# P802.11w<sup>TM</sup>/D2.<del>1</del>2

Draft Amendment to Standard for Information Technology - Telecommunications and Information Exchange Between Systems information exchange between systems - LAN/MAN Specific Requirements -Local and metropolitan area networks -Specific requirements -

Part 11: Wireless LAN Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) specifications:

# Amendment <del><number></del>5 : Protected Management Frames

EDITORIAL NOTE - In this redline version of the draft, inserted text is shown as Inserted Text and deleted text is shown as <del>Deleted Text</del>.

**EDITORIAL NOTE - Editorial notes are distinguished like this. They are not part of the amendment and will be removed before it is published.** 

EDITORIAL NOTE - the amendment number will be inserted by IEEE-SA editorial staff during preparation for publication.

EDITORIAL NOTE- This revision of the amendment is based on the following (baseline) documents:

- 802.11-2007
- 802.11k <del>D7</del>D8.0
- 802.11r <del>D4</del>D7.<del>1</del>0
- 802.11n D2.<del>0</del>05
- 802.11y <del>D1</del>D4.<del>1</del>0

The editing instructions contained in this amendment define how to merge the material contained herein into the existing base standard and its amendments to form the comprehensive standard.

The editing instructions are shown in **bold italic**. Four editing instructions are used: **change**, **delete**, **insert**, and **replace**. **Change** is used to make corrections in existing text or tables. The editing instruction specifies the location of the change and describes what is being changed by using <del>strikethrough</del> (to remove old material) and <u>underscore</u> (to add new material). **Delete** removes existing material. **Insert** adds new material without disturbing the existing material. Insertions may require renumbering. If so, renumbering instructions are given in the editing instructions. **Replace** is used to make changes in figures or equations by removing the existing figure or equation and replacing it with a new one. Editorial notes will not be carried over into future editions because the changes will be incorporated into the base standard.

# **EDITORIAL NOTE** - The following table is not part of the amendment, and will be removed before the document is finalized.

Draft version	Date	Contributions and motions applied			
1.01	Jan. 17, 2007	Apply all editorial comment resolutions per 11-06-1729r11.			
1.02	Mar. 8, 2007	Apply passed motions per 11-06-1759r4 and 11-07-100r3.			
1.03	Mar 9, 2007	Include submissions 11-07-218r0, 11-07-2115,9r0, 11-07-221r0, 11-07-220r0, 11-07-243r3,11-07-390r0, 11-07-393r0 comments from group 8, 10 thru 18. Rev draft to 1.03			
2.0	Mar 20, 2007	Renumber to Draft 2.0			
2.1	July 3, 2007	Incorporate updates per May 2007 (Montreal) meeting to resolve com- ments: 212, 282, 68,569,213,80,214,285,103,104, 646, 244, 215,289, 711,17,37,246,291,581,647,38,648,218,430,293,582,649,715,717,294, 297,651,299,720,721,300,90,302,723,728,309,470,309,729,448,49,752,7 31,732,315,733,437,303,107,367,652,157,440,653,108,304,442,450,111, 320,657,326,659,280			
2.2	August 13, 2007	Incorporate editorial changes based on 11-07-714r10 and submissions 11-07-2051r2, 11-07-2241r0 (2nd page only), 11-07-243r7, 11-07-2239r0, 11-07-2244r3, 11-07-2240r1, 11-07-2238r1			

#### Table 0—Change history

# 2. References

# 3. Definitions

**Change-**Insert the following definition in alphabetical order definitions:

**3.72a** Integrity GTK (IGTK): A random value, assigned by the broadcast/multicast source, which is used to protect broadcast/multicast medium access control (MAC) management protocol data units (MMP-DUs) from that source.

**3.125a Robust Management Frameframe**: A management frame that is eligible for protection by the Robust Management Frame service (See 5.4.3.7) frame service.

# 4. Abbreviations and acronyms

Insert the following new abbreviations and acronyms in alphabetical order:

7 3	BIP	Broadcast/Multicast Integrity Protocol
) )	IGTK	Integrity GTK
$\frac{1}{3}$	IPN	IGTK packet number
4 5	MMIE	Management MIC Information Element

5. General Description

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5.1 General description of the architecture	
5.2 Components of the IEEE 802.11 architecture	
5.2.1 The independent BSS (IBSS) as an ad hoc network	
5.2.2 STA membership in a BSSS is dynamic	
5.2.3 Distribution system (DS) concepts	
5.2.3.1 Extended service set (ESS): The large coverage network	
5.2.3.2 RSNA	
<ul> <li>Insert at the end of the hashed dashed item list in 5.2.3.2:</li> <li>Enhanced cryptographic encapsulation mechanisms for Robust Management frames</li> </ul>	
5.3 Logical service interfaces	
5.4 Overview of the services	
5.4.1 Distribution of messages within a DS	
5.4.2 Services that support the distribution service	
5.4.2.4 Disassociation	
Change the 3rd paragraph of 5.4.2.4 as follows:	
The disassociation service may be invoked by either party to an association (non-AP STA or AP). Disa ation is a notification, not a request. Disassociation cannot be refused by either party to the associated except when Robust-Management frame protection. Frame Protection is enabled and the disassociation sage integrity check fails.	iation <del>.</del>
5.4.3 Access control and data confidentiality services	
5.4.3.1 Authentication	
5.4.3.2 Deauthentication	
Change the 2nd paragraph of 5.4.3.2 as follows:	
In an ESS, because authentication is a prerequisite for association, the act of deauthentication cause cause the station to be disassociated. The deauthentication service may be invoked by either authent party (non-AP STA or AP). Deauthentication is not a request; it is a notification. Deauthentication is not be refused by either party except in the case when management frame protection is enabled. In the case, deauthentication will not occur if the message integrity check fails party. When an AP sends a thentication notice to an associated STA, the association shall also be terminated. When an associated service of the case when the table of table	ticated <del>s-</del> shall <del>2 latter</del> deau-
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association at the transmitting STA is terminated when the STA receives sends a deauthentication notice, validates notice to an associated STA. Deauthentication and subsequent disassociation is not refused by the MIC in the MMIE, receiving STA except when Management Frame Protection is enabled and sends an 802.11 Acknowlegement frame, the association shall also be terminated message integrity check fails.

#### Change the 4th paragraph of 5.4.3.2 as follows:

In an RSNA, deauthentication also destroys any related PTKSA, group temporal key security association (GTKSA), station to station link master key security association (SMKSA), and station to station link transient key security association (STKSA), and integrity group temporal key security association (IGTKSA) that exist in the STA and closes the associated IEEE 802.1X Controlled Port. If pairwise master key (PMK) caching is not enabled, deauthentication also destroys the pairwise master key security association (PMKSA) from which the deleted PTKSA was derived.

EDITORIAL NOTE: The 11w 1.0 draft paragraphs did not match the 802.11ma D9.0 paragraph, so it has been adapted to match as close as feasible.

# 5.4.3.3 Data Confidentiality confidentiality

#### Change the text of 5.4.3.3 as follows:

In a wired LAN, only those STAs physically connected to the wire can send or receive LAN traffic. With a wireless shared medium, there is no physical connection, and all STAs and certain other RF devices in or near the LAN may be able to send, receive, and/or interfere with the LAN traffic. Any IEEE 802.11-compliant STA can receive all like-PHY IEEE 802.11 traffic that is within range and can transmit to any other IEEE 802.11 STA within range. Thus, the connection of a single wireless link (without data confidentiality) to an existing wired LAN may seriously degrade the security level of the wired LAN.

To bring the security of the WLAN up to the level implicit in wired LAN design, IEEE Std 802.11 provides the ability to protect the contents of messages. This functionality is provided by the data confidentiality service. Data confidentiality is an SS.

IEEE Std 802.11 provides three cryptographic algorithms to protect data traffic: WEP, TKIP, and CCMP. WEP and TKIP are based on the ARC4<sup>14</sup> algorithm, and CCMP is based on the advanced encryption standard (AES). A means is provided for STAs to select the algorithm(s) to be used for a given association.

IEEE 802.11 provides one cryptographic algorithm, CCMP, to protect unicast Robust Management frames.

The default data confidentialitty state for all IEEE 802.11 STAs is "in the clear". If the data cofidentiality service is not invoked, all messages frames shall be sent uprotected. If this policy is unacceptable to the sender, it shall not send data frames; and if the policy is unacceptable to the receiver, it shall discard any received data frames. Unprotected data frames received at a STA configured for mandatory data confidentiality, as well as protected data frames using a key not available at the receiving STA, are discarded without an indication to LLC (or without indication to distribution services in the case of "To DS" frames received at an AP). These frames are acknowledged on the WM [if received withou frame check sequence (FCS) error] to avoid wasting WM bandwidth on retries of frames that are being discarded.

# 5.4.3.4 Key management

# Change the text of 5.4.3.4 as follows:

The enhanced data confidentiality, data authentication, and replay protection mechanisms require fresh cryptographic keys and corresponding security associations. The procedures defined in this standard provide fresh keys by means of protocols called the 4-Way Handshake and Group Key Handshake.

# 5.4.3.5 Data origin authenticity

# Change the text of 5.4.3.5 as follows:

The data origin authenticity mechanism defines a means by which a STA that receives a data <u>or robust management-Robust Management</u> frame can determine which STA transmitted the MAC protocol data unit (MPDU) <u>or MAC management protocol data unit (MMPDU)</u>. This feature is required in an RSNA to prevent one STA from masquerading as a different STA. This mechanism is provided for STAs that use CCMP or TKIP.

Data origin authenticity is only applicable to unicast data frames, <u>or</u><u>and unicast Robust Management</u> <u>frames, and Deauthenticate or Disassociate frames with Robust Management protection</u>. The protocols do not guarantee data origin authenticity for broadcast/multicast data frames <u>or broadcast/multicast Robust</u> <u>Management frames</u>, as this cannot be accomplished using symmetric keys and public key methods are too computationally expensive.

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# 5.4.3.6 Replay Detection

#### Change the text of 5.4.3.6 as follows:

The replay detection mechanism defines a means by which a STA that receives a data <u>or Robust Manage-</u> <u>ment Frame</u> frame from another STA can detect whether the <u>received data</u> frame is an unauthorized retransmission. This <u>replay protection</u> mechanism is provided for <u>data frames for STAs</u> that use CCMP or TKIP. <u>The replay protection mechanism is also provided for <del>robust management</del> Robust Management frames for STAs that use CCMP and BIP.</u>

Insert a new subclause 5.4.3.7 the following sub clause after 5.4.3.6 as follows:

#### 5.4.3.6a Robust Management frame protection

Management frame protection is required in an RSNA to protect against forgery and cavesdropping on robust unicast management frames, and against forgery on robust broadcast/multicast management frames.

Management frame protection extends the CCMP data frame protection to provide data confidentiality, replay protection, and data origin authenticity for robust unleast management frames. The Robust Management Frames are Action frames, Disassociate and Deauthenticate frames.

Forgery protection for robust broadcast/multicast management frames is provided through the Broadcast/ Multicast Integrity Protocol (BIP), using AES-128-CMAC for message integrity. The BIP protocol also provides replay protection.

EDITORIAL NOTE: The editor was further removed references to insider attack in the above paragraph, though this was missed in the adopted submission 11-06-1932r0. Since the removal of DHV, there is no longer the means to mitigate insider attacks.

Management frame protection Frame Protection protocols apply to Robust Management frames after the RSNA PTK key establishment for protection of unicast frames is completed and after delivery of the GTKs IGTKs to protect broadcast/multicast frames that have been delivered frames. All management frames sent or received by a STA before keys are installed shall be unprotected.

5.5 Multiple logical address spaces

5.6 Differences between ESS and IBSS LANs

5.7 Reference Model

5.8 IEEE 802.11 and IEEE 802.1X

# 5.8.1 IEEE 802.11 usage of IEEE 802.1X

5.8.2 Infrastructure functional model overview

5.8.2.1 AKM operations with AS

Change the second paragraph of 5.8.2.1 as follows::

A 4-way Handshake utilizing EAPOL-Key frames is initiated by the Authenticator to do the following:

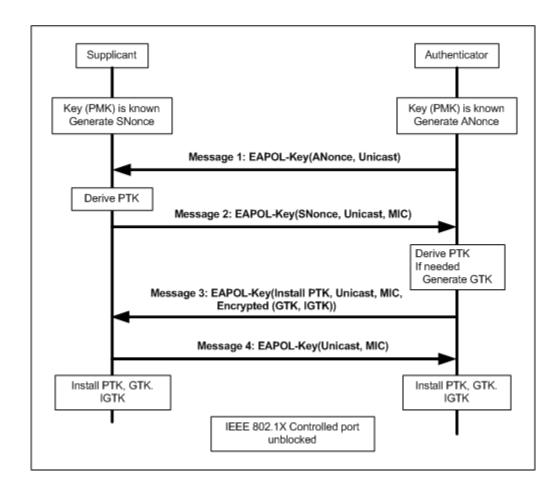
L

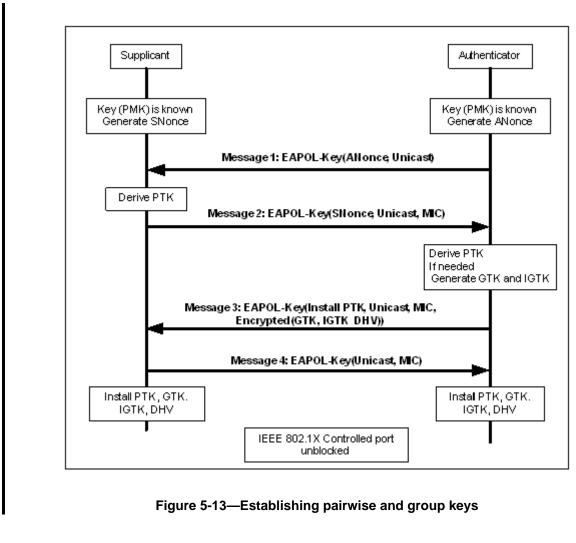
- Confirm that a live peer holds the PMK.
  - Confirm that the PMK is current.
  - Derive a fresh pairwise transient key (PTK) from the PMK.
  - Install the pairwise encryption and integrity keys into IEEE 802.11.
  - Transport the group temporal key (GTK) and GTK sequence number from Authenticator to Supplicant and install the GTK and GTK sequence number in the STA and, if not already installed, in the AP.
- If Robust management frames Management Frame Protection is enabled, transport the integrity GTK (IGTK), and the IGTK sequence number from Authenticator to the Supplicant and install these values in the STA and, in if not already installed, in the AP.
  - <u>— Validate-Verify that the RSN capalities capabilities negotiated are valid as defined in 7.3.2.25.3.</u>
  - <u>— Confirm the cipher suite selection.</u>

#### Insert the following paragraph at the end of 5.8.2.1:

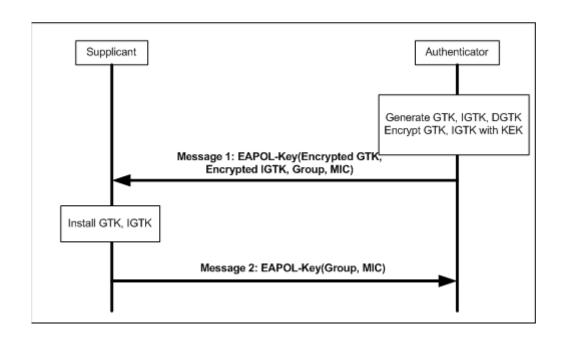
When Robust Management Frame protection Protection is enabled, the Authenticator also uses the Group Key Handshake with all associated STAs to change the IGTK. The Authenticator encrypts the GTK, and IGTK values in the EAPOL-Key frame as described in 8.5.

