* For the Co-BF case, the information in the NDP Announcement frame for the responding AP has a unified design for joint-NDP based sounding as well as cross-BSS section of sequential sounding.

[Motion #219, [264] and [249]]

* 11bn defines 5-bit Recommended CSI MCS subfield in the second Special STA Info field of the NDPA targeted for OBSS AP in the UHR Co-BF sounding
  + It is set from B20 to B24 in the second Special STA Info field
  + The 5-bit MCS level includes “No Recommendation” MCS entry in addition to the UHR MCS entries
    - Index 31 indicates “No Recommendation”
  + The Recommended CSI MCS is for the OBSS AP to set the MCS in the BFRP trigger frame sent in the future Cross-BSS sounding / Joint Sounding sequence
  + When there are multiple OBSS STAs to feedback the CSI report, the Recommended CSI MCS can be set to the lowest MCS among all those OBSS STAs

[Motion #250, [264] and [280]]

* When the initiating AP requests the responding AP to join the Co-BF sounding, the red subfields in the first and second User Info fields of the NDPA shall be set as follows.
  + NDPA Version Identifier is set to 0 for Co-BF sounding in UHR
  + Number of LTF symbols is set to 0 and 1 for 4 and 8 symbols, respectively
  + Starting Spatial Stream is set to 0 and 1 for the 1st and 5th streams, respectively
  + Number of spatial streams is set to 0 and 1 for the 4 and 8 streams, respectively
  + LTF+GI is set to 0 and 1 for 2x LTF+0.8us GI and 2x LTF+1.6us GI, respectively
  + B20-26, which are shown as Reserved in the second User Info field, can be used in the future

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Bit | 0 - 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | | 19 | 20 - 24 | 25-26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | |
| 1st User Info field | AID11: 2047 | NDPA Version Identifier | | | BSS Color | | | | | | | TXOP | | Disambiguation | Bandwidth | | | | Reserved | |
| 2nd User Info field | AID11: AID of responding AP | Punctured Channel Information | | | | | Number of LTF Symbols | Starting Spatial  Stream | | Number of Spatial Streams | LTF+GI | Recommended CSI MCS | Reserved | Disambiguation | Reserved | | | | | |

[Motion #262, [264] and [249, 250]]

[Motion #250, [264] and [280]]

## Co-BF Sounding Invite frame

* The Co-BF Sounding Invite frame carries the following information:
  + Bandwidth
  + Punctured Channel Information

[Motion #519, [264] and [420-422]]

## Co-BF Invite frame

* The Co-BF Invite frame carries the following information.
  + How to indicate the information is TBD.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Category | Information |
| Control | ‘Co-BF Invite’ |
| PHY Common Info | Minimum Number of Data OFDM Symbols |
| Maximum Number of Data OFDM Symbols |
| PHY Version Identifier |
| Bandwidth |
| Punctured Channel Information |
| GI+LTF Size |
| Maximum Total Nss Allowed for shared AP |
| Number of Co-BF Users in sharing BSS |
| Per-User Info in Sharing BSS | STA ID |
| Nss |

[Motion #327, [264] and [326, 322]

* The following information shall be exchanged before Co-BF PPDU:
  + Min-Nsym and Max-Nsym indication about the Co-BF PPDU length sent in the Co-BF invite frame

[Motion #371, [264] and [321]]

* The Bandwidth and Punctured Channel Information indication in the Co-BF Invite and Sync frames are the same with the following rules:
  + When the static puncturing patterns of the two APs are the same, the puncturing information in the invite and sync frames corresponds to that
  + If the static puncturing patterns of the two APs are not the same, the sharing AP will need to reduce to a smaller BW in which the two APs have the same puncturing pattern, and the information in the invite and sync frames will correspond to that reduced BW configuration
  + NOTE: Indication format is TBD

[Motion #438, [264] and [393]]

* The indicated GI+LTF Size (for the Co-BF transmission) in the Co-BF Invite and Sync frames is the same
  + GI+LTF size indication format is TBD

[Motion #439, [264] and [393]]

* 11bn defines the three “Number of Data OFDM Symbols” subfields in Co-BF Invite and Response frames to be 9-bits, and
  + Value n indicate “Number of OFDM Symbols – 1”
  + Value 511 (‘111111111’) indicates “No suggestion” in “Suggested Number of Data OFDM Symbols” subfield in Co-BF Response frame
  + Note:
    - Minimum Number of Data OFDM Symbols
    - Maximum Number of Data OFDM Symbols
    - Suggested Number of Data OFDM Symbols

