IEEE P802.11  
Wireless LANs

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| CC40 CR for CIDs 52, 365, 449 and 33 | | | | |
| Date: 2022.07.08 | | | | |
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Abstract

This submission contains the proposed comment resolutions for the CIDs 52, 365, 449.

R0: initial document

R1: some CRs has been revised and CR for CID 33 is included.

R2: some resolutions focus on coordinated monostatic DMG sensing instance have been removed and will be further incorporated by Ning Gao in his PDT.

R3: TBD is removed.

R4: The initiation of coordinated monostatic DMG sensing instance is further modified.

R5: Some sentences are further modified.

## CID 365

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| CID | Page.  Line | Clause Number | Comment | Proposed Change | Resolution |
| 365 | 84.25 | 11.21.20.3.2 | "The Transmit Beam Index axis represents the Beam Index used by the STA to transmit and receive the monostatic sensing PPDU and the Receive Beam Index axis will not be present. Each beam index in the TX Beam List is an index into the list of beams the sensing responder published in their Sensing Beam Descriptor elements for TX and RX." The Transmit/Receive Beam Index axis is not mentioned anywhere in the current text. | Provide the definition of the Monostatic and coordinated monostatic setup that provides rules on configuration of the relevant setup parameters and refers to the relevant capabilities. | REVISED.  The “transmit/receive Index axis” is a typo and the word ‘axis’ should be removed. In addition, the relevant paragraph has been rephrased in Draft 0.4, and a relevant resolution has been provided.  TGbf Editor make changes specified in 0980r5. |

***Instructions to the editor: please make the following changes to P123L584 in the subclause 11.55.3.4 DMG measurement setup in D0.4 as shown below:***

The sensing initiator shall set the beam list in the Tx Beam List subelement to the list of beams that are used by the transmitter during the measurement and the beam list in the Rx Beam List subelement to the lists of beams that are used by the receiver during the measurement(#333). Each beam index in the TX Beam List and RX Beam List is an index into the list of beams the sensing transmitter and sensing receiver published in their DMG Sensing Beam Description elements(#363) for transmit and receive, respectively. If the Sensing Type subfield within the DMG Sensing Measurement Setup element is set to coordinated monostatic, the RX Beam List subelement is not present(#869, #365).

## CID 449 and 52

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| CID | Page.  Line | Clause Number | Comment | Proposed Change | Resolution |
| 449 | 84.20 | 11.21.20.3.2 | It is not clear what is the process to achieve what is done in this paragraph. This is a description of what a STA may do but how does it do it is not clear | submission will be provided | REVISED.  TGbf Editor make changes specified in 0980r5. |
| 52 | 84.21 | 11.21.20.3.2 | How to determined the "sepcific directions". | In order to improve the quality of sensing results, AP can assign each STA to use the Tx/Rx sector/beam directions that do not interfere with each other for coordinated sensing. | REVISED.  TGbf Editor make changes specified in 0980r5. |

**Discussion 1**

If a sensing initiator wants to initiate a parallel sounding coordinated monostatic sensing, the sensing initiator should try to assign different Transmit/Receive beams to different responders to avoid interference across multiple responders by setting the TX Beam List subelement in the DMG Sensing Measurement Setup element.

There are 2 cases about the coordinated monostatic sensing.

Case 1

If all the responders accept the beam list assigned by the sensing initiator, the sensing responders are able to perform parallel sounding (because they have non-interference beam lists).

Case 2

If some of the responders cannot accept the beam lists assigned by the sensing initiator, they should reject the DMG sensing request or they may set the Status Code in the DMG Sensing Measurement Setup Response frame to PREFEREED\_MEASUREMENT\_SETUP\_PARAMETER\_SUGGESTED, and provide their suggested beam lists. The sensing initiator may use the beam lists suggested by sensing responders, because the sensing responders do not know the directions of interest for the sensing initiator. The sensing initiator may reassign beam lists to the sensing responders with the suggested beam lists taken into consideration by transmitting another DMG Sensing Measurement Setup Request frames.

