IEEE P802.11  
Wireless LANs

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| A PAR Proposal for Wake-up Radio | | | | |
| Date: 2015-07-28 | | | | |
| Author(s): | | | | |
| Name | Affiliation | Address | Phone | Email |
| Shahrnaz Azizi | Intel Corporation |  |  | [shahrnaz.azizi@intel](mailto:shahrnaz.azizi@intel).com |
| Minyoung Park | Intel Corporation |  |  | Minyoung.park@intel.com |
| Osama Aboul-Magd | Huawei Technologies |  |  | osama.aboulmagd@huawei.com |
| Steve Shellhammer | Qualcomm |  |  | shellhammer@ieee.org |
| Bo Sun | ZTE |  |  | sun.bo1@zte.com.cn |
| HanGyu Cho | LGE |  |  | hg.cho@lge.com |
| Leif Wilhelmsson | Ericsson |  |  | leif.r.wilhelmsson@ericsson.com |
| John Son | WILUS |  |  | john.son@wilusgroup.com |
| Minho Cheong | Newracom |  |  | minho.cheong@newracom.com |
| Francois Simon | Pilot Research |  |  | fygs@pilotresearch.com |
| William Carney | Sony |  |  | William.Carney@am.sony.com |
| Ping Fang | Huawei Device |  |  | Ping.fang@huawei.com |

Abstract

This submission includes a PAR proposal for the IEEE 802.11 Wake-up Radio (WUR) Study Group.

# PAR

**P802.11**

**Submitter Email:**   
**Type of Project:** Amendment to IEEE Standard 802.11  
**PAR Request Date:** November 2016   
**PAR Approval Date:** November 2016 **PAR Expiration Date:** November 2020 **Status:** Unapproved PAR, PAR for an amendment to an existing IEEE Standard

**1.1 Project Number:** P802.11TBD  
**1.2 Type of Document:** Standard   
**1.3 Life Cycle:** Full Use

**2.1 Title:** Standard for Information technology--Telecommunications and information exchange between systems Local and metropolitan area networks--Specific requirements Part 11: Wireless LAN Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) Specifications-- Amendment: Low-power wake-up receiver operation

**3.1 Working Group:** Wireless LAN Working Group (C/LM/WG802.11)   
**Contact Information for Working Group Chair**

**Name:** Adrian Stephens  
**Email Address:** Adrian.P.Stephens@intel.com   
**Phone:** +44 (1793) 404825

**Contact Information for Working Group Vice-Chair Name:** Jon Rosdahl  
**Email Address:** jrosdahl@ieee.org  
**Phone:** +1-801-492-4023

**3.2 Sponsoring Society and Committee:** IEEE Computer Society/LAN/MAN Standards Committee (C/LM)   
**Contact Information for Sponsor Chair**

**Name:** Paul Nikolich  
**Email Address:** p.nikolich@ieee.org   
**Phone:** +1-857.205.0050

**Contact Information for Standards Representative Name:** James Gilb  
**Email Address:** gilb@ieee.org  
**Phone:** +1-858-229-4822

**4.1 Type of Ballot:** Individual  
**4.2 Expected Date of submission of draft to the IEEE-SA for Initial Sponsor Ballot:**November 2019   
**4.3 Projected Completion Date for Submittal to RevCom:**July 2020

**5.1 Approximate number of people expected to be actively involved in the development of this project:** 100.

**5.2.a. Scope of the complete standard:**The scope of this standard is to define one medium access control (MAC) and several physical layer (PHY) specifications for wireless connectivity for fixed, portable, and moving stations (STAs) within a local area.

**5.2.b. Scope of the project:**This amendment defines the physical (PHY) layer and medium access control (MAC) layer specifications to enable waking a STA from sleep mode using a wake-up radio (WUR). The wake-up packets do not carry user data. The reception of the wake-up packet by the WUR triggers a transition of the primary connectivity radio (used for transfer of normal 802.11 packets) from sleep to normal operation. The WUR, used as a companion radio to the primary connectivity radio, has active receiver power consumption of less than one milliwatt.

This amendment defines operations for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands. The wake-up packet may be transmitted in the same band or in a different band other that the primary connectivity radio is using.

The new amendment enables coexistence with legacy IEEE 802.11 devices operating in the same band.

**5.3 Is the completion of this standard dependent upon the completion of another standard:** No.

**5.4 Purpose:**This document will not include a purpose clause.

**5.5 Need for the Project:** Low power devices manifest themselves in a number of applications and Internet-of-Things (IOT) usage cases. Those use cases include healthcare, smart home, industrial sensors, wearables, etc. Devices used in these applications are usually powered by a battery. Prolonging the battery lifetime while maintaining low latency becomes an imperative requirement. Devices based on the power save modes of the IEEE 802.11 standard periodically wake up from a sleep state to receive information from an access point (AP) to know whether there are data to receive from the AP. The longer the devices stay in the sleep state, the lower power the devices consume but at the expense of increased latency of data reception. Therefore, for the 802.11 standard to be competitive, the IEEE 802.11 WG needs to develop power efficient mechanisms to be used with battery-operated devices while maintaining low latency. This project addresses this need. This project is also expected to benefit traditional devices with Wi-Fi interfaces such as smart phones.

**5.6 Stakeholders for the Standard:** Manufacturers and users of semiconductors, personal computers, enterprise networking devices, consumer electronic devices, home networking equipment, producers of industrial sensors, mobile devices, and cellular operators.

**Intellectual Property**

**6.1.a. Is the Sponsor aware of any copyright permissions needed for this project?: No**

**6.1.b. Is the Sponsor aware of possible registration activity related to this project?: No**

**7.1 Are there other standards or projects with a similar scope?: No**

**7.2 Joint Development**

**Is it the intent to develop this document jointly with another organization?: No**

**8.1 Additional Explanatory Notes (Item Number and Explanation):**

**5.2.b**

* While this project focuses on the specification of the PHY and the MAC layers of the WUR operation, it is expected that minor changes to the IEEE 802.11 MAC layer may be needed, e.g. the introduction of a new capability element, etc.
* The new amendment improves energy efficiency for data reception without a significant increase in latency.
* The new amendment utilizes the existing privacy and encryption methods, and if needed includes new functionality to alleviate the possibility of security vulnerabilities.
* The WUR decreases overall power consumption of the STA without increase of latency in transferring user data packets.
* The supported range of the wake-up signal will be no less than the supported range of the primary IEEE 802.11 signal of at least 20MHz bandwidth.
* The specification can be expanded to the license-exempt sub-1GHz frequency bands if needed.