[Motion #463, [264] and [406]]

## Co-BF Response frame

* The Co-BF Response frame carries at least the following information.
  + How to indicate the information is TBD.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Category | Information |
| Control | ‘Co-BF Acceptance’ |
| PHY Common Info | Suggested Number of Data OFDM Symbols |
| PHY Version Identifier |
| Extra LTF Allowed |
| Number of CoBF Users in shared BSS |
| Per-User Info in Shared BSS | STA ID |
| MCS |
| Nss |
| 2xLDPC |

[Motion #328, [264] and [326, 322]

* The following information shall be exchanged before Co-BF PPDU:
  + Suggested Nsym indication in the Co-BF response frame from shared AP
    - Sharing AP is allowed to ignore the shared AP’s suggestion
    - Suggested value shall not be smaller than the Min-Nsym value from sharing AP

[Motion #371, [264] and [321]]

* An AP shall use the BSRP NTB Trigger frame variant for the Co-BF Invite frame
  + The Co-BF Response frame shall be M-BA
  + TBD whether there’s another frame variant allowed for the Co-BF Invite/Response frame

[Motion #448, [264] and [396, 397]]

## Co-BF Sync frame

* The Co-BF Sync frame carries the following information
  + How to indicate the information is TBD

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Category | Information |
| Control | ‘Co-BF Sync’ |
| PHY Common Info | Length |
| PHY Version Identifier |
| Bandwidth |
| Punctured Channel Information |
| BSS Color 1, BSS Color 2 |
| TXOP |
| Number of UHR-SIG Symbols |
| GI+LTF Size |
| Number Of UHR-LTF Symbols |
| Number of Co-BF Users |
| Per-User Info in Both BSS | STA ID |
| BSS Color Indication |
| MCS |
| Spatial Configuration |
| 2xLDPC |

[Motion #311, [264] and [326, 322, 323, 327]]

* In each of the Co-BF Invite, Response and Sync frames, if there is information for more than one users, the users are ordered according to NSS in non-increasing order
  + The order of users in the sharing BSS in the Sync frame is aligned with that in the Invite frame.
  + The order of users in the shared BSS in the Sync frame is aligned with that in the Response frame.
* [Motion #312, [264] and [326, 321, 328]]
* The order of user information in the Sync frame is aligned with the order of users in the UHR-SIG User field for Co-BF transmission.

[Motion #316, [264] and [326, 322, 328]]

## Co-SR Invite frame

* The invite frame for CoSR will carry the following
  + GI+LTF combination
  + Number of LTF symbols

[Motion #477, [264] and [411, 412]]

* The Co-SR length indication will be done as follows:
  + Invite frame signals
    - Min and Max number of data OFDM symbols
* Response frame signals
  + Suggested number of data OFDM symbols
* Sync frame signals
  + L-SIG length
* The same 9 bit encoding as Co-BF shall be used for the following 3 fields
  + Min and Max number of data OFDM symbols in invite
  + Suggested number of data OFDM symbols in response
    - Value 511 (‘111111111’) indicates “No suggestion”

[Motion #478, [264] and [411, 412]]

## Roaming Preparation Request/Response frame

* There is only one target AP MLD indicated in the Roaming Preparation Request frame from a non-AP MLD.

[Motion #336, [264] and [353, 235, 350, 358]]

* The Link Reconfiguration Request/Response frames (with necessary extensions) shall be used as the Roaming Preparation Request/Response frames
  + The Per-STA Profile subelement of the Multi-Link shall be present and each corresponds to the requested/accepted links
  + TBD signaling to indicate that the request is to initiate roaming preparation
  + Other extension (if needed) TBD

[Motion #345, [264] and [350, 358, 360, 361, 355, 356, 357, 362, 235, 303]]

* The Link Reconfiguration Request/Response frames (with necessary extensions) shall be used as the roaming execution Request/Response frames.
  + The Per-STA Profile subelement of Multi-Link element is not required to be present.
  + TBD signaling to indicate that the request is to initiate roaming execution transition
  + Other extension (if needed) TBD

[Motion #346, [264] and [350, 303, 235, 358, 354, 360, 361, 355-357, 362]]

## Field #

Description for Field #

# Passed motions on PDTs

The passed motions on PDTs are reflected in 1[1-25/0272r2](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0272-02-00bn-tgbn-spec-text-volunteers-and-status.docx).