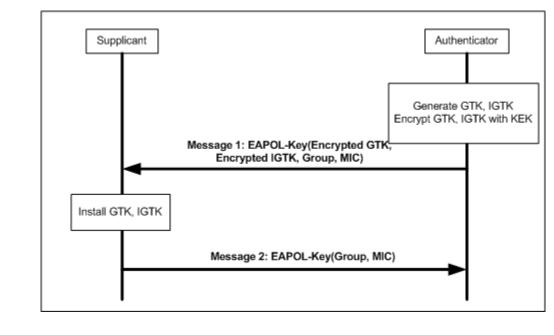
Replace Figure 5-13 with the following figure, with the changes being the inclusion of "IGTK" in message 3 and in both the Supplicant and Authenticator boxes that begin with "Install" and in the Authenticator box to "Generate GTK and IGTK":





 Replace Figure 5-14 with the following figure, with the changes being the inclusion of "Encrypted IGTK" in Message 1, "IGTK" in the Authenticator box beginning with 'Generate" and "IGTK" in the Supplicant box beginning with "Install"; the update to the 2nd box on the right has intentially intentionally fixed from the 802.11ma D9.0 draft 11-2007 to correctly state "Encrypt GTK, IGTK with KEK":





# Figure 5-14 — Delivery of subsequent group keys

5.8.2.2 Operations with PSK

**Change** Insert a new item after the 3rd item in 5.8.2.2 as follows:

— The GTK and GTK sequence number If Robust Management Frame Protection is enabled, <u>IGTK</u>, the IGTK and <u>their</u>IGTK <u>sequence number</u>, <u>GTK</u>-sequence number are sent from the Authenticator to the Supplicant just as in the AS case. See Figure 13-Figure 5-13— and Figure 14.Figure 5-14—.

#### 5.8.3 IBSS functional model description

#### 5.8.4 Authenticator to AS protocol

#### 5.8.5 PMKSA caching

Insert a new subclause 5.8.6 sub clause after 5.8.5 as follows:

# 5.8.5a Protection of robust broadcast and multicast management Action Robust Management frames

When Robust Management frame support has been enabled, all Robust broadcast/multicast management frames are submitted for encapsulation to the broadcast/multicast frame protection service as described in 11.7. This service shall protect the frame using BIP.

When Management Frame Protection is enabled, all broadcast/multicast Robust Management frames shall be encapsulated using the procedures defined in 11. This service provides integrity protection of broadcast/ multicast Robust Management frames using BIP.

# 6. MAC service definition

# 6.1 Overview of MAC services

#### 6.1.1 Data service

#### 6.1.2 Security services

#### Change the text of 6.1.2 as follows:

Security services in IEEE Std 802.11 are provided by the authentication service and the TKIP, and CCM-Pand\_CCMP and BIP\_mechanisms. The scope of the security services provided is limited to station-to-station data and robust management\_Robust Management frame exchangestransmissions-exchange. The data confidentiality service offered by an IEEE 802.11 TKIP and CCMP implementation is the protection of the MSDU. When CCMP is used, the data confidentiality service is also-provided for the MPDU or unicast MMPDU. For the purposes of this standard, TKIP and CCMP are viewed as logical services located within the MAC sublayer as shown in the reference model, Figure 5-10 (in 5.7). Actual implementations of the TKIP and CCMP services are transparent to the LLC and other layers above the MAC sublayer.

The security services provided by TKIP<sub>1</sub>TKIP and CCMP in IEEE Std 802.11 are as follows:

- a) Data Confidentiality;
  - b) Authentication; and
- c) Access control in conjunction with layer management;.

<u>BIP provides authentication (integrity) and access control for robust</u><u>broadcast/multicast</u><u>management</u><u>Robust Management frames.</u>

During the authentication exchange, both parties exchange authentication information as described in Clause 8 and  $\frac{8A11A}{11A}$ .

The MAC sublayer security services provided by TKIP, and CCMP and BIP rely on information from nonlayer-2 management or system entities. Management entities communicate information to TKIP-TKIP, and CCMP, and CCMP-BIP through a set of MAC sublayer management entity (MLME) interfaces and MIB attributes; in particular, the decision tree for TKIP, and CCMP and BIP defined in 8.7 is driven by MIB attributes.

The use of WEP for confidentiality, authentication, or access control is deprecated. The WEP algorithm is unsuitable for the purposes of this standard.

- 50 The standard does not support the use of TKIP for Management Frame Protection.

# 7. Frame formats

# 7.1 MAC Frame formats

# 7.1.3 Frame fields

# 7.1.3.1 Frame control field

# 7.1.3.1.8 Protected frame field

Change the text of 7.1.3.1.8 as follows:

The Protected Frame field is 1 bit in length. The Protected Frame field is set to 1 if the Frame Body field contains information that has been processed by a cryptographic encapsulation algorithm. The Protected Frame field is set to 1 only within data frames, and-within management frames of subtype Authentication and within unicast Robust management-Management frames. The Protected Frame field is set to 0 in all other frames. When the Protected Frame field is set to 1, the Frame Body field is protected utilizing the cryptographic encapsulation algorithm and expanded as defined in Clause 8. The Protected Frame field is set to 0 in Data frames of subtype Null Function, CF-ACK (no data), CF-Poll (no data), and CF-ACK+CF-Poll (no data) (see 8.3.2.2 and 8.3.3.1 that show that the frame body must be one octet or longer to apply the encapsulation).

# 7.2 Format of individual frame types

# 7.2.3 Management frames

# 7.2.3.3 Disassociation frame format

Change 7.2.3.3 including Table 7-9 (with the changes of Table 7-9 being the addition of the Management MIC IE) and a note at the end of the table as follows:

The frame body of a management frame of subtype Disassociation contains the information shown in Table 7-9.

Order	Information
1 Reason Code	
2 <u>-(Last -1)</u> One or more vendor-specific information elements may appear in this frame.	
Last	Management MIC IE (MMIE)

# Table 7-9—Disassociation frame body

NOTE: The Management MIC IE appears after any fields that it protects. Therefore, it shold always appear last in the frame to protect contents of the entire frame.

# 7.2.3.11 Deauthentication

Change 7.2.3.11 including Table 7-18 (with the changes of Table 7-18 being the addition of the Management MIC IE as the "Last" value in the "Order" column and removing the 2nd sentence in the "Information" column of the new Order "2") row and a note at the end of the table as follows:

The frame body of a management frame of subtype Deauthentication contains the information shown in Table 7-18.

Order	Information
1	Reason Code
2 <u>-(Last -1)</u> One or more vendor-specific information elements may appear in this frame. This information element follows all other information elements.	
Last	Management MIC IE (MMIE)

#### Table 7-18—Deauthentication frame body

NOTE: The Management MIC IE appears after any fields that it protects. Therefore, it shold always appear last in the frame to protect contents of the entire frame.

#### 7.2.3.12 Action frame format

Change 7.2.3.12 including Table 7-19 (with the changes of Table 7-19 being the addition of the Management MIC IE as the new order "Last", and removing the 2nd sentence of the resulting "Information" column in the new Order "2" row) and a note at the end of the table as follows:

The frame body of a management frame of subtype Deauthentication contains the information shown in Table 7-19.

#### Table 7-19—Action frame body

Order	Information
1	Action
2 <u>-(Last -1)</u>	One or more vendor-specific information elements may appear in this frame. This information element follows all other information elements.
Last	Management MIC IE (MMIE)

NOTE: The Management MIC IE appears after any fields that it protects. Therefore, it shold always appear last in the frame to protect contents of the entire frame.

### 7.3 Management frame body components

7.3.1 Fixed fields

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7.3.1.1 Authentication algorithm number field

7.3.1.2 Authentication transaction sequence number field

7.3.1.7 Beacon interval Reason code field

7.3.1.8 Capability information field

7.3.1.9 Current AP address field

7.3.1.10 Listen interval field

7.3.1.11 Reason code field

Insert the following rows into Table 22 - Reason Codes before the "Reserved" entry and update the numbering appropriately:

#### Table 7-22—Reason Codes

Reason Code	Meaning
TBD <ana></ana>	Invalid management group cipher
TBD <ana></ana>	Robust management frame policy violation

EDITORIAL NOTE: The entry values are left as TBD-<ANA> for now, pending ANA assignment

7.3.2 Information Elements

#### 7.3.2.25 RSN information element

Change the last paragraph in 7.3.2 as follows:

A STA that encounters an unknown or reserved element ID value in a management frame received without error shall ignore that element and shall parse any remaining management frame body for additional information elements with recognizable element ID values. The frame body components specified for many management subtypes result in elements ordered by ascending element ID, with the exception of the MIC Management IE (7.3.2.54). The MIC Management IE must appear at the end of any Robust Management frame to protect the entire contents of the frame.

Insert the following XXX rows row (ignoring the header row) in Table 26 - Element IDs in the correct position to preserve ordering by the "Element ID" column and update the "Reserved" range of codes appropriately:

# Table 7-26—Element IDs

Information Element	Element ID	Length (in octets)	
Management MIC (see 7.3.2.54 (MMIE))	TBD <ana></ana>	<del>16</del> 18	

*FEDITORIAL NOTE NOTE: TBD-<ANA> request to ANA for assignment of MMIE}*.

# 7.3.2.25 RSN information element

Change the first paragraph of 7.3.2.25 as follows:

The RSN information element contains authentication and pairwise cipher suite selectors, a single group data cipher suite selector, and an RSN Capabilities field, the PMK identifier (PMKID) count, and PMKID list. If dot11RSNAProtectedManagementFramesEnabled is set to TRUE, a single management group cipher suite selector is appended to the information elementoptionally included. See Figure 89. All STAs implementing RSNA shall-support this element. The size of the RSN information-information element is limited by the size of an information element, which is 255 octets. Therefore, the number of pairwise cipher suitedsuites, AKM suites, and PMKIDs is limited.

Insert the following paragraph after the first paragraph of 7.3.2.25 as follows:

All STAs implementing RSNA shall support this element. Further, if dot11RSNAProtectedManagementFramesEnabled is TRUE, then the Robust Management frame protection bit in the RSN capabilities field shall be set to 1 and the Management Group Cipher Suite must be present in this information element.

Replace Figure 89-7-72 with the following figure, where a new field Management Group Cipher is inserted at the end and "Data" in serted inserted in the 4th column to read "Group Data Cipher Suite":

Ele- ment ID	Length	Version	<u>Data</u> Group Data Cipher Suite	Pair- wise Cipher Suite Count	Pair- wise Cipher Suite List	AKM Suite Count	AKM Suite List	RSN Capa- bilities	PMKID Count	PMKID List	<u>Man-</u> age- ment <u>Group</u> Suite
1	1	2	4	2	4*m	2	4*n	2	2	16*s	<u>4</u>

# Figure 7-72—RSN Information Element format

Change the last paragraph of 7.3.2.25 as follows:

NOTE- The following represent sample information elements:
802.1X authentication, CCMP and <u>data</u> group cipher suites (WEP-40, WEP-104, and TKIP not allowed).:
30, // information element id, 48 expressed as Hex value
14, // length in octets, 20 expressed as Hex value

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1	01 00, // Version 1
2 3	00 0F AC 04, // CCMP as data group key cipher suite
4	01 00, // pairwise key cipher suite count
5 6	00 0F AC 04, // CCMP as pairwise cipher suite
7	01 00, // authentication count
8	00 0F AC 01 // IEEE 802.1X authentication
9 10	00 00 // No capabilities
11	L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L
12 13	802.1X authentication, CCMP pairwise and group cipher suites (WEP-40, WEP-104 and TKIP not
14	allowed), preauthentication supported:
15 16	30, // information element id, 48 expressed as Hex value
17	14, // length in octets, 20 expressed as Hex value
18 19	01 00, // Version 1
20	00 0F AC 04, // CCMP as data group key cipher suite
21 22	01 00, // pairwise key cipher suite count
23	00 0F AC 04, // CCMP as pairwise cipher suite
24 25	01 00, // authentication count
26	00 0F AC 01 // IEEE 802.1X authentication
27 28	01 00 // Preauthentication capabilities
29	
30 31	802.1X authentication, Use GTK for pairwise cipher suite, WEP-40 group cipher suites, optional
32	RSN Capabilities omitted:
33 34	30, // information element id, 48 expressed as Hex value
35	12, // length in octets, 18expressed as Hex value
36 37	01 00, // Version 1
38	00 0F AC 01, // WEP-40 as data group key cipher suite
39 40	01 00, // pairwise key cipher suite count
41	00 0F AC 00, // Use group key as pairwise cipher suite
42 43	01 00, // authentication count
44	00 0F AC 01 // IEEE 802.1X authentication
45 46	
47	802.1X authentication, Use CCMP for pairwise cipher suite, CCMP group cipher suites, preauthen-
48 49	tication and a PMKID:
50	30, // information element id, 48 expressed as Hex value
51 52	26, // length in octets, 38expressed as Hex value
53	01 00, // Version 1
54 55	00 0F AC 04, // CCMP as data group cipher suite
56	01 00, // pairwise cipher suite count
57	00 0F AC 04, // CCMP as pairwise cipher suite
58 59	01 00, // authentication count
60	00 0F AC 01 // IEEE 802.1X authentication
61 62	01 00 // Preauthentication capabilities
63	01 00 // PMKID Count
64 65	01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F 10 // PMKID

# Insert the following text before 7.3.2.25.1: IEEE 802.1X authentication, CCMP pairwise and group key cipher suites (neither-WEP-40, WEP-104, nor-and TKIP are not allowed), and Robust Management Frame protection -Protection are allowed and enforced with AES-128-CMAC as the broadcast/multicast management suite selector. 30, // information element id, 48 expressed as Hex value 141A, // length in octets, 20 expressed 26 expressed as Hex value 01 00, // Version 1 00 0F AC 04, // CCMP as the data group key cipher suite 01 00, // pairwise key cipher suite count 00 0F AC 04, // CCMP as pairwise key-cipher suite 01 00, // authentication count 00 0F AC 01 // IEEE 802.1X authentication 03 40 80 00 // Robust Management Frame protection Protection is enabled and enforced enabled 00 00 // No PMKIDs 00 0F AC 06<ANA>, // AES-128-CMAC as the broadcast/multicast management cipher suite

#### EDITORIAL NOTE : <ANA> request to ANA for assignment of AES-128-CMAC.

# 7.3.2.25.1 Cipher suites

### Change the 1st paragraph of 7.3.2.25.1 as follows:

The <u>Data</u> Group <u>Data</u> Cipher Suite field contains the cipher suite selector used by the BSS to protect broadcast/multicast <u>data traffie</u> framestraffie.