**Discussion 2**

Motion 102 (already passed) is related to the DMG monostatic sensing and coordinated monostatic sensing.

Motion 102 is described as follows:

* TRN based sensing should be adopted as one of the operating modes in DMG monostatic sensing and coordinated monostatic sensing.
* TRN based sensing is an optional operating mode for DMG monostatic sensing and coordinated monostatic sensing.

Based on motion 102 and CIDs 449 and 52, an optional operating mode could be added, as an example, to describe the DMG coordinated monostatic sensing.

Discussion end

***Instructions to the editor: please add the following paragraphs after P123L65 in the subclause 11.55.3.4 DMG measurement setup in D0.4 as shown below:***

If the sounding phase in a coordinated monostatic sensing instance happens in parallel, the sensing initiator should assign transmit beams to different responders (e.g. to avoid interference across multiple responders) by setting the TX Beam List subelement in the DMG Sensing Measurement Setup element in the DMG Sensing Measurement Setup Request frame.

Any PPDU may be used for coordinated monostatic sensing and sensing with a TRN field in a PPDU, constructed according to the non-EDMG or EDMG PHY specifications, is an optional mode for the coordinated monostatic sensing. ~~If the coordinated monostatic sensing is performed with TRN field, the negotiation of the TRN related parameters is TBD (motion 102)~~.

***Instructions to the editor: please add the following paragraphs to P125L61 in the subclause 11.55.3.6.2 Coordinated monostatic DMG sensing instance in D0.4 as shown below:***

A coordinated monostatic DMG sensing instance is a DMG sensing instance of a DMG sensing procedure of sensing type coordinated monostatic.

A coordinated monostatic DMG sensing instance is initiated by DMG Sensing Request(s) and answered by DMG Sensing Response(s). It is then followed by the sounding phase in which monostatic PPDUs are transmitted and received by the sensing responder(s). The measurement covers the number of transmit AWV indicated by the Number TX Beams Per Instance field within the DMG Sensing Scheduling subelement of the DMG Sensing Measurement Setup element (see 9.4.2.322 (DMG Sensing Measurement Setup element)). The sensing initiator shall determine the parameters of the monostatic PPDUs transmitted and received by the sensing responders in a way which is compatible with the sensing responders’ capabilities and covers all the desired transmit beams indicated in TX Beam List subelement (see 9.4.2.322.1 (TX Beam List subelement)). The first beam used by the sensing responders to transmit and receive monostatic PPDUs in a sensing instance, is indicated by the First Beam Index field. The sensing responders will cycle through the Num TX Beams Per Instance beams to transmit and receive the monostatic PPDUs. If the Repeat Per Instance field of the DMG Sensing Scheduling subelement () is greater than 1, the sensing responder will repeat the Num TX beams Per Instance Beams in DMG sensing instances, times. All the monostatic PPDUs transmitted and received by the sensing responders shall be separated by SBIFS. If a report is configured in the DMG sensing instance, sensing responders shall report no longer than SIFS after their last monostatic PPDU or after the polling by sensing initiator. The report may be based on Channel Measurement Feedback elements or DMG Sensing Report elements. The presence and type of the report is indicated by the DMG Sensing Report Control field of the DMG Sensing Report Control element (#52, #449).

## CID 33

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| CID | Page.  Line | Clause Number | Comment | Proposed Change | Resolution |
| 33 | 80.17 |  | clarification comment | Since the sounding is in parallel (Fig. 11.41m), the sequence of reporting between STA A and STA B is communicated by the AP? If so, please mention this in the text. | REVISED.  TGbf Editor make changes specified in 0980r5. |

***Instructions to the editor: please make the following changes to P121L2 in the subclause 11.55.3.1 Overview inD0.4 as shown below:***

…. In the immediately following reporting phase, both sensing responders report results assigned with DMG Measurement Setup ID(#217) equal to 1, Measurement Burst ID(#424, #426) equal to 1, and Sensing Instance SN(#397, #223) equal to 1 to the sensing initiator(#229). The reporting sequence of STA A and STA B is indicated by the sensing initiator (#33).