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127. [11-24/0497r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-0497-00-00bn-security-enhancement-control-frame-protection-follow-up.pptx): 11-24-0497-00-00bn-security-enhancement-control-frame-protection-follow-up, Liwen Chu (NXP)
128. [11-24/0544r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-0544-01-00bn-power-save-protocols-for-uhr-follow-up.pptx): 11-24-0544-01-00bn-power-save-protocols-for-uhr-follow-up, Sherief Helwa (Qualcomm Technologies Inc)
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133. [11-23/0860r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/23/11-23-0860-00-0uhr-further-thoughts-on-coordinated-twt.pptx): 11-23-0860-00-0uhr-further-thoughts-on-coordinated-twt, Rubayet Shafin (Samsung Research America)
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137. [11-23/1932r3](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/23/11-23-1932-03-00bn-further-considerations-on-coordinated-twt.pptx): 11-23-1932-03-00bn-further-considerations-on-coordinated-twt, Rubayet Shafin (Samsung Research America)
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142. [11-23/2084r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/23/11-23-2084-01-00bn-enhanced-r-twt-for-uhr.pptx): 11-23-2084-01-00bn-enhanced-r-twt-for-uhr, Jeongki Kim (Ofinno)
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160. [11-23/1985r6](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/23/11-23-1985-06-00bn-longer-ldpc-codeword.pptx): 11-23-1985-06-00bn-longer-ldpc-codeword, Rethna Pulikkoonattu (Broadcom Inc)
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162. [11-24/1188r2](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1188-02-00bn-global-csd-index-assignment-for-dru-stf-transmission-in-11bn.pptx): 11-24-1188-02-00bn-global-csd-index-assignment-for-dru-stf-transmission-in-11bn, Shengquan Hu (Mediatek)
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167. [11-24/1510r2](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1510-02-00bn-open-issues-on-dru.pptx): 11-24-1510-02-00bn-open-issues-on-dru, Lin Yang (Qualcomm Inc.)
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170. [11-24/1478r4](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1478-04-00bn-elr-ppdu-design.pptx): 11-24-1478-04-00bn-elr-ppdu-design, Lin Yang (Qualcomm Inc.)
171. [11-24/1772r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1772-00-00bn-signaling-for-uhr-ppdu-follow-up.pptx): 11-24-1772-00-00bn-signaling-for-uhr-ppdu-follow-up, Ross Jian Yu (Huawei)
172. [11-24/1097r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1097-01-00bn-thoughts-on-uhr-ltf-for-dru.pptx): 11-24-1097-01-00bn-thoughts-on-uhr-ltf-for-dru, Eunsung Park (LG Electronics)
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179. [11-24/1542r5](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1542-05-00bn-sounding-schemes-for-coordinated-beamforming.pptx): 11-24-1542-05-00bn-sounding-schemes-for-coordinated-beamforming, Sameer Vermani (Qualcomm)
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182. [11-24/1901r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1901-00-00bn-dru-ltf-sequence-design-for-40mhz-dbw.pptx): 11-24-1901-00-00bn-dru-ltf-sequence-design-for-40mhz-dbw, Chenchen LIU (Huawei)
183. [11-24/1488r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1488-01-00bn-elr-ppdu-transmission-design.pptx): 11-24-1488-01-00bn-elr-ppdu-transmission-design, Shengquan Hu (Mediatek)
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186. [11-24/0498r4](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-0498-04-00bn-unequal-modulation-in-mimo-txbf-and-new-mcs-for-11bn.pptx): 11-24-0498-04-00bn-unequal-modulation-in-mimo-txbf-and-new-mcs-for-11bn, Alice Chen (Qualcomm)
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188. [11-24/1144r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1144-01-00bn-hip-edca-proposal-follow.pptx): 11-24-1144-01-00bn-hip-edca-proposal-follow, Dmitry Akhmetov (Intel)
189. [11-23/2126r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/23/11-23-2126-03-00bn-low-latency-channel-access-follow-up.pptx): 11-23-2126-03-00bn-low-latency-channel-access-follow-up, Dmitry Akhmetov (Intel)
190. [11-23/1065r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/23/11-23-1065-00-0uhr-low-latency-channel-access.pptx): 11-23-1065-00-0uhr-low-latency-channel-access, Laurent Cariou (Intel)