#### **Change**-Insert a new paragraph after the 3rd paragraph of 7.3.2.25.1 as follows:

The Pairwise Cipher Suite List field contains a series of cipher suite selectors that indicate the pairwise cipher suites contained in the RSN information element. <u>The</u> Management Group Cipher Suite field contains the cipher suite selector used by the BSS to protect broadcast/multicast management <u>traffie</u> frames.

Change Table 32 as follows:

OUI	Suite Type	Meaning
00-0F-AC	0	Use group cipher suite
00-0F-AC	1	WEP-40
00-0F-AC	2	TKIP
00-0F-AC	3	Reserved
00-0F-AC	4	CCMP - default pairwise cipher suite in an RSNA
00-0F-AC	5	WEP-104

#### Table 7-32—Cipher suite selectors

#### Table 7-32—Cipher suite selectors

OUI	Suite Type	Meaning	
<u>00-0F-AC</u>	TBD <ana></ana>	AES-128-CMAC - default management group cipher suite in a BIP enabled RSNA	
00-0F-AC	<u>?</u> -255	Reserved	
Vendor OUI	Other	Vendor specific	
Other	any	Reserved	

EDITORIAL NOTE: Last assigned value is 5; should request ANA for value 6, but leave as TBD-<ANA> as noted above.

#### Insert the following paragraph after the third paragraph of 7.3.2.25.1:

When Robust Management Frame protection-Protection is enabled, the negotiated pairwise cipher suite is used to protect the unicast Robust Management Frames frames and the management group cipher suite is used to protect the broadcast/multicast Robust Management Frames frames. Use of AES-128-CMAC is only valid as a management group cipher suite. CCMP is the only valid pairwise cipher suite used to protect unicast Robust Management Frames.

#### **Replace Table 33 with the following Table:**

#### 7.3.2.25.2 AKM suites

#### Table 33—Cipher suite usage

			Enabled Robust Management Frame Protection	
Cipher Suite Selector	GTK	РТК	Unicast Robust Management Frames	Broadcast/multicast Robust Management Frames
Use group key	No	Yes	No	No
WEP-40	Yes	No	No	No
WEP-104	Yes	No	No	No
TKIP	Yes	Yes	No	No
CCMP	Yes	Yes	No	No
<u>AES-128-</u> <u>CMAC</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>No</u>	Yes

Change Table 33 by adding two new columns "Unicast Robust Management Frames and "Broadcast/ multicast Robust Management Frames" under a general column heading "Enabled Robust Management Frame Protection" on the right and appending a new row for AES-128-CMAC with the new cell values as follows:

			Management Frame Protection enabled		
Cipher Suite Selector	GTK	РТК	<u>Unicast Robust Management</u> <u>frames</u>	<u>Broadcast/multicast Robust</u> <u>Management frames</u>	
Use group key	No	Yes	No	No	
WEP-40	Yes	No	<u>No</u>	No	
WEP-104	Yes	No	<u>No</u>	No	
TKIP	Yes	Yes	<u>No</u>	No	
CCMP	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	
AES-128- CMAC	<u>No</u>	<u>No</u>	No	Yes	

#### Table 7-33—Cipher suite usage

# 7.3.2.25.3 RSN capabilities

**Replace** Change Figure 91–7-74 with the following (change being the addition of bit 6 as <u>AES-128-CMAC[#7]</u>, bit 7 as Robust Management Frame protection Protection and changing "Reserved" to be §7):

В0	B1	B2 – B3	B4 – B5	<u>B6</u>	<u>B7</u>	<u>B8</u>	B9	B10-15
Pre- Auth	No Pair- wise	PTKSA Replay Counter	GTKSA Replay Counter	<u>AES-</u> <u>128-</u> <u>CMAC</u>	Robust Man- agement Frame protec- tion	<u>Reserved</u>	PeerKey Enabled	Reserved

B0	B1	B2 – B3	B4 – B5	<u>B6</u>	<u>B7</u>	<u>B8</u>	В9	B10	B11	B12- 15
Pre- Auth	No Pair- wise	PTKSA Replay Counter	GTKSA Replay Counter	<u>Reser</u> <u>ved</u>	<u>Robust Man-</u> <u>agement</u> <u>Frame protec-</u> <u>tion</u>	<u>Reser</u> <u>ved</u>	Peer- Key Enabled	SPP A- MSDU Capable	SPP A- MSDU Required	Reser ved

### Figure 7-74 — RSN Capabilities field format

EDITORIAL NOTE: TGr has already made the assignment of bit 6 for AES-128-CMAC which needs to be approved by IEEE 802.11 ANA. This update requests TGw usurp bit 7 for Robust Management Frame protection pending ANA assignment.

EDITORIAL NOTE: This update requests TGw use bit 7 for Robust Management Frame Protection pending ANA assignment. This is realizing TGr (as of Draft 7.0) no longer uses bit 6 and but is currently assigned to TGr per ANA. Consider the above TBD pending ANA assignment.

Insert after DashList item "Bits 64-5":

<u>— Bit 6: Reserved.</u>

Change DashList item "Bits 76-8 and 10-15" as follows:

Bits 78-6-8 and 1012-15: Reserved. The remaining subfields of the RSN Capabilities field are reserved and shall be set to 0 on transmission and ignored on reception.

# 7.3.2.46 Fast BSS transition information element

EDITORIAL NOTE: This clause is introduced by TGr and is tracked by TGw.

Insert the following row (ignoring the header row) in Table 7-43d - "Sub-element IDs" before the "Reserved" entry and renumbering the "Reserved" values as appropriate:

#### Table 7-43m—Sub-element IDs

Value	Contents of data field	Length (in octets)
4	IGTK	24

Insert the following paragraph and Figure 7-95aj after the paragraph ending with the sentence "It is encoded following the conventions from 7.1.1" in 7.3.2.46:

IGTK contains the Integrity GTK, used for Robust Management frames. It is encoded in the same way as the GTK, as specified above. The IGTK sub-element format is shown in Figure 7-95aj.

	Sub-element ID	Length	KeyID	PN	Key	ICV (see 11A.8.5)
Octets	1	1	2	6	16	8

#### Figure 7-95aj—IGTK sub-element format

EDITORIAL NOTE: 802.<del>11ma-</del>11-2007 ends with 7.3.2.35, TGk adds it thru 41, TGr adds it through 48, TGn succeeds it through <del>52</del>53, TGw follows with <del>53</del>54

Insert at the end of subclause-sub clause 7.3.2.52-53 the new subclause-sub clause 7.3.2.53-54 as follows:

#### 7.3.2.54 Management MIC information element

The Management MIC information element (MMIE) provides message integrity and protects robust broadcast/multicast management frames. Robust Management Frames from forgery and replay. It also provides message integrity for broadcast/multicast Robust Management Frames. Figure 7-95ak Figure 112wa shows the MMIE format.

	Element ID	Length	Key ID	<del>Replay</del> Se- quence number	MIC
Octets	1	1	2	6	8

#### Figure 7-95ak — Management MIC information element format

EDITORIAL NOTE: The figure is numbered 112wa as TGn follows its own convention, 112 is the last figure in TGma D9.0 and TGr also has inserted figures after 112.

The value of the Element ID field is TBD.

+EDITORIAL NOTE : TBD request to ANA for assignment+.

The Length field denotes the number of octets in the information element and has a value of 16.

The Key ID field identifies the broadcast/multicast key-IGTK used to compute the MIC. Bits 0-11 defines a value in the range 0-4095. Bits 12 - 15 are reserved and set to 0 on transmission and ignored on reception.
 By convention, the The IGTK Key ID shall be is either 4 or 5. The remaining Key IDs are reserved for future multicast extensions.

The Replay-Sequence Number field value is contains a 6 octets octet value, interpreted as a 48-bit unsigned integer and used as a sequence number. to prevent replay of broadcast/multicast Robust Management frames.

The MIC field contains a message integrity code calculated over the Robust Management Frame as specified in 8.3.4.5 and 8.3.4.6.

# 8. Security

I

#### 8.1 Framework

#### 8.1.1 Security methods

Insert the following sub-item at the end of between "CCMP and RSNA" in 8.1.1:

— BIP, described in -8.3.4

#### 8.1.2 RSNA equipment and RSNA capabilities

#### 8.1.3 RSNA establishment

#### Insert sub-item '7' in the first item ('a') as follows:

7) If Robust Management Frame protection Protection is enabled, it programs the TK and pairwise cipher suite into the MAC for protection of robust unicast management frames. It also installs the IGTK, and IGTK sequence counter.

Insert sub-item '6' in the second item ('b') as follows:

6) If Robust Management Frame protection Protection is enabled, it protects the Robust Management Frames by programming programs the negotiated pairwise cipher suite and established PTK, IGTK, and IGTK sequence counter.

8.2 Pre RSNA security methods

# Change the title of -8.3 as follows:

# 8.3 RSNA data-confidentiality and integrity protocols

#### 8.3.1 Overview

Change the 1st paragraph of -8.3.1 as follows:

This standard defines two RSNA confidentiality and integrity protocols: TKIP and CCMP. This standard defines one integrity protocol: BIP.

Implementation of CCMP shall be mandatory in all IEEE 802.11 devices claiming RSNA compliance.

This standard defines two RSNA data confidentiality and integrity protocols: TKIP, and CCMP. This standard defines one integrity protocol: BIP. Implementation of CCMP shall be mandatory in all IEEE 802.11 devices claiming RSNA compliance. Implementation of TKIP is optional for an RSNA and used only for the protection of data frames. A design aim for TKIP was that the algorithm should be implementable within the capabilities of most devices supporting only WEP, so that many such devices would be field-upgradeable by the supplier to support TKIP. BIP is a mechanism used only when protection of Robust Management Frames is enabled and is used to provide integrity protection for Robust broadcast/multicast management frames.

#### 8.3.2 Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP)

BIP is a mechanism used only when protection of Robust Management frames is enabled and is used to provide integrity protection for broadcast/multicast Robust Management frames.

EDITORIAL NOTE : The updates to the above paragraph does not show the added paragraph breaks with underline/ strikethrough.

# 8.3.3 CTR with CBC-MAC Protocol (CCMP)

# 8.3.3.1 CCMP Overview

Insert the following paragraph at the end of -8.3.3.1:

When CCMP is selected as the RSN pairwise cipher and dot11RSNAProtectedManagementFramesEnabled Management Frame Protection is TRUE enabled, unicast Robust unicast management Management frames shall be protected with CCMP. A MAC implementation shall support CCMP for protecting management frames if CCMP and Robust-Management Frame protection-Protection are both supported.

8.3.3.3 CCMP MPDU format cryptographic encapsulation

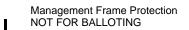
# 8.3.3.4 CCMP cryptographic encapsulation

# 8.3.3.4.1 PN processing

# 8.3.3.4.2 Construct AAD

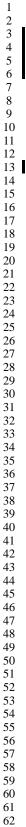
EDITORIAL NOTE: 8.3.3.3.2 is updated per TGn changes as well.

Replace Figue 135-Figure 8-17 with the following figure removing the muted bit descriptions and including the underlined updates:



	FC (bits 4,5,6 <u>,</u> 11,12,13=0) (bit 14=1)	A1 <del>or</del> <u>MMPDU</u> <u>DA</u>	A2 <del>or</del> <u>MMPDU</u> <u>SA</u>	A3 <del>or.</del> <u>MMPDU</u> <u>BSSID</u>	SC <del>(bits 4-15=0)</del>	A4	QC <del>(bits 4- 15 = 0)</del>
Octets	2	6	6	6	2	6	2

# Figure 8-17—AAD construction



#### Change the third paragraph of 8.3.3.3.2 as follows:

The AAD is constructed from the MPDU Header. The AAD does not include the header Duration field, because the Duration field value can change due to normal IEEE 802.11 operation (e.g. a rate change during retransmission). The AAD does not include the Duration/ID field or the HT Control field, because the contents of these fields can change during normal operation (e.g., due to a rate change preceding re-transmission). The HT Control field can also be inserted or removed during normal operation (e.g., retransmission of an A-MPDU, where the original A-MPDU included an MCS request that has already generated a response). For similar reasons, several sub-fields in the Frame Control field are masked to 0. AAD construction is performed as follows:

- a) FC MPDU Frame Control field, with:
  - 1) Subtype bits (bits 4 5 6) in a Data MPDU masked to 0;
  - 2) Retry bit (bit 11) masked to 0;
  - 3) Retry-PwrMgt bit (bit 1112) masked to 0;
  - 4) **PwrMgt** MoreData bit (bit 1213) masked to 0;
  - 5) MoreData-The Protected Frame bit (bit  $\frac{13}{14}$ ) masked-always set to  $\frac{0.1}{2}$
  - 6) The Protected Frame Order bit (bit 1415) always set masked to 1.0
- b) A1 MPDU Address 1 field
- c) A2 MPDU Address 2 field
- d) A3 MPDU Address 3 field
- e) SC MPDU Sequence Control field, with the Sequence Number subfield (bits 4-15 of the Sequence Control field) masked to 0. The Fragment Number subfield is not modified.
- f) A4 MPDU Address field, if present-in the MPDU.
- g) QC QoS Control field, if present, a 2 octet field that includes the MDSU priority. The QC TID is used in the construction of the AAD, and the remaining QC fields are set to 0 for the AAD calculation (bits 4 to 15 are set to 0).

EDITORIAL NOTE: The SC field should be considered in an MMPDU as well so no modifications are made in there per CID, the A4 and Qos do not readily apply to management frames (yet).

h) QC - QoS Control field, if present, a 2-octet field that includes the MDSU priority. The QC TID field is used in the construction of the AAD. When both the STA and its peer have their SPP A-MSDU Capable fields set to 1, bit 7 (the A-MSDU Present field) is used in the construction of the AAD. The remaining QC fields are set to 0 for the AAD calculation (bits 4 to 6, bits 8 to 15, and bit 7 when either the STA or its peer has the SPP A-MSDU Capable field set to 0).

# 8.3.3.4.3 Construct CCM nonce

*Replace Figure 136 with the following figure "replacing "Priority Octet" with "Nonce Flag Octet", and addition of "Management" as bit 4 of this octet.":* 

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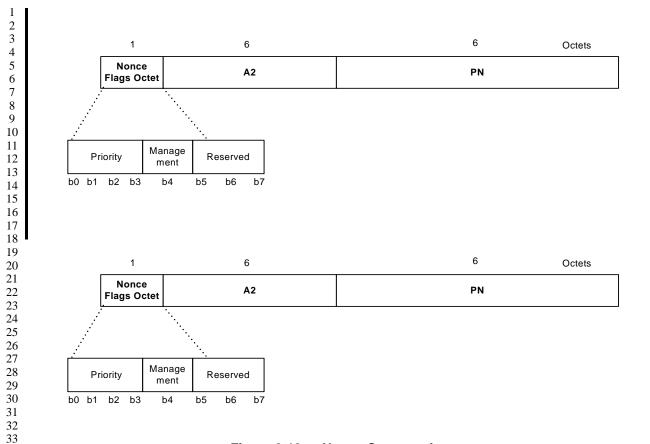
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#### Figure 8-18 — Nonce Construction

EDITORIAL NOTE: ANA must be requested for this bit (4). There has have been issues editing the above Figure and thus is left as B4....readers should note that until ANA assigns this bit, it should read TBD<ANA>, pending ANA assignment.

#### Change the second paragraph 8.3.3.3.3 as follows:

The Nonce field has an internal structure of the Priority Nonce Flags Octet || A2 || PN ("||" is concatenation), where

- The Priority Octet field shall be set to the fixed value 0 (0x00) when there is no QC field present in the MPDU header. When the QC field is present, bits 0 to 3 of the priority Octet field shall be set to the value of the QC TID (bits 0 to 3 of the QC field). Bits 4 to 7 of the Priority OCtet field are reserved and shall be set to 0.
- The Priority field of the Nonce Flags Octet field shall be set to the fixed value 0 when there is no QC field present in the MPDU header. When the QC field is present, bits 0 to 3 of the Priority field shall be set to the value of the QC TID (bits 0 to 3 of the QC field).
  - <u>The Management field of the Nonce Flags field shall be set to 1 if the Type field of the Frame Control field is 00 (Management frame); otherwise, if the Type field otherwise it is not 00, then the Management field of the Nonce flags octet shall be set to 0.</u>
  - Bits 5 to 7 of the Nonce Flags field are reserved and shall be set to 0 on transmission and ignored on reception.
- MPDU Address A2 field occupies octets 1-6. This shall be encoded with the octets ordered with A2
   octet 0 at octet index 1 and A2 octet 5 at octet index 6.
- The PN field occupies octets 7-12. The octets of PN shall be ordered so that PN0 is at octet index 12 and PN5 is at octet index 7.

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#### 8.3.3.4.4 Construct CCMP Header

# 8.3.3.4.5 CCM originator processing

Insert the following text at the end of 8.3.3.3.5:

A CCMP protected robust unicast management Robust Management frame shall be protected with the TK.

# 8.3.3.5 CCMP decapsulation

# Change item 'c' as follows:

The Nonce value is constructed from the A2, PN, and Priority Nonce Flags Octet fields. c)

# Insert the following paragraph at the end of before 8.3.3.4.1:

When the received frame is a CCMP protected robust unicast management frame, contents of the MMPDU body after protection is removed shall be delivered to the SME via the MLME primitive designated for that management frame rather than through the MA-UNITDATA.indication primitive.

# 8.3.3.5.1 CCM recipient processing

Insert the following sentence at the end of the first paragraph in 8.3.3.4.1:

A CCMP protected robust-unicast management-Robust Management frame shall use the same TK as a Data MPDU.

# 8.3.3.5.2 Decrypted CCMP MPDU

# 8.3.3.5.3 PN and replay detection

# Change item 'e' as follows:

For each PTKSA, GTKSA, and STKSA, the recipient shall maintain a separate replay counter for e) each IEEE 802.11 MSDU priority and shall use the PN recovered from a received frame to detect replayed frames, subject to the limitation of the number of supported replay counters indicated in the RSN Capabilities field (see 7.3.2.25-). A replayed frame occurs when the PN extracted from a received frame is less that than or equal to the current replay counter value for the frame's MSDU priority and frame type. A transmitter shall not use IEEE 802.11 MSDU priorities without ensuring that the receiver supports the required number of replay counters. The transmitter shall not reorder frames within a replay counter, but may reorder frames across replay counters. One possible reason for reordering frames is the IEEE 802.11 MSDU priority.

For each IGTKSA the recipient shall maintain a single frame replay counter for broadcast/multicast Robust Management Frames, and shall use the PN recovered from received broadcast/multicast Robust Management Frames to detect replayed frames as described above for data frames

# Insert the following bullet after 'e':

57 el) If dot11RSNAProtectedManagementFramesEnabled is TRUE, the recipient shall main-58 tain a single management frame replay counter and shall use the PN from a received management 59 60 frame to detect replayed management frames. -A replayed frame occurs when the PN from a 61 received management frame is less than or equal to the current management frame replay counter 62 value. А replayed frame shall be silently discarded and the 63 dot11RSNAStatsRobustMqmtCCMPReplays shall be incremented by 1. The transmitter 64 shall preserve the order of Robust Management Frames sent to the same DA. 65

#### Insert a new subclause the following after 8.3.4 at the end of 8.3.3 as follows:

#### 8.3.4 The Broadcast/Multicast integrity protocol

Broadcase/Multicast Integrity Protocol (BIP) provides data integrity and replay protection for Robust-broadcast/multicast Robust Management frames after successful completion of either a 4-way Handshake or FT 4-way handshake, and delivery of the IGTK.

#### 8.3.4.1 BIP overview

BIP provides data integrity and replay protection, using AES-128 in CMAC Mode. NIST SP 800-38B defines the CMAC algorithm. All BIP processing uses AES with a 128-bit integrity key and a 128-bit block size, and a CMAC TLen value of 64 (8 octets).

BIP uses the Integrity GTK (IGTK) to compute the broadcast/multicast MMPDU MIC. The authenticator shall distribute one new IGTK and IGTK PN whenever it distributes a new GTK. The IGTK is identified by the MAC address of the STA-transmitting itSTA, plus a non-zero 12-bit key identifier that is encoded in the MMIE Key ID field.

#### 8.3.4.2 BIP MMPDU format

The Management MIC IE shall follow all of the other IEs in the management frame body but precede the FCS. See 7.3.2.54 for the format of the Management MIC IE. Figure <del>137wa</del>-8-19a shows the BIP MMPDU.

	IEEE 802.11 Header	Management Frame Body	Management MIC IE	FCS	
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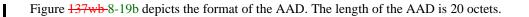
IEEE 802.11 Header	Management Frame Body	Management MIC IE	FCS
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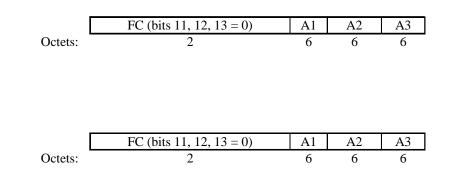
# Figure 8-19a — BIP Encapsulation

#### 8.3.4.3 BIP AAD Construction

The BIP AAD-Additional Authenticated Data (AAD) shall be constructed from the MMPDU header. The Duration field in the AAD shall be masked to 0. The AAD construction shall use a copy of the IEEE 802.11 header without the SC field for the MMPDU, with the following exceptions:

- a) FC MMPDU Frame Control field, with:
  - 1) Retry bit (bit 11) masked to zero;
  - 2) PwrMgt bit (bit 12) masked to zero;
  - 3) MoreData bit (bit 13) masked to zero;
- b) A1 MMPDU DA
- e) A2 MMPDU SA
- d) A3 MMPDU BSSID
- e) A1 MMPDU Address 1 field;
- f) A2 MMPDU Address 2 field;
- g) A3 MMPDU Address 3 field.





#### Figure 8-19b — AAD Construction

#### 8.3.4.4 BIP replay protection

The MMIE Replay field represents a sequence number whose length is 6 octets.

The transmitter shall insert a monotonically increasing value into the MMIE Replay field. The receiver shall maintain a 48-bit replay counter for each IGTK. The replay counter, counter shall be set to the value of the IPN in the IGTK KDE provided by the Authenticator in either the 4-way handshake or Group Key handshakes, shall be set to the value provided by the Authenticator. The receiver shall interpret the MMIE Replay field as a 48-48-bit integer. It shall then compare this integer value against the replay counter for the IGTK identified by the MMIE Key ID field. If the integer value from the received MMIE Replay Field is less than or equal to the replay counter value for the IGTK, the receiver shall silently discard the frame and increment the dotllRSNAStatsBIPReplays\_dotllRSNAStatsCMACReplays counter by 1.

Note - when the IGTK PN space is exhausted, the choices available to an implementation are to replace the IGTK or to end communications.

# 8.3.4.5 BIP transmission

When a STA transmits a protected robust-broadcast/multicast management-Robust Management frame it shall:

- a) Select the appropriate key (IGTK) for the frame and construct the MMIE (see 7.3.2.54) with the MIC field masked to zerozero and the KeyID field set to the corresponding IGTK KeyID value. Transmitter-The transmitter shall select a valid transmit sequence number as given in 8.3.4.4 and insert this value into the MMIE Replay Counter field.
- b) Compute AAD as specified in 8.3.4.3.
- c) Compute AES-128-CMAC over the concatenation of (AAD || Management Frame Body || MMIE), and insert the 64-64-bit output into the MMIE MIC field.
- d) Compose the broadcast/multicast Robust Management Frame-frame as the IEEE 802.11 header, Management Frame Bodymanagement frame body, MMIE, and FCS.
- e) Transmit the robust broadcast/multicast management Robust Management frame.

# 8.3.4.6 BIP reception

When a STA receives a robust broadcast/multicast management Robust Management frame protected protectd by BIP, it shall:

- a) Identify the appropriate IGTK key and associated state based on the MMIE KeyID field.
- b) Execute the appropriate replay protection scheme defined in 8.3.4.4. If the replay protection fails, the dotllRSNAStatsCMACReplays shall be incremented by 1 and the frame shall be discarded.
- c) If the replay protection scheme succeeds, the receiver shall compute AAD for this management frame, as specified in 8.3.4.3-3. The receiver shall extract and save the received MIC value, and compute the AES-128-CMAC over the concatenation of -(AAD || Management Frame Body || MMIE) with the MIC field masked to zero in the MMIE. If the replay protection fails, the dot11RSNAStatsCMACReplays shall be incremented and the frame shall be discarded.

If the result does not match the value in the MMIE received MIC value, then the receiver shall silently discard the frame and increment the dot11RSNAStatsCMACICVErrors counter by 1. If Robust-Management Frame Protection is enabled, broadcast-broadcast/multicast management frames that are received without BIP protection shall be silently discarded.

# 8.4 RSNA security association management

8.4.1 Security associations

# 8.4.1.1 Security association definitions

# Change the second paragraph as follows:

A security association is a set of policy(ies) and key(s) used to protect information. The information in the security association is stored by each party of the security association, must be consistent among all parties, and must have an identity. The identity is a compact name of the key and other bits of security association information to fit into a table index or an MPDU. There are four types of security associations supported by an RSN STA: The following types of security associations are supported by an RSN STA:

Insert the following item after the thirs hashed third dashed item (i.e.<del>g</del>. after GTKSA) in the list:

— IGTKSA: A result of a successful Group Key Handshake, successful 4-way Handshake, or the (Re)association Response message of the Fast BSS Transition protocol.

8.4.1.1.1 PMKSA

8.4.1.1.2 PTKSA

8.4.1.1.3 GTKSA

Insert the following as a new subclause sub clause succeeding 8.4.1.1.3:

# 8.4.1.1.3a IGTKSA

When Robust Management frame protection Frame Protection is enabled, a Non-AP STA's SME creates an IGTKSA when it receives Message 3 of the 4-Way Handshake, the (Re)association Response message of the Fast BSS Transition protocol, or Message 1 of the Group Key Handshake. The IGTKSA is unidirectional and is created by the 4-way Handshake, Fast BSS Transition protocol handshake, or the Group Key Handshake. The Authenticator's SME creates an IGTKSA when it changes the IGTK with all STAs to which it has a valid PTKSA.

An IGTKSA consists of the following elements:

- Direction vector (whether the IGTK is used for transmit or receive)
- KeyID
- IGTK
- Authenticator MAC address.

# 8.4.1.2 Security association life cycle

# 8.4.1.2.1 Security association in an ESS

# Change item 'd' as follows:

d) The last step is key management. The authentication process creates cryptographic keys shared between the IEEE 802.1X AS and the STA. The AS transfers these keys to the AP, and the AP and STA use one key confirmation handshake, called the 4-Way Handshake, to complete security association establishment. The key confirmation handshake indicates when the link has been secured by the keys and is ready to allow normal data traffic <u>and protect-Robust Management Frames</u>.

# Change the last sentence of the last paragraph as follows:

A STA's SME uses this primitve when it deletes a PTKSA, or GTKSA or IGTKSA.

# 8.4.2 RSNA selection

# 8.4.3 RSNA policy selection in an ESS

Insert the following text before 8.4.3.1:

An RSNA-capable AP may choose to associate with RSNA STAs with or without the capability for management frame protection-Management Frame Protection set in the RSNIERSN information element, as set in the policy variable dot11RSNALegacyManagementFramesdot11RSNAUnprotectedManagementFramesAllow ed. A STA may choose not to associate with an AP that does not advertise protection of Robust Management Frames in the RSN capabilities. In the case where When an RSNA STA tries to associate without Robust-Management Frame PManagement Frame protectionProtectionrotection, the AP may reject the (Re)association if dot11RSNALegacyManagementFramesAllowed is set to false. A non-AP STA may use dot11RSNAUnprotectedManagementFramesAllowed to decide whether to associate with an AP that does advertise Management Frame Protection. Table <del>59a</del> 8-1a details all the possibilities.