191. [11-24/0467r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-0467-01-00bn-hip-edca-follow-up-legacy-impact.pptx): 11-24-0467-01-00bn-hip-edca-follow-up-legacy-impact, Dmitry Akhmetov (Intel)
192. [11-24/0840r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-0840-00-00bn-hip-edca-proposal.pptx): 11-24-0840-00-00bn-hip-edca-proposal, Dmitry Akhmetov (Intel)
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196. [11-24/1155r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1155-00-00bn-further-discussions-on-npca.pptx): 11-24-1155-00-00bn-further-discussions-on-npca, Sanghyun Kim (WILUS)
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223. [11-24/1108r2](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1108-02-00bn-periodic-idc-signaling-for-mobile-ap.pptx): 11-24-1108-02-00bn-periodic-idc-signaling-for-mobile-ap, Hongwon Lee (LG Electronincs)
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228. [11-23/1835r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/23/11-23-1835-00-00bn-ap-power-management.pptx): 11-23-1835-00-00bn-ap-power-management, Yongsen Ma (Samsung)
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232. [11-24/1425r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1425-00-00bn-considerations-for-context-transfer-in-11bn.pptx): 11-24-1425-00-00bn-considerations-for-context-transfer-in-11bn, Peshal Nayak (Samsung)
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238. [11-24/0480r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-0480-00-00bn-details-on-context-transfer-and-data-forwarding-under-ft-protocol.pptx): 11-24-0480-00-00bn-details-on-context-transfer-and-data-forwarding-under-ft-protocol, Guogang Huang (Huawei)
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243. [12-24/1831r2](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1831-02-00bn-uhr-u-sig-and-uhr-sig-common-field-general-design.pptx): 11-24-1831-02-00bn-uhr-u-sig-and-uhr-sig-common-field-general-design, Juan Fang (Intel)
244. [11-24/1840r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1840-01-00bn-uhr-mu-ppdu-user-info-field-signaling.pptx): 11-24-1840-01-00bn-uhr-mu-ppdu-user-info-field-signaling, Rui Cao (NXP)
245. [11-24/1695r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1695-01-00bn-11bn-signaling-design-for-extra-mcs-ueqm-2xldpc.pptx): 11-24-1695-01-00bn-11bn-signaling-design-for-extra-mcs-ueqm-2xldpc, You-Wei Chen (MediaTek)
246. [11-24/1829r2](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1829-02-00bn-uhr-sig-signaling-for-cobf.pptx): 11-24-1829-02-00bn-uhr-sig-signaling-for-cobf, Shengquan Hu (Mediatek)
247. [11-24/1833r4](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1833-04-00bn-trigger-frame-design-for-uhr.pptx): 11-24-1833-04-00bn-trigger-frame-design-for-uhr, Alice Chen (Qualcomm)
248. [11-24/1834r4](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1834-04-00bn-11bn-non-elr-signaling-design-for-new-features.pptx): 11-24-1834-04-00bn-11bn-non-elr-signaling-design-for-new-features, Alice Chen (Qualcomm)
249. [11-24/1822r4](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1822-04-00bn-cobf-design-for-uhr.pptx): 11-24-1822-04-00bn-cobf-design-for-uhr, Sameer Vermani (Qualcomm)
250. [11-24/1835r3](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1835-03-00bn-backward-compatible-sounding-for-cobf.pptx): 11-24-1835-03-00bn-backward-compatible-sounding-for-cobf, Qinghua Li (Intel)
251. [11-24/1865r3](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1865-03-00bn-universal-sounding-and-ndpa-signaling.pptx): 11-24-1865-03-00bn-universal-sounding-and-ndpa-signaling, You-Wei Chen (MediaTek)
252. [11-24/1826r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1826-01-00bn-5bit-mcs-table-design.pptx): 11-24-1826-00-00bn-5bit-mcs-table-design, Ron Porat (Broadcom)
253. [11-22/1528r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/22/11-22-1528-01-0uhr-enhanced-device-connectivity-with-robust-qos-support.pptx): 11-22-1528-01-0uhr-enhanced-device-connectivity-with-robust-qos-support, Rubayet Shafin (Samsung Research America)
254. [11-23/0294r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/23/11-23-0294-01-0uhr-channel-usage-enhancements-for-p2p-in-uhr.pptx): 11-23-0294-01-0uhr-channel-usage-enhancements-for-p2p-in-uhr, Rubayet Shafin (Samsung Research America)