AP's State	Non-AP STA's State	AP Action	STA/Supplicant Action
------------	-----------------------	-----------	-----------------------

dot11RSNAProt ectedManage- mentFramesEn-	RSN IE Robust Mgmt Frame protec- tion subfield = 1	if STA's RSN IE advertises a different Management Group Ciphersuite then	if AP's RSN IE advertises a different Management Group Ciphersuite then
mentFramesEn- abled = true	tion subfield = 1	AP shall reject (re)association request with Reason Code TBD ("Invalid man- agement group cipher") else AP may accept (re)associa- tion request. The AP shall transmit and receive unicast Robust Man- agement Frames protected by the data pairwise cipher- suite, and broadcast/multi- cast Robust Management Frames protected by the Management Group Cipher- suite.	Group Ciphersuite then STA shall not (re)associate with this AP else STA may (re)associate with this AP. The STA shall transmit and receive unicast Robust Management Frames pro- tected by the data pairwise ciphersuite, and receive broadcast/multicast Robust Management protected by the Management Group Ciphersuite.
dot11RSNAProtecte dManagement- FramesEnabled = true AND dot11RSNALegacy Management- Frames = true	RSN IE Robust Mgmt Frame protec- tion subfield = 0	AP may (re)associate with this STA. The AP shall transmit and receive unicast Robust Man- agement Frames unpro- tected; the AP shall protect broadcast/multicast Robust Management Frames using the Management Group Ciphersuite.	The STA may associate with this AP with no Robust Management frame protection.
dot11RSNAProtecte dManagement- FramesEnabled = true AND dot11RSNALegacy Management- Frames = false	RSN IE Robust Mgmt Frame protec- tion subfield = 0	AP shall reject any (Re)associate Request from this STA with reason code TBD ("Invalid management group cipher")	The STA may try to reasso ciate with this AP.

RSN IE Robust Mgmt Frame protec- tion subfield = 0	dot11RSNAProtecte dManagement- FramesEnabled = true AND dot11RSNALegacy Management- Frames = true	The AP ignores all Robust Management Frame protec- tion	The STA may reassociate with this AP. The STA shall transmit and receive unicast Robust Management Frames unprotected.
RSN IE Robust Mgmt Frame protec- tion subfield = 0	dot11RSNAProtecte dManagement- FramesEnabled = true AND dot11RSNALegacy Management- Frames = false	The AP ignores all Robust Management Frame protec- tion	The STA shall not (Re)associate with this AP

#### Table 59a—Rost Management Frame selection in an ESS

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AP's State	Non-AP STA's State	AP Action	STA/Supplicant Action
dot11RSNAProtect edManagement- FramesEnabled = TRUE	RSN IE Robust Mgmt Frame protection sub- field = 1	if STA's RSN IE adver- tises a different Man- agement Group Cipher suite then AP shall reject (re)association request with Rea- son Code "Invalid management group cipher" else AP may accept (re)association request. The AP shall transmit and receive unicast Robust Management Frames protected by the data pairwise cipher suite, and broadcast/ multicast Robust Man- agement Frames pro- tected by the Management Group Cipher suite.	if AP's RSN IE adve tises a different Man agement Group Ciph suite then STA shall not (re)ass ciate with this AP else STA may (re)associa with this AP. The STA shall transn and receive unicast Robust Management Frames protected by data pairwise cipher suite, and receive broadcast/multicast Robust Management protected by the Man agement Group Ciph suite.
dot11RSNAProtectedM anagementFramesEna- bled = true AND dot11RSNAUnprotecte dManagementFrame- sAllowed = TRUE	RSN IE Robust Mgmt Frame protection sub- field = 0	AP may (re)associate with this STA. The AP shall transmit and receive unicast Robust Management frames to and from this STA unprotected; the AP shall protect broad- cast/multicast Robust Management frames using the Management Group Cipher suite.	The STA may associ with this AP with no Robust Managemen Frame Protection.

AP's State	Non-AP STA's State	AP Action	STA/Supplicant Action
dot11RSNAProtectedM anagementFramesEna- bled =TRUE AND dot11RSNAUnprotecte dManagementFrame- sAllowed = FALSE	RSN IE Robust Mgmt Frame protection sub- field = 0	AP shall reject any (Re)associate Request from this STA with rea- son code "Invalid man- agement group cipher"	The STA may try to reassociate with this AP.
RSN IE Robust Mgmtdot11RSNAProtectedMFrame protection sub- field = 0anagementFramesEna- bled =TRUE AND dot11RSNAUnprotecte dManagementFrame- sAllowed = TRUE	The AP may associate withthis STA with no Robust Management frame protection	The STA may reassoci- ate with this AP. The STA shall transmit and receive unicast and broadcast/multicast Robust Management frames unprotected.	
RSN IE Robust Mgmt Frame protection sub- field = 0	dot11RSNAProtectedM anagementFramesEna- bled = true AND dot11RSNAUnprotecte dManagementFrame- sAllowed = false	The AP transmits man- agement frames unpro- tected and will silently discard any protected management frames it recieves	The STA shall not (Re)associate with this AP

#### Table 8-1a—Robust Management frame selection in an ESS

# 8.4.4 TSN-RSNA policy selection in an IBSS

Insert a new subclause sub clause 8.4.4.2 as follows:

# 8.4.4.2 Robust Management Frame policy selection in an IBSS

**Robust** Management Frame protection Protection is valid only if RSNA is selected to protect data messages and dot11RSNAProtectedManagementFramesEnabled is set to TRUE.

In an IBSS two 4-Way Handshakes exchange RSN information elements to establish the security of the link between two STAs. The Robust-Management frame protection-Frame Protection capabilities are determined by the RSN information elements exchanged in the 4-Way Handshake initiated by the Authenticator of the STA with the larger MAC address. Table 8-1b Table 59b details all of the possibilities, including the case when the STA with the larger MAC address does not support Management Frame protection.

	Local STA's State	Peer STA's State	Local STA's Action
--	-------------------	------------------	--------------------

dot11RSNAProte	RSN IE Robust Mgmt	if Peer STA's RSN IE adver
ctedManage-	Frame protection sub-	tises a different Managemen
mentFramesEna-	field $= 1$	Group Ciphersuite then
bled = true		The Local STA shall
bieu – truc		abort 4-Way Hand-
		shakes with the Peer
		STA
		else
		4-Way Handshakes with the
		Peer STA may complete suc
		cessfully.
		The Local STA shall trans-
		mit and receive unicast
		Robust Management Frame
		protected by the data pair-
		wise ciphersuite, and broad
		cast/multicast Robust
		Management Frames pro-
		tected by the Management
		Group Ciphersuite.
dot11RSNAProte	RSN IE Robust Mgmt	The Local STA may com-
ctedManage-	Frame protection sub-	plete 4-Way Handshake wit
mentFramesEna-	field $= 0$	the Peer STA.
bled = true AND		The Local STA shall trans-
dot11RSNALegac		mit and receive unicast
yManagement-		Robust Management Frame
Frames = true		unprotected; the Local STA
		shall transmit broadcast/mu
		ticast Robust Management
		Frames protected using the
		· · ·
		Management Group Cipher
		suite, but receive broadcast
		multicast Robust Manage-
		ment Frames from the Peer
1		STA unprotected.

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dot11RSNAProte	RSN IE Robust Mgmt	The Local STA shall abort	
ctedManage-	Frame protection sub-	any 4-Way Handshakes with	
mentFramesEna-	field = 0	this Peer STA	
bled = true AND			
dot11RSNALegac			
yManagement-			
Frames = false			
Table	59b Robust Manger	nent Frame Selection in an	BSS

#### 8.4.5 RSN management of the IEEE 802.1X Controlled Port

#### 8.4.6 RSNA authentication in an ESS

8.4.7 RSNA authentication in an IBSS

#### 8.4.8 RSNA key management in an ESS

#### Table 8-1b—Robust Management frame selection in an IBSS

STA's State	Peer STA's message con- tents	Local STA's Action
dot11RSNAProtectedM anagementFramesEna- bled = TRUE	RSN IE Robust Mgmt Frame protection subfield = 1	<ul> <li>if Peer STA's message contents has an RSN IE that</li> <li>advertises a mismatching</li> <li>Management Group Cipher</li> <li>suite then</li> <li>The STA's state shall</li> <li>abort 4-Way Handshakes with the Peer</li> <li>STA</li> <li>else</li> <li>4-Way Handshakes with the</li> <li>Peer STA may complete successfully.</li> <li>The STA's state shall transmit and receive unicast</li> <li>Robust Management Framess</li> <li>protected by the data pairwise cipher suite, and broadcast/multicast Robust</li> <li>Management Frames protected by the Management</li> <li>Group Cipher suite.</li> </ul>

STA's State	Peer STA's message con- tents	Local STA's Action
dot11RSNAProtectedM anagementFramesEna- bled = true AND	RSN IE Robust Mgmt Frame protection subfield = 0	The STA's state may com- plete 4-Way Handshake with the Peer STA.
dot11RSNAUnprotecte dManagementFrame- sAllowed = true		The STA's state shall trans- mit and receive unicast Robust Management Frames unprotected; the STA's state shall transmit broadcast/ multicast Robust Manage- ment Frames protected using the Management Group Cipher suite, but receive broadcast/multicast Robust Management Frames from the Peer STA's message con- tents unprotected.
<pre>dot11RSNAProtectedM anagementFramesEna- bled = true AND dot11RSNAUnprotecte dManagementFrame- sAllowed = false</pre>	RSN IE Robust Mgmt Frame protection subfield = 0	The STA's state shall abort any 4-Way Handshakes with this Peer STA's message contents
dot11RSNAProtecte dManagement- FramesEnabled = false or not implemented	Any	The STA shall transmit Robust Management frames without protection, shall dis- card any unicast protected Robust Management frames it receives, and shall ignore the MMIE in any broadcast/ multicast protected Robust Management frame it receives.

#### Table 8-1b—Robust Management frame selection in an IBSS

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## 8.4.9 RSNA key management in an IBSS

## Change the text of -8.4.9 as follows:

To establish a security association between two STAs in an IBSS, each STA's SME must have an accompanying IEEE 802.1X Authenticator and Supplicant. Each STA's SME initiates the 4-Way Handshake from the Authenticator to the peer STA's Supplicant (see 8.4.7). Two separate 4-Way Handshakes are conducted.

The 4-Way Handshake is used to negotiate the pairwise cipher suites, as described in 8.4.4. The IEEE 802.11 SME configures the temporal key portion of the PTK into the IEEE 802.11 MAC. Each Authenticator uses the KCK and KEK portions of the PTK negotiated by the exchange it initiates to distribute its own GTK and if Robust-Management Frame protection-Protection is enabled, its own IGTK. Each Authenticator generates its own GTK and if Robust-Management Frame protection-Protection is enabled, its own IGTK, and uses either the 4-Way Handshake or the Group Key Handshake to transfer the GTK and if Robust Management Frames protection is enabled, the IGTK, to other STAs with whom it has completed a 4-Way Handshake. The pairwise key used between any two STAs shall be the pairwise key from the 4-Way Handshake initiated by the STA with the highest MAC address.

A STA joining an IBSS is required to adopt the security configuration of the IBSS, which includes the group cipher suite, pairwise cipher suite, AKMP, and if Robust-Management Frame protection is enabled, Management Group Cipher Suite (see 8.4.4). The STA shall not set up a security association with any STA having a different security configuration. The Beacon and Probe Response frames of the various STAs within an IBSS must reflect a consistent security policy, as the beacon initiation rotates among the STAs.

A STA joining an IBSS shall support and advertise, in the Beacon frame, the security configuration of the IBSS, which includes the group cipher suite, advertised pairwise cipher suite, AKMP, and if Robust Management Frame protection Protection is enabled, Management Group Cipher Suite (see 8.4.4). The STA may use the Probe Request frame to discover the security policy of a STA, including additional unicast cipher suites the STA supports. A STA shall ignore Beacon frames that advertise a different security policy.

## 8.4.10 RSNA security association termination

## Change first paragraph as follows:

When a non-AP STA SME receives a successful MLME Association or Reassociation confirm primitive 43 that is not part of a Fast BSS Transition or receives or invokes an MLME Disassociation or Deauthentication primitive, it will delete some security associations. Similarly, when an AP SME receives an MLME Associ-46 ation or Reassociation indication primitive that is not part of a Fast BSS Transition, or receives or invokes an MLME Disassociation or Deauthentication primitive, it will delete some security associations. In the case of an ESS the non-AP STA's SME shall delete the PTKSA, GTKSA, IGTKSA, SMKSA, and any STKSA, 48 and the AP's SME shall delete the PTKSA, and invoke an STSL application teardown procedure for any of its STKSAs. An example of an STSL application teardown procedure is described in 11.7.3. In the case of an IBSS, the STA's SME shall delete the PTKSA and the receive GTKSA and IGTKSA. Once the security associations have been deleted, the SME then invokes MLME-DELETEKEYS.request primitive to delete all temporal keys associated with the deleted security associations.

EDITORIAL NOTE: TGr has also updated this paragraph, do we reconcile it here or let 802.11ma do the update?

Insert a new subelause sub-clauses 8.4.11 and 8.4.12 as follows:

#### 8.4.11 Protection of unicast/broadcast/multicast management frames

When Robust-Management Frame protection-Protection is enabled and the 4-Way Handshake is completed successfully, all transmissions of Robust Management frames shall be protected. When Management Frame Protection is enabled on the receiver and advertised by the transmitter, all received broadcast/multicast Robust Management frames shall be discarded if a matching IGTK is not available or if the frame is unprotected.

NOTE- BIP does not provide protection against forgery by associated and authenticated non-AP STAs.

Protection of broadcast/multicast management Action frames shall be provided by a service in the MLME as described in -11.7.

Insert a new subclause 8.4.12 as follows:

## 8.4.12 Robust Management Frame Selection Procedure

If the AKM suite selected in the RSN IE is <u>Suite Type-</u>00-0F-AC:1 or 00-0F-AC:2, then <u>Robust-Management Frame protection</u>—Protection shall apply to Robust Management Frames after the RSNA PTK key establishment is completes successfully and after the GTK and IGTK have been delivered. All management frames sent or received by a STA before the keys are installed shall be unprotected. -If Management Frame Protection is negotiated, all Action frames received before keys are installed shall be discarded.

If the AKM suite selected in the RSN IE is <u>Suite Type-</u>00-0F-AC:3 or 00-0F-AC:4, then Robust Management Frame <u>protection</u>-Protection shall apply to Robust Management <u>Frames</u>-frames after the FT 4-way handshake or FT protocol has completed, and the GTK and IGTK have been delivered. -All management frames sent or received by a STA before the keys are installed shall be unprotected.

## 8.5 Keys and key distribution

## 8.5.1 Key hierarchy

#### Change the first paragraph and its succeeding item list as follows:

RSNA defines two-the following key hierarchies:

- a) Pairwise key hierarchy, to protect unicast traffic
- b) GTK, a hierarchy consisting of a single key to protect multicast and broadcast/multicast traffic

NOTE - Pairwise key support with TKIP or CCMP allows a receiving STA to detect MAC address spoofing and data forgery. The RSNA architecture binds the transmit and receive addresses to the pairwise key. If an attacker creates an MPDU with the spoofed TA, then the decapsulation procedure at the receiver will generate an error. GTKs do not have this property.

c) Integrity GTK (IGTK), a hierarchy consisting of a single key to provide integrity protection for robust-broadcast and multicast management Robust Management frames

## 8.5.1.1 PRF

8.5.1.2 Pairwise key hierarchy

#### Change the description of "The temporal key (TK)" as follows:

<u>The temporal key (TK) is used for protecting both unicast data and Robust Management Frames.</u> The temporal key (TK) shall be computed as bits 256-283 (for CCMP) or bits 256-511 (for TKIP) of the PTK:

TK ← L(PTK, 256, 128) or

#### $\frac{\text{TK} \leftarrow \text{L(PTK, 256, 256)}}{\text{TK} \leftarrow \text{L(PTK, 256, 256)}}$

#### 8.5.1.3 Group key hierarchy

Insert the following two a new subclauses sub clause after 8.5.1.3 as follows:

#### 8.5.1.3a Integrity Group Key group key hierarchy

#### The IGTK shall be initialized with a random value.

The Authenticator shall select the IGTK as a random value each time it is generated.