255. 11-[23/1424r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/23/11-23-1424-00-0uhr-follow-up-on-peer-to-peer-p2p-communication-for-uhr.pptx): 11-23-1424-00-0uhr-follow-up-on-peer-to-peer-p2p-communication-for-uhr, Rubayet Shafin (Samsung Research America)
256. [11-23/1929r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/23/11-23-1929-00-00bn-peer-to-peer-p2p-resource-management.pptx): 11-23-1929-00-00bn-peer-to-peer-p2p-resource-management, Rubayet Shafin (Samsung Research America)
257. [11-24/0392r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-0392-01-00bn-enhancements-on-base-channel-peer-to-peer-p2p-communications.pptx): 11-24-0392-01-00bn-enhancements-on-base-channel-peer-to-peer-p2p-communications, Rubayet Shafin (Samsung Research America)
258. [11-24/0393r3](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-0393-03-00bn-enhancements-on-off-channel-peer-to-peer-p2p-communications.pptx): 11-24-0393-03-00bn-enhancements-on-off-channel-peer-to-peer-p2p-communications, Rubayet Shafin (Samsung Electronics)
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260. [11-24/1595r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1595-01-00bn-scope-of-mapc-and-roaming-standardization.pptx): 11-24-1595-01-00bn-scope-of-mapc-and-roaming-standardization, Brian Hart (Cisco Systems)
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262. [11-24/1765r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1765-00-00bn-consideration-on-11bn-trigger-frame-for-phy-signailng.pptx): 11-24-1765-00-00bn-consideration-on-11bn-trigger-frame-for-phy-signailng, Dongguk Lim (LG Electronics)
263. [11-24/1507r3](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1507-03-00bn-uhr-trigger-frame-design.pptx): 11-24-1507-03-00bn-uhr-trigger-frame-design, Mahmoud Hasabelnaby (Huawei)
264. [11-25/0014r35](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0014-35-00bn-tgbn-motions-list-part-2.pptx): 11-25-0014-07-00bn-tgbn-motions-list-part-2, Alfred Asterjadhi (Qualcomm Technologies Inc.)
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267. [11-24/1832r6](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1832-06-00bn-stream-parser-for-unequal-modulation.pptx): 11-24-1832-06-00bn-stream-parser-for-unequal-modulation, Qinghua Li (Intel)
268. [11-24/1807r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1807-00-00bn-follow-up-on-ueqm-stream-parser.pptx): 11-24-1807-00-00bn-follow-up-on-ueqm-stream-parser, Ying Wang (InterDigital)
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271. [11-24/1864r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1864-01-00bn-map-ppdu-consideration-and-harmonized-u-sig-signaling.pptx): 11-24-1864-01-00bn-map-ppdu-consideration-and-harmonized-u-sig-signaling, You-Wei Chen (MediaTek)
272. [11-24/1464r2](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1464-02-00bn-discussion-on-icf.pptx): 11-24-1464-02-00bn-discussion-on-icf, Insun Jang (LG Electronics)
273. [11-24/1829r2](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1829-02-00bn-uhr-sig-signaling-for-cobf.pptx): 11-24-1829-02-00bn-uhr-sig-signaling-for-cobf, Shengquan Hu (Mediatek)
274. [11-24/0469r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-0469-00-00bn-new-mcss-for-11bn.pptx): 11-24-0469-00-00bn-new-mcss-for-11bn, Shengquan Hu (Mediatek)
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279. [11-24/1785r2](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1785-02-00bn-interference-mitigation-pilots-definitions.pptx): 11-24-1785-02-00bn-interference-mitigation-pilots-definitions, Shimi Shilo (Huawei)
280. [11-25/0078r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0078-00-00bn-special-sta-info-field-in-uhr-ndpa.pptx): 11-25-0078-00-00bn-special-sta-info-field-in-uhr-ndpa, Junghoon Suh (Huawei)
281. [11-25/0128r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0128-00-00bn-discussion-on-pe-requirement-for-ueqm.pptx): 11-25-0128-00-00bn-discussion-on-pe-requirement-for-ueqm, Mengshi Hu (Huawei)
282. [11-25/0104r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0104-00-00bn-co-sr-preamble-signaling.pptx): 11-25-0104-00-00bn-co-sr-preamble-signaling, Ross Jian Yu (Huawei)
283. [11-23/1868r2](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/23/11-23-1868-02-00bn-coordinated-spatial-reuse-design.pptx): 11-23-1868-02-00bn-coordinated-spatial-reuse-design, Jason Yuchen Guo (Huawei)
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285. [11-24/0963r3](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-0963-03-00bn-enhancement-of-bsr-follow-up.pptx): 11-24-0963-03-00bn-enhancement-of-bsr-follow-up, Frank Hsu (Mediatek Inc.)
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289. [11-24/0168r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-0168-00-00bn-txop-preemption-in-11bn.pptx): 11-24-0168-00-00bn-txop-preemption-in-11bn, Kiseon Ryu (NXP)
290. [11-24/0416r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-0416-01-00bn-target-sta-prioritization-in-edca-based-preemption-mechanisms-during-a-dl-txop.pptx): 11-24-0416-01-00bn-target-sta-prioritization-in-edca-based-preemption-mechanisms-during-a-dl-txop, Mingyu Lee (Samsung Electronics)
291. [11-24/0442r3](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-0442-03-00bn-latency-reduction-for-immediate-real-time-application-traffic-transmission.pptx): 11-24-0442-03-00bn-latency-reduction-for-immediate-real-time-application-traffic-transmission, Yue Qi (Samsung Electronics)
292. [11-24/1195r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1195-01-00bn-indication-techniques-for-urgent-traffic.pptx): 11-24-1195-01-00bn-indication-techniques-for-urgent-traffic, Jinho Choi (Samsung Electronics)
293. [11-23/0885r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/23/11-23-0885-00-0uhr-considerations-on-qos-enhancement-in-uhr.pptx): 11-23-0885-00-0uhr-considerations-on-qos-enhancement-in-uhr, Peshal Nayak (Samsung)
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297. [11-24/1871r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1871-01-00bn-erd-enhanced-reverse-direction-protocol-to-support-txop-sharing-and-low-latency-traffic-exchange.pptx): 11-24-1871-01-00bn-erd-enhanced-reverse-direction-protocol-to-support-txop-sharing-and-low-latency-traffic-exchange, Behnam Dezfouli (Nokia)
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302. [11-24/0463r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-0463-01-00bn-qos-enhancements-for-uhr.pptx): 11-24-0463-01-00bn-qos-enhancements-for-uhr, Dibakar Das (Intel)
303. [11-24/1889r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1889-00-00bn-seamless-roaming-follow-up-1.pptx): 11-24-1889-00-00bn-seamless-roaming-follow-up-1, Liwen Chu (NXP)
304. [11-23/0069r1:](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/23/11-23-0069-01-0uhr-considerations-on-latency-improvement.pptx) 11-23-0069-01-0uhr-considerations-on-latency-improvement, Insun Jang (LG Electronics)
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306. [11-24/1894r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1894-00-00bn-smd-architecture.pptx): 11-24-1894-00-00bn-smd-architecture, Binita Gupta (Cisco Systems)
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308. [11-23/1416r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/23/11-23-1416-00-0uhr-seamless-roaming-follow-up.pptx): 11-23-1416-00-0uhr-seamless-roaming-follow-up, Duncan Ho (Qualcomm Technologies, Inc.)
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310. [11-23/0355r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/23/11-23-0355-00-0uhr-enhanced-rtwt-and-map-operation.pptx): 11-23-0355-00-0uhr-enhanced-rtwt-and-map-operation, Hanqing Lou (InterDigital)
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314. [11-24/1890r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1890-00-00bn-seamless-roaming-follow-up-2.pptx): 11-24-1890-00-00bn-seamless-roaming-follow-up-2, Liwen Chu (NXP)
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316. [11-24/1824r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1824-01-00bn-discussion-on-context-transfer-in-seamless-roaming.pptx): 11-24-1824-01-00bn-discussion-on-context-transfer-in-seamless-roaming, Javier Perez-Ramirez (Ofinno)
317. [11-24/2129r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-2129-00-00bn-aid-assignment-for-seamless-roaming.pptx): 11-24-2129-00-00bn-aid-assignment-for-seamless-roaming, Kyosuke Inoue (SHARP CORPORATION)
318. [11-24/1221r3](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1221-03-00bn-icf-icr-follow-up.pptx): 11-24-1221-03-00bn-icf-icr-follow-up, Liwen Chu (NXP)
319. [11-25/0154r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0154-00-00bn-alternative-dru-tone-plan-design-for-60mhz-dbw.pptx): 11-25-0154-00-00bn-alternative-dru-tone-plan-design-for-60mhz-dbw, Chenchen Liu (Huawei)