The Authenticator may update the IGTK for reasons such as:

- a) The Disassociation disassociation or Deauthentication deauthentication of a STA.
- b) An event within the STA's SME which triggers a Group Key Handshake.

The EAPOL-Key state machines (-(see 8.5.5 and -8.5.6) configure the IGTK via the MLME-SET-KEYS.request primitive.

The IGTK sequence counter is used to provide replay protection.

Note that a STA that has left the group can forge frames as an outsider until the IGTK is updated.

#### 8.5.2 EAPOL-Key Frames

Insert the following row into Table 62-8-4 - KDE before the "Reserved" entry and update the numbering appropriately:

#### Table 8-4—KDE

OUI	Data Type	Meaning
00-0F-AC	TBD <ana></ana>	IGTK KDE

EDITORIAL NOTE: 802.<del>11ma-</del>11-2007 has values assigned up through 8. Values assigned above as <del>TBD</del>-<ANA> and are pending ANA request assignments. The Reserved field must be updated as appropriate<del>.</del>.

#### Insert the following text and tables after Table 64:

Insert the following text and Figure 8-32a before the paragraph starting "The following EAPOL-Key frames are used to implement the three different exchanges:":

The format of the IGTK KDE is shown in Table 64B Figure 8-32a. The IGTK Packet Number (PNIPN) corresponds to the last PN used by the broadcast/multicast transmitter, to be used by the receiver as the initial value for the BIP replay counter.

	Table	e 64B—IGTK KDE	format	
	KeyID	PN	IGTK	
	2 octets	6 octets	16 octets	
	KeyID	IPN	IGTK	
	2 octets	6 octets	16 octets	
8.5.2.1 EAPOL-Key frai Change the GTK notation	me notation	8-32a—IGTK KD		
GTK[N	f <u>GTK</u> ] is sp be	the GTK, with key i ecifics which index : used for GTKs, ex 5.1.	dentifier field set t should be used for cept in mixed env	<del>o N<sub>GTK</sub>. The key idd</del> t <del>his GTK. Index 0 sh</del> i <del>ronments, as descri</del>
<b>PN</b> IPN		the current IGTK	replay counter val	ue provided by the

#### Table 64B—IGTK KDE format

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#### 8.5.3 4-Way Handshake

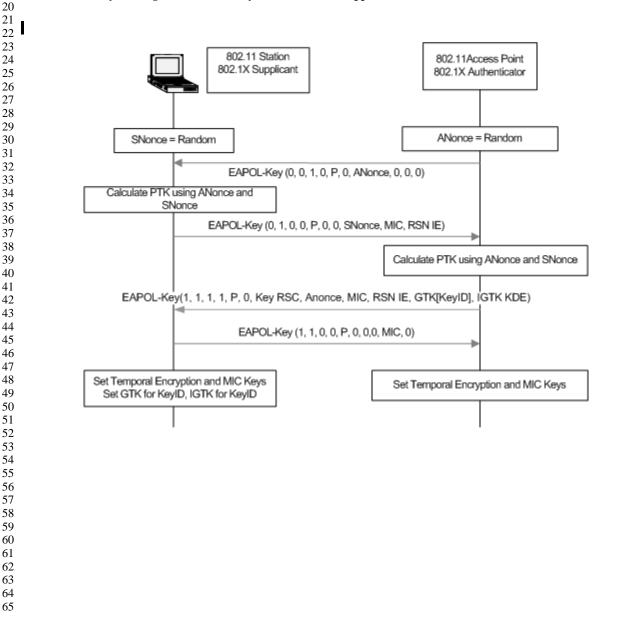
#### 8.5.3.3 4-Way Handshake Message 3

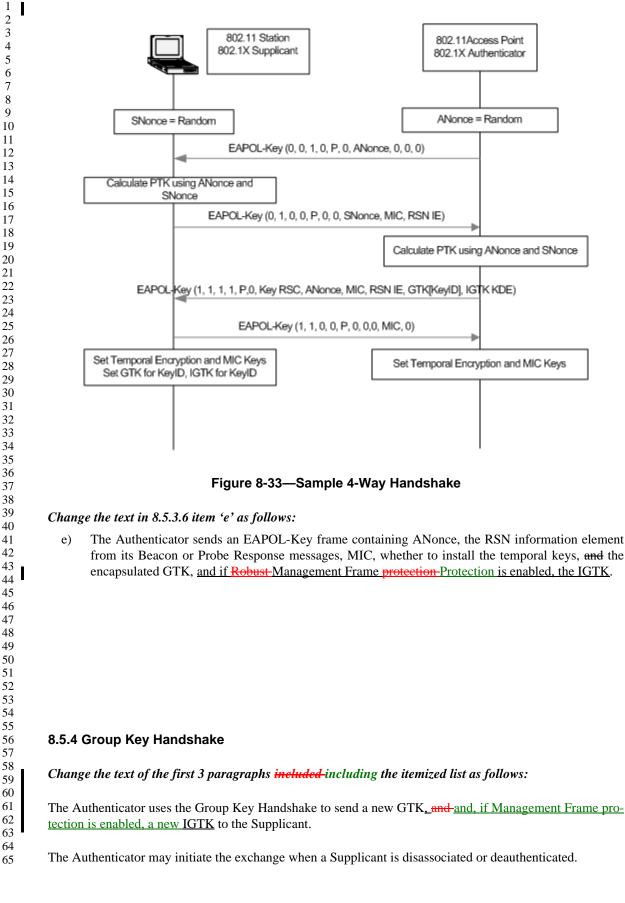
#### Change the entry for "Key Data" in 8.5.3.3 as indicated below:

Key Data = For PTK generation, the AP's Beacon/Probe Response frame's RSN information element, and, optionally, a second RSN information element that is the Authenticator's pairwise cipher suite assignment, and, if a group cipher has been negotiated, the encapsulated GTK and the GTK's key identifier (see 8.5.2), and if Robust-Management Frame protection Protection is enabled, the IGTK KDE. For STK generation Initiator RSN IE, Lifetime of SMK is used.

#### 8.5.3.6 Sample 4-Way Handshake

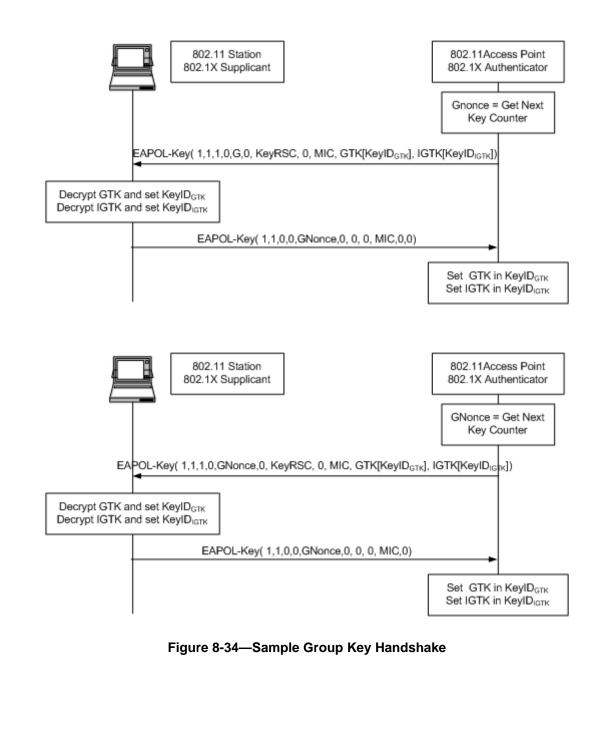
Replace Figure 151 with the following Figure, with the <del>updated</del>-updates including IGTK KDE on the 3rd EAPOL-Key message and "IGTK Key ID" on the 3rd supplicant box:





	Message 1: Authenticator → Supplicant: EAPOL-Key(1,1,1,0,G,0,Key RSC,0, MIC, GTK[ <mark>N<sub>GTK</sub>N]<u>.IGTK[N<sub>IGTK</sub>M]</u>)</mark>
	Message 2: Supplicant $\leftarrow$ Authenticator: EAPOL-Key(1,1,0,0,G,0,0,MIC,0)
Here,	the following assumptions apply:
	Key RSC denotes the last frame sequence number sent using the GTK.
_	$GTK[N_{GTK}N]$ denotes the GTK encapsulated with its key identifier as defined in 8.5.2 using the KEK defined in 8.5.1.2 and associated IV.
=	IGTK[N <sub>IGTK</sub> ]-M], when present, denotes the IGTK encapsulated with its key identifier as defined in 8.5.2 using the KEK defined in 8.5.1.2 and associated IV.
	The MIC is computed over the body of the EAPOL-Key frame (with the MIC field zeroed for the computation) using the KCK defined in 8.5.1.2.
8.5.4	1 Group Key Handshake Message 1
Chan	ge the description for 'Key Data' in -8.5.4.1 as follows:
	Key Data = encrypted, encapsulated
	<u>-</u> GTK and the GTK's key identifier (see 8.5.2)
	- When present, IGTK, IGTK's key identifier, and sequence number IPN (see 8.5.2)
Chan	ge item 'c' in -8.5.4.1 as follows:
c)	Uses the MLME-SETKEYS.request primitive to configure the temporal GTKGTK and, when present, and IGTK into its IEEE 802.11 MAC.
8.5.4	3 Group Key Handshake implementation considerations
Chan	ge the second paragraph as follows:
	ate machines in 8.5.5 and 8.5.6 change the GTKGTK and, when present, and IGTK in use by the net- See Figure 152.
Chan	ge the last paragraph and its numbered list as follows:
The fo	ollowing steps occur:
a)	The Authenticator generates a new <u>GTK</u> GTK <u>and</u> , when Robust Management frame protection has been negotiated, and a new IGTK. It encapsulates the <u>GTK</u> GTK <u>and as necessary IGTK</u> and sends an EAPOL-Key frame containing the <u>GTK</u> GTK <u>and IGTK</u> (Message 1), along with the last sequence number used with the GTK (RSC) <u>and the last sequence number used with the IGTK</u> ( <u>PNIPN</u> ).
b)	On receiving the EAPOL-Key frame, the Supplicant validates the MIC, decapsulates the GTKGTK and, when present, and the IGTK and uses the MLME-SETKEYS.request primitive to configure the GTK, IGTK <sub>7</sub> , RSC, and PN-IPN in its STA.
c)	The Supplicant then constructs and sends an EAPOL-Key frame in acknowledgment to the Authen- ticator.
d)	On receiving the EAPOL-Key frame, the Authenticator validates the MIC. If the GTK, <u>and-and, if</u> <u>present, IGTK is-are</u> not already configured into IEEE 802.11 MAC, after the Authenticator has delivered the GTK, <u>and IGTK</u> to all associated STAs, it uses the MLME-SETKEYS.request primitive to configure the GTK, <u>and IGTK</u> into the IEEE 802.11 STA.

Replace Figure 152-8-34 with the following Figure, with the updated updates including IGTK on the first EAPOL-Key message and 2nd supplicant box, adding "0,0" on reformatting the first message above the second EAPOL-Key message arrow and IGTK and new subscripts to the last Authenticator box:



1

2 3

4 5 6

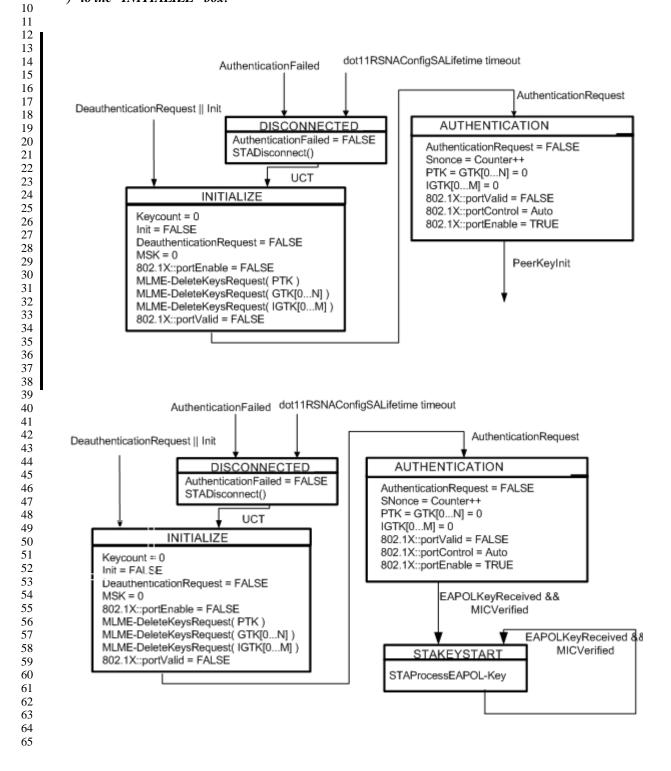
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8 9

#### 8.5.5 RSNA Supplicant key management state machine

#### 8.5.5.1 Supplicant state machine states

Replace Figure  $\frac{153}{8}$ -8-35 with the following figure updating "Snonce" to "SNonce", adding "IGTK[0..., NM] = 0" in the "AUTHENTICATION" box and "MLME-DeleteKeysRequest(IGTK[0..., NM])" to the "INITIALIZE" box:



#### Figure 8-35—RSNA Supplicant key management state machine

#### 8.5.5.2 Supplicant state machine variables

#### Insert the following text immediately following the 'GTK[]' variable:

— IGTK[] - This variable represents the current IGTKs for each management group key index.

#### 8.5.5.3 Supplicant state machine procedures

#### Change the 'StaprocessEPOLStaProcessEAPOL-Key' item as follows:

StaProcessEAPOL-Key - The Supplicant invokes this procedure to process a received EAPOLKey EAPOL-Key frame. The pseudo-code for this procedure is as follows:
 StaProcessEAPOL-Key (S, M, A, I, K, RSC, ANonce, RSC, MIC, RSNIE, GTK[NGTK],

<u>IGTK[<mark>N<sub>igtk</sub>M],</mark>, PN</u> )	
$\mathrm{TPTK} \leftarrow \mathrm{PTK}$	
TSNonce $\leftarrow 0$	
$PRSC \leftarrow 0$	
UpdatePTK $\leftarrow 0$	
State $\leftarrow$ UNKNOWN	
if $M = 1$ then	
if Check MIC(PTK, EAPOL-Key frame) fails then	
State $\leftarrow$ FAILED	
else	
State $\leftarrow$ MICOK	
endif	
endif	
if $K = P$ then	
if State != FAILED then	
if PSK exists then - PSK is a preshared key	
$PMK \leftarrow PSK$	
else	
$PMK \leftarrow L(MSK, 0, 256)$	
endif	
$TSNonce \leftarrow SNonce$	
if ANonce != PreANonce then	
TPTK ← Calc PTK(PMK, ANonce, TSNonce)	
$PreANonce \leftarrow ANonce$	
endif	
if State = MICOK then	
$PTK \leftarrow TPTK$	
UpdatePTK ← I	
if UpdatePTK = 1 then	
if no GTK then	
$PRSC \leftarrow RSC$	

endif

1	if MLME-SETKEYS.request(0, TRUE, PRSC, PTK) fails then
2 3	invoke MLME-DEAUTHENTICATE.request
4	endif
5	MLME.SETPROTECTION.request(TA, Rx)
6 7	endif
8	if GTK then
9	
10 11	if $(GTK[N_{GTK}N] \leftarrow Decrypt GTK)$ succeeds then
12	if MLME-SETKEYS.request( <del>NGTK</del> N, 0, RSC, GTK[ <del>NGTK</del> N]) fails then
13 14	invoke MLME-DEAUTHENTICATE.request
15	endif
16	else
17 18	State $\leftarrow$ FAILED
19	endif
20 21	endif
22	if IGTK then
23	<u>if (IGTK[N<sub>IGTK</sub>M] ← Decrypt IGTK) succeeds <b>then</b></u>
24 25	
25 26	<b><u>if MLME-SETKEYS.request(<math>\mathbb{N}_{IGTK}M</math>, 0, PN, IGTK[<math>\mathbb{N}_{IGTK}M</math>]) fails then</u></b>
27 28	invoke MLME-DEAUTHENTICATE.request
28 29	<u>endif</u>
30	else
31 32	<u>State <math>\leftarrow</math> FAILED</u>
33	<u>endif</u>
34 35	<u>endif</u>
36	<u>endif</u>
37	endif
38 39	else if KeyData = GTK then
40	if State = MICOK then
41 42	if (GTK[N <sub>GTK</sub> N] ← Decrypt GTK) succeeds then
43	if MLME-SETKEYS.request( $\mathbb{N}_{GTK}N_{,}$ T, RSC, GTK[ $\mathbb{N}_{GTK}N$ ]) fails then
44 <b>4</b> 5	invoke MLME-DEAUTHENTICATE request
46	_
47	endif
48 49	else
50	State $\leftarrow$ FAILED
51 52	endif
53	if (IGTK[ <mark>№<sub>IGTK</sub>M] ← Decrypt IGTK) succeeds then</mark>
54 55	<u>if MLME-SETKEYS.request(NIGTKM, T, PN, IGTK[NIGTKM]) fails then</u>
56	invoke MLME-DEAUTHENTICATE request
57	<u>endif</u>
58 59	else
60	State $\leftarrow$ FAILED
61 62	endif
62 63	else
64	
65	State $\leftarrow$ FAILED

#### endif

Change the second paragraph succeeding the pseudocode as follows:

When processing 4-Way Handshake Message 3, the <u>GTK,\_</u>GTK\_and <u>IGTK are-is</u> decrypted from the EAPOL-Key frame and installed. The PTK shall be installed before the <u>GTK\_</u>GTK and <u>IGTK</u>.

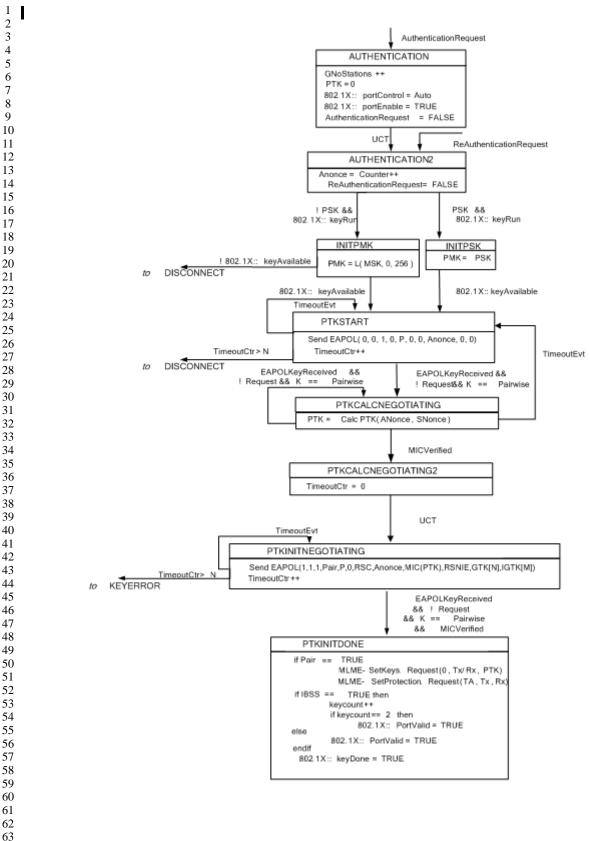
Insert the following items at the end of -8.5.5.3:

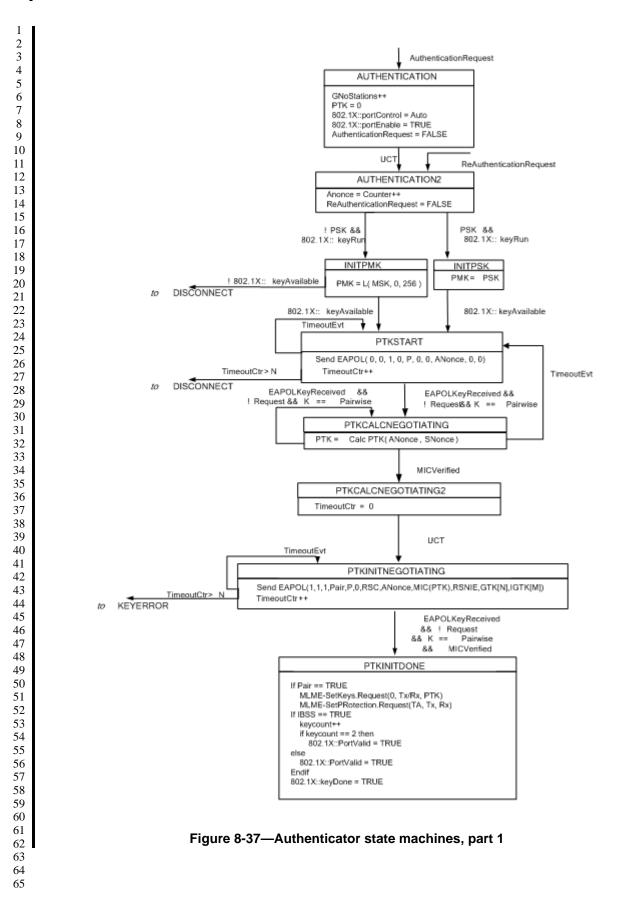
— **DecryptIGTK**(**x**) - Decrypt the IGTK from the EAPOL-Key frame.

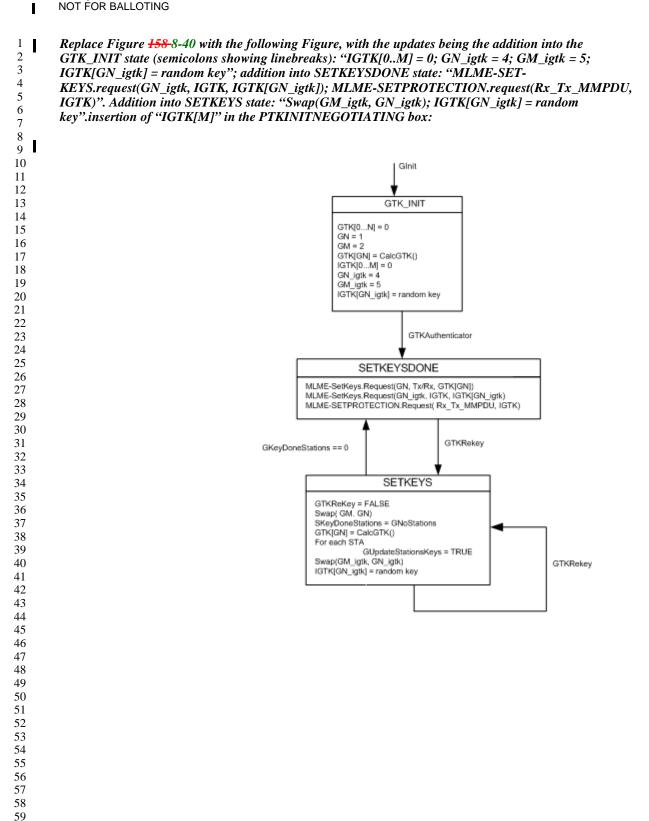
### 8.5.6 RSNA Authenticator key management state machines

Replace Figure 155-8-37 with the following Figure, with the updates being fixing Anonce with ANonce in the PTKSTART, PTKCALCNEGOTIATING, and PTKINITNEGOTIATING and the insertion of "IGTK[M]" in the PTKINITNEGOTIATING box:

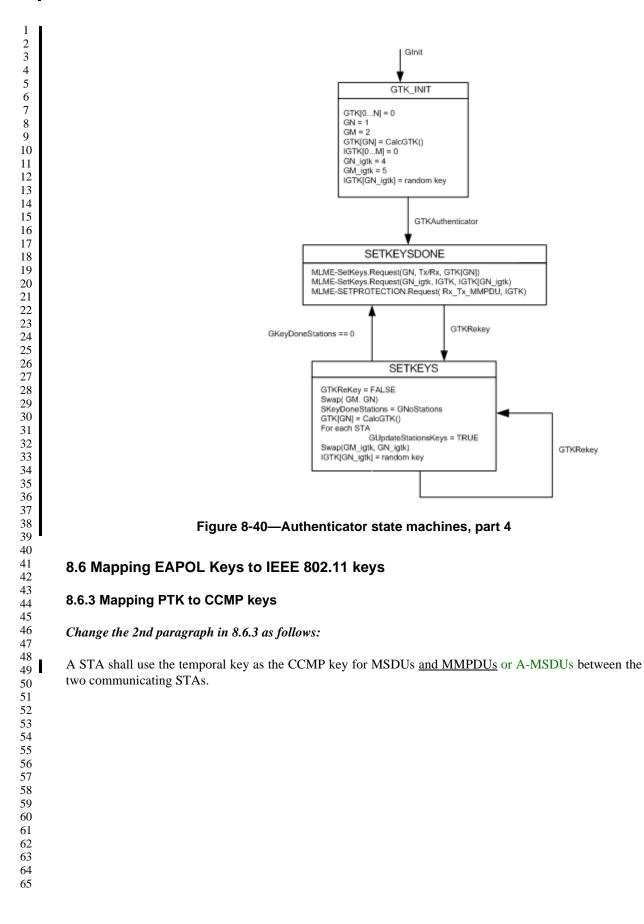
Management Frame Protection NOT FOR BALLOTING







- 60 61
- 62
- 63 64
- 65



#### Insert a new sub clause after 8.6.6 as follows:

## 8.6.6a Mapping IGTK to BIP Keys

See 8.5.1.3a for the definition of the IGTK key. A STA shall use bits 0-127 of the IGTK as the AES-128-CMAC key.

## 8.7 Per frame pseudo code

#### 8.8 WEP-Per-frame pseudo-code

#### 8.8.2 RSNA frame pseudo-code

#### Change the paragraph as follows:

STAs transmit protected MSDUs <u>or MMPDUs</u> to <u>an</u> RA when temporal keys are configured and an MLME.SETPROTECTION.request primitive has been invoked <u>with ProtectType parameter Tx or Rx Tx</u> to that RA. STAs expect to receive protected MSDUs <u>or MMPDUs</u> from a TA when temporal keys are configured and an MLME.SETPROTECTION.request primitive has been invoked with ProtectType parameter Rx or Rx\_Tx to that TA. MSDUs <u>and MMPDUs</u> that do not match these conditions are sent and are received without the benefit of encryption.

#### 8.8.2.1 Per-MSDU Tx pseudo-code

Insert a new subclause after 8.7.2.1 as follows:

#### 8.8.2.1a Per-MMPDU Tx pseudo-code

#### **if** (*dot11RSNAEnabled* = TRUE) **then**

<b>if</b> ((Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capability Field is set for Txdot11RSNAProtectedManagementFramesEnabled = TRUE) <b>and</b> (FrameControl.SubType is one of Disassociation, Deauthentication or Action)) <b>then</b>
-// Management Frame needs to be protected
// Management Frame Protection is enabled and frame is eligible for protection
if (MMPDU has an individual RA) then
<b>-if ((MMPDU has an individual RA) and</b> (MMPDU Protection for RA is off for Tx)) <b>then</b>
// Check for legacy operation
Transmit the MMPDU without protection, after fragmentation
else if (MMPDU has individual RA) then
else if (Pairwise key exists for the MMPDU's RA) then
// note Note that it is assumed that no entry will be in the key
// mapping table will be of a cipher type that is unsupported cipher.
Set the Key ID subfield of the IV field to zero
Transmit the MMPDU, to be protected after fragmentation
<del>// endif-</del>