320. [11-25/0083r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0083-01-00bn-cfo-correction-and-related-simplifications-for-cobf.pptx): 11-25-0083-01-00bn-cfo-correction-and-related-simplifications-for-cobf, Sameer Vermani (Qualcomm)
321. [11-25/0381r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0381-01-00bn-some-open-issues-on-cobf.pptx): 11-25-0381-01-00bn-some-open-issues-on-cobf, Sameer Vermani (Qualcomm)
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323. [11-25/0401r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0401-00-00bn-cobf-phy-design-consideration.pptx): 11-25-0401-00-00bn-cobf-phy-design-consideration, Juan Fang (Intel)
324. [11-25/0411r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0411-00-00bn-misc-cbf-topics.pptx): 11-25-0411-00-00bn-misc-cbf-topics, Ron Porat (Broadcom)
325. [11-25/0109r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0109-00-00bn-uhr-receive-procedure.pptx): 11-25-0109-00-00bn-uhr-receive-procedure, Lin Yang (Qualcomm)
326. [11-25/0389r2](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0389-02-00bn-information-exchange-in-the-cobf-transmission-phase.pptx): 11-25-0389-02-00bn-information-exchange-in-the-cobf-transmission-phase, Alice Chen (Qualcomm)
327. [11-25/0087r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0087-00-00bn-co-triggering-frame-design-for-cobf.pptx): 11-25-0087-00-00bn-co-triggering-frame-design-for-cobf, Insik Jung (LGE)
328. [11-25/0397r3](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0397-03-00bn-spatial-streams-indication-for-cobf-tf-and-ppdu.pptx): 11-25-0397-03-00bn-spatial-streams-indication-for-cobf-tf-and-ppdu, Junghoon Suh (Huawei)
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330. [11-25/0392r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0392-00-00bn-transmit-and-receive-specifications-for-new-mcs-in-11bn.pptx): 11-25-0392-00-00bn-transmit-and-receive-specifications-for-new-mcs-in-11bn, Alice Chen (Qualcomm)
331. [11-25/0098r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0098-00-00bn-receiver-specification.pptx): 11-25-0098-00-00bn-receiver-specification, Juan Fang (Intel).
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333. [11-25/0359r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0359-00-00bn-open-issues-for-60-mhz-dbw.pptx): 11-25-0359-00-00bn-open-issues-for-60-mhz-dbw, Eunsung Park (LG Electronics)
334. [11-25/0358r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0358-00-00bn-open-topics-for-dru-on-60mhz.pptx): 11-25-0358-00-00bn-open-topics-for-dru-on-60mhz, Shengquan Hu (Mediatek)
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336. [11-25/0396r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0396-01-00bn-discussion-on-ldpc-only-for-mu-mimo-in-11bn.pptx): 11-25-0396-01-00bn-discussion-on-ldpc-only-for-mu-mimo-in-11bn, Shengquan Hu (Mediatek)
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338. [11-23/2141r3](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/23/11-23-2141-03-00bn-further-discussion-on-dynamic-subband-operation.pptx): 11-23-2141-03-00bn-further-discussion-on-dynamic-subband-operation, Shubhodeep Adhikari (Broadcom)
339. [11-23/0843r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/23/11-23-0843-01-0uhr-considerations-on-dynamic-subchannel-operation.pptx): 11-23-0843-01-0uhr-considerations-on-dynamic-subchannel-operation, Liuming Lu (OPPO)
340. [11-23/1496r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/23/11-23-1496-00-0uhr-emlsr-dynamic-subband-operation.pptx): 11-23-1496-00-0uhr-emlsr-dynamic-subband-operation, Yongho Seok (MediaTek)
341. [11-23/1892r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/23/11-23-1892-00-00bn-thoughts-on-dynamic-subchannel-operation.pptx): 11-23-1892-00-00bn-thoughts-on-dynamic-subchannel-operation, Gaurang Naik (Qualcomm)
342. [11-23/2027r2](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/23/11-23-2027-02-00bn-considerations-for-dso-sub-band-switch-delay.pptx): 11-23-2027-02-00bn-considerations-for-dso-sub-band-switch-delay, Vishnu Ratnam (Samsung)
343. [11-24/0591r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-0591-01-00bn-emlsr-secondary-channel-operation.pptx): 11-24-0591-01-00bn-emlsr-secondary-channel-operation, Morteza Mehrnoush (Apple Inc)
344. [11-24/1157r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1157-01-00bn-discussions-on-dynamic-subchannel-operation.pptx): 11-24-1157-01-00bn-discussions-on-dynamic-subchannel-operation, Hyeonjun Sung (WILUS)
345. [11-24/1863r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1863-01-00bn-performance-benefits-of-dso.pptx): 11-24-1863-01-00bn-performance-benefits-of-dso, Kerstin Johnsson (Nokia)
346. [11-24/0449r3](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-0449-03-00bn-considerations-on-dynamic-subchannel-operation-follow-up.pptx): 11-24-0449-03-00bn-considerations-on-dynamic-subchannel-operation-follow-up, Liuming Lu (OPPO)
347. [11-23/1897r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/23/11-23-1897-00-00bn-thoughts-on-improving-roaming-under-existing-architecture.pptx): 11-23-1897-00-00bn-thoughts-on-improving-roaming-under-existing-architecture, Guogang Huang (Huawei)
348. [11-24/1879r2](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1879-02-00bn-proposals-for-expeditious-discovery-of-aps-for-initial-association-and-roaming.pptx): 11-24-1879-02-00bn-proposals-for-expeditious-discovery-of-aps-for-initial-association-and-roaming, Neel Krishnan (Apple Inc)
349. [11-24/0658r2](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-0658-02-00bn-optimizing-roaming-scan.pptx): 11-24-0658-02-00bn-optimizing-roaming-scan, Binita Gupta (Cisco Systems)
350. [11-24/1884r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1884-01-00bn-signaling-considerations-for-seamless-roaming.pptx): 11-24-1884-01-00bn-signaling-considerations-for-seamless-roaming, Abhishek Patil (Qualcomm)
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352. [11-24/0815r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-0815-01-00bn-dynamic-bandwidth-selection-signaling-details.pptx): 11-24-0815-01-00bn-dynamic-bandwidth-selection-signaling-details, Binita Gupta (Cisco Systems)
353. [11-24/1874r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1874-01-00bn-further-details-on-improving-roaming-between-mlds.pptx): 11-24-1874-01-00bn-further-details-on-improving-roaming-between-mlds, Po-Kai Huang (Intel)
354. [11-25/0385r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0385-01-00bn-deadline-indications-for-seamless-roaming.pptx): 11-25-0385-01-00bn-deadline-indications-for-seamless-roaming, Peshal Nayak (Samsung)
355. [11-25/0388r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0388-00-00bn-link-reconfiguration-framework-for-preparation-and-execution-phases-of-seamless-roaming.pptx): 112-25-0388-00-00bn-link-reconfiguration-framework-for-preparation-and-execution-phases-of-seamless-roaming, Peshal Nayak (Samsung)
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358. [11-24/0656r2](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-0656-02-00bn-seamless-roaming-signaling-details.pptx): 11-24-0656-02-00bn-seamless-roaming-signaling-details, Binita Gupta (Cisco Systems)
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360. [11-25/0384r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0384-01-00bn-suggested-parameter-indication-for-seamless-roaming.pptx): 11-25-0384-01-00bn-suggested-parameter-indication-for-seamless-roaming, Peshal Nayak (Samsung)
361. [11-25/0386r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0386-01-00bn-operational-parameter-indication-for-seamless-roaming.pptx): 11-25-0386-01-00bn-operational-parameter-indication-for-seamless-roaming, Peshal Nayak (Samsung)
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363. [11-24/1898r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1898-01-00bn-low-latency-roaming-flow.pptx): 11-24-1898-01-00bn-low-latency-roaming-flow, Pooya Monajemi (Apple)
364. [11-24/1857r3](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-1857-03-00bn-enhancements-for-roaming-process.pptx): 11-24-1857-03-00bn-enhancements-for-roaming-process, Tuncer Baykas (Ofinno)
365. [11-24/2147r1](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/24/11-24-2147-01-00bn-discussion-on-buffered-data-deliver.pptx): 11-24-2147-01-00bn-discussion-on-buffered-data-deliver, Hang Yang (Ruijie)
366. [11-25/0327r0](https://mentor.ieee.org/802.11/dcn/25/11-25-0327-00-00bn-thoughts-on-dynamic-context-transfer-in-11bn.pptx): 11-25-0327-00-00bn-thoughts-on-dynamic-context-transfer-in-11bn, Peshal Nayak (Samsung)
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