<ul> <li>exists, to notify the SME that the MMPDU was undeliverable</li> <li>exists, to notify the SME that the MMPDU was undeliverable</li> <li>else // MMPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA</li> <li>if (IGTK exists) then</li> <li>if (IGTK exists) then</li> <li>// if we find a suitable IGTK</li> <li>Set the Key ID subfield of the MMIE to corresponding IGTK_KeyID</li> <li>Transmit the MMPDU with BIP</li> <li>else</li> <li>Discard the entire MMPDU and generate an MLME.confirm primitive, if it exists, to notify the SME that the MMPDU was undeliverable</li> <li>endif</li> <li>endif</li> <li>else</li> <li>endif</li> <li>else</li> <li>endif</li> <li>else</li> <li>// Either Management Frame Protection is not supported enabled OR</li> <li>// frame is not eligible for protection</li> <li>-// Either Management Frame Protection</li> <li>endif</li> <li>endif</li> <li>endif</li> <li>insert a new subclause-sub clause after 8.7.2.2:</li> <li>8.8.2.2a Per-MPDU Tx pseudo-code for MMPDU</li> <li>if ((dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) and (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capachilty Field is set for Tsc) then</li> <li>if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU without protection</li> <li>eke if (MPDU is individual RA) then</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP</li> </ul>	1	// see 8.7.2.2a
<ul> <li>// pairwise key was not found</li> <li>Discard the entire MMPDU and generate an MLME.confirm primitive, if it exists, to notify the SME that the MMPDU was undeliverable</li> <li>endif</li> <li>else // MMPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA</li> <li>if (IGTK exists) then</li> <li>// if we find a suitable IGTK</li> <li>Set the Key ID subfield of the MMIE to corresponding IGTK. KeyID</li> <li>Transmit the MMPDU with BIP</li> <li>else</li> <li>Discard the entire MMPDU and generate an MLME.confirm primitive, if it exists, to notify the SME that the MMPDU was undeliverable</li> <li>endif</li> <li>it (corr 1/RSNAEnabled = TRUE) end (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capacbility Field is set for Txi) then</li> <li>if ((dot) IRSNAEnabled = TRUE) end (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capacbility Field is set for Txi) then</li> <li>if ((MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU without protection</li> <li>else if (MPDU is individual RA) then</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and selected cipher from RSN IE</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU</li> <li>else</li> <li>// MPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP</li> </ul>		else
<ul> <li>Discard the entire MMPDU and generate an MLME.confirm primitive, if it exists, to notify the SME that the MMPDU was undeliverable</li> <li>endif</li> <li>else // MMPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA</li> <li>if (IGTK exists) then</li> <li>// if we find a suitable IGTK</li> <li>Set the Key ID subfield of the MMIE to corresponding IGTK KeyID</li> <li>Transmit the MMPDU with BIP</li> <li>else</li> <li>Discard the entire MMPDU and generate an MLME.confirm primitive, if it exists, to notify the SME that the MMPDU was undeliverable</li> <li>endif</li> <li>else</li> <li>endif</li> <li>endif</li> <li>endif</li> <li>else</li> <li>// frame is not eligible for protection</li> <li>-Transmit the MMPDU without protection</li> <li>endif</li> <li>endif</li> <li>endif</li> <li>endif</li> <li>if ((dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) and (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Caparbility Field is set for Tsc) then</li> <li>if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU without protection</li> <li>eke if (MPDU is individual RA) then</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP</li> </ul>	4	// pairwise key was not found
9       etsul         10       else // MMPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA         11       if (IGTK exists) then         12       if (IGTK exists) then         13       // if we find a suitable IGTK         14       Set the Key ID subfield of the MMIE to corresponding IGTK KeyID         15       Transmit the MMPDU with BIP         16       Discard the entire MMPDU and generate an MLME.confirm primitive, if it exists, to notify the SME that the MMPDU was undeliverable         17       endif         18       endif         19       -// Either Management Frame Protection is not supportedenabled OR         // frame is not eligible for protection         10       -// Either Management Frame Protection         10       -Transmit the MMPDU without protection         11       endif         12       endif         13       endif         14       endif         15       else         16       (dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) and (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Caparbility Field is set for Tx)) then         16       if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then         17       Transmit the MPDU without protection         16       else if (MPDU is individual RA) then	6	Discard the entire MMPDU and generate an MLME.confirm primitive, if it
10       else // MMPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA         11       if (IGTK exists) then         12       if (if we find a suitable IGTK         13       // if we find a suitable IGTK         14       Set the Key ID subfield of the MMIE to corresponding IGTK KeyID         16       Transmit the MMPDU with BIP         18       else         19       Discard the entire MMPDU and generate an MLME.confirm primitive, if it exists, to notify the SME that the MMPDU was undeliverable         22       endif         23       endif         24       endif         25       else         26       else         27       -// Either Management Frame Protection is not supportedenabled OR         28       // frame is not eligible for protection         31       endif         32       endif         33       endif         34       endif         35       endif         36       if ((dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) end (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Caparbility Field is set for Tx)) then         36       if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then         37       Transmit the MPDU without protection         38       eif (MPDU Ub is member of an MMPDU that is t		endif
11       if (IGTK exists) then         12       if (IGTK exists) then         13       // if we find a suitable IGTK         14       Set the Key ID subfield of the MMIE to corresponding IGTK KeyID         15       Transmit the MMPDU with BIP         16       Discard the entire MMPDU and generate an MLME.confirm primitive, if it exists, to notify the SME that the MMPDU was undeliverable         17       endif         18       else         19       -// Either Management Frame Protection is not supportedenabled OR         10       -// Either Management Frame Protection         10       -// Either Management Frame Protection         10       -// Either Management Frame Protection         11       -// Either Management Frame Protection         12       endif         13       endif         14       endif         15       endif         16       -// Either Management Frame Protection         17       Insert a new subclause sub clause after 8.7.2.2:         16       ff ((dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) and (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capae-         16       if ((dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) and (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capae-         16       if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then		
// if we find a suitable IGTK         Set the Key ID subfield of the MMIE to corresponding IGTK_KeyID         Transmit the MMPDU with BIP         else         Discard the entire MMPDU and generate an MLME.confirm primitive, if it exists, to notify the SME that the MMPDU was undeliverable         endif         else         -// Either Management Frame Protection is not supportedenabled OR         // frame is not eligible for protection         -// Either Management Frame Protection         -// Frame is not eligible for protection         -// Either Management Frame Protection         -// Either Management Frame Protection         -// Either Management Frame Protection         endif         sease         // frame is not eligible for protection         -// Either Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capabled         if (Idot1/IRSNAEnabled = TRUE) and (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capablity Field is set for Tx)) then         if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then         Transmit the MPDU without protection         else if (MPDU is individual RA) then         Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and selected cipher from RSN IE		
14		
Image: Constraint of the constraint	14	
rainsmit the MMPDU with DF         else         Discard the entire MMPDU and generate an MLME.confirm primitive, if it         exists, to notify the SME that the MMPDU was undeliverable         endif         endif         else         -// Either Management Frame Protection is not supportedenabled OR         // frame is not eligible for protection         omega         // frame is not eligible for protection         endif         endif         seta         // frame is not eligible for protection         endif         seta         // frame is not eligible for protection         endif         seta         // frame is not eligible for protection         endif         seta         // frame is not eligible for protection         endif         seta         // frame is not eligible for Protection         if (model Inscription)         if (dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) and (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capability Field is set for Tx)) then         if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then         Transmit the MPDU without protection         else if (MPDU is individual RA) then         Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and		
Discard the entire MMPDU and generate an MLME.confirm primitive, if it exists, to notify the SME that the MMPDU was undeliverable endif endif else -// Either Management Frame Protection is not supportedenabled OR // frame is not eligible for protection -Transmit the MMPDU without protection endif endif endif insert a new subclause-sub clause after 8.7.2.2: 8.8.2.2a Per-MPDU Tx pseudo-code for MMPDU if ((dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) and (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capa- bility Field is set for Tx)) then if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then Transmit the MPDU without protection else if (MPDU is individual RA) then Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and selected cipher from RSN IE Transmit the MPDU else // MPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP	17	
Insert a new subclause-sub clause after 8.7.2.2:         8.8.2.2a Per-MPDU Tx pseudo-code for MMPDU         if (dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) and (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capability Field is set for Tx)) then         if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then         Transmit the MPDU without protection         else         if (MPDU is individual RA) then         Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and selected cipher from RSN IE         Transmit the MPDU         else if (MPDU is a multicast/broadcast RA         Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP		
23       endif         24       endif         25       else         26       -// Either Management Frame Protection is not supportedenabled OR         27       // frame is not eligible for protection         30       -Transmit the MMPDU without protection         31       endif         32       endif         33       endif         34       subclause sub clause after 8.7.2.2:         36       8.8.2.2a Per-MPDU Tx pseudo-code for MMPDU         41       if ((dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) end (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capability Field is set for Tx)) then         42       if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then         43       Protect the MPDU without protection         44       else if (MPDU is individual RA) then         45       Protect the MPDU         46       Transmit the MPDU         47       Transmit the MPDU         48       else         49       Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and selected cipher from RSN IE         41       Transmit the MPDU         42       MPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA         43       Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP	20 21	
24       endif         25       else         26       -// Either Management Frame Protection is not supportedenabled OR         27       // frame is not eligible for protection         30       -Transmit the MMPDU without protection         31       endif         32       endif         33       endif         34       endif         35       8.8.2.2a Per-MPDU Tx pseudo-code for MMPDU         41       if ((dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) and (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capa-bility Field is set for Tx)) then         42       if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then         43       else if (MPDU is individual RA) then         44       Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and selected cipher from RSN IE         51       Transmit the MPDU         52       // MPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA         54       // MPDU using IGTK and BIP		endif
26       -// Either Management Frame Protection is not supportedenabled OR         27       // frame is not eligible for protection         30       -Transmit the MMPDU without protection         31       endif         32       endif         33       endif         34       for the MMPDU without protection         35       endif         36       for the MMPDU Transmit the MMPDU         37       Insert a new subclause sub clause after 8.7.2.2:         38       8.8.2.2a Per-MPDU Transmit the Anagement Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capability Field is set for Tx)) then         41       if ((dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) and (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capability Field is set for Tx)) then         42       if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then         43       if (MPDU is individual RA) then         44       Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and selected cipher from RSN IE         50       else         45       // MPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA         56       // MPDU using IGTK and BIP	24	endif
<ul> <li>-// Either Management Frame Protection is not supportedenabled OR</li> <li>// frame is not eligible for protection</li> <li>-Transmit the MMPDU without protection</li> <li>endif</li> <li>endif</li> <li>insert a new subclause sub clause after 8.7.2.2:</li> <li>8.8.2.2a Per-MPDU Tx pseudo-code for MMPDU</li> <li>if ((dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) and (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capability Field is set for Tx)) then</li> <li>if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU without protection</li> <li>else if (MPDU is individual RA) then</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and selected cipher from RSN IE</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU</li> <li>else</li> <li>// MPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP</li> </ul>		else
<ul> <li>// frame is not eligible for protection</li> <li>-Transmit the MMPDU without protection</li> <li>endif</li> <li>endif</li> <li>Insert a new subclause-sub clause after 8.7.2.2:</li> <li>8.8.2.2a Per-MPDU Tx pseudo-code for MMPDU</li> <li>if ((dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) and (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capability Field is set for Tx)) then</li> <li>if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU without protection</li> <li>else if (MPDU is individual RA) then</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and selected cipher from RSN IE</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU</li> <li>else</li> <li>// MPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP</li> </ul>	27	—// Either Management Frame Protection is not supported enabled OR
<ul> <li>Insert a new subclause-sub clause after 8.7.2.2:</li> <li>8.8.2.2a Per-MPDU Tx pseudo-code for MMPDU</li> <li>if ((dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) and (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capability Field is set for Tx)) then</li> <li>if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU without protection</li> <li>else if (MPDU is individual RA) then</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and selected cipher from RSN IE</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU</li> <li>else</li> <li>// MPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP</li> </ul>		// frame is not eligible for protection
32       endif         33       endif         34       endif         35	30	-Transmit the MMPDU without protection
<ul> <li>endif</li> <li>Insert a new subclause sub clause after 8.7.2.2:</li> <li>8.8.2.2a Per-MPDU Tx pseudo-code for MMPDU</li> <li>if ((dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) and (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capability Field is set for Tx)) then</li> <li>if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU without protection</li> <li>else if (MPDU is individual RA) then</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and selected cipher from RSN IE</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU</li> <li>else</li> <li>// MPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP</li> </ul>		endif
<ul> <li>Insert a new subclause-sub clause after 8.7.2.2:</li> <li>8.8.2.2a Per-MPDU Tx pseudo-code for MMPDU</li> <li>if ((dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) and (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capability Field is set for Tx)) then</li> <li>if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU without protection</li> <li>else if (MPDU is individual RA) then</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and selected cipher from RSN IE</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU</li> <li>else</li> <li>// MPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP</li> </ul>	33	endif
<ul> <li>Insert a new subclause sub clause after 8.7.2.2:</li> <li>8.8.2.2a Per-MPDU Tx pseudo-code for MMPDU</li> <li>if ((dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) and (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capability Field is set for Tx)) then</li> <li>if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU without protection</li> <li>else if (MPDU is individual RA) then</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and selected cipher from RSN IE</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU</li> <li>else</li> <li>// MPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>8.8.2.2a Per-MPDU Tx pseudo-code for MMPDU</li> <li>if ((dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) and (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capability Field is set for Tx)) then</li> <li>if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU without protection</li> <li>else if (MPDU is individual RA) then</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and selected cipher from RSN IE</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU</li> <li>else</li> <li>// MPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP</li> </ul>	36 37 ∎	Insert a new subalance sub clause after 8.7.2.2.
<ul> <li>8.8.2.2a Per-MPDU Tx pseudo-code for MMPDU</li> <li>if ((dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) and (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capability Field is set for Tx)) then</li> <li>if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU without protection</li> <li>else if (MPDU is individual RA) then</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and selected cipher from RSN IE</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU</li> <li>else</li> <li>// MPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP</li> </ul>	38	Insert a new subclause sub clause after 6.7.2.2.
<ul> <li>if ((dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) and (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capability Field is set for Tx)) then</li> <li>if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU without protection</li> <li>else if (MPDU is individual RA) then</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and selected cipher from RSN IE</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU</li> <li>else</li> <li>// MPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP</li> </ul>	40	8.8.2.2a Per-MPDU Tx pseudo-code for MMPDU
<ul> <li>if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU without protection</li> <li>else if (MPDU is individual RA) then</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and selected cipher from RSN IE</li> <li>Transmit the MPDU</li> <li>else</li> <li>else</li> <li>// MPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA</li> <li>Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP</li> </ul>	42 43	<pre>if ((dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) and (Robust Management Frame Protection bit of RSNA Capa- bility Field is set for Tx)) then</pre>
47       Transmit the MPDU without protection         48       else if (MPDU is individual RA) then         49       Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and selected cipher from RSN IE         50       Transmit the MPDU         51       Transmit the MPDU         52       else         53       else         54       // MPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA         55       Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP		if (MPDU is member of an MMPDU that is to be transmitted without protection) then
<ul> <li>48 else if (MPDU is individual RA) then</li> <li>49</li> <li>50 Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and selected cipher from RSN IE</li> <li>51 Transmit the MPDU</li> <li>53 else</li> <li>54 // MPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA</li> <li>55 Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP</li> </ul>		Transmit the MPDU without protection
50       Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and selected cipher from RSN IE         51       Transmit the MPDU         52       else         53       else         54       // MPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA         55       Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP         57       7	48	else if (MPDU is individual RA) then
51Transmit the MPDU52else53else54// MPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA55Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP5777		Protect the MPDU using entry's TK and selected cipher from RSN IE
53else54// MPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA55// MPDU using IGTK and BIP577	51	Transmit the MPDU
<ul> <li>54 // MPDU has a multicast/broadcast RA</li> <li>55 Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP</li> <li>57</li> </ul>		else
55 Protect the MPDU using IGTK and BIP	54	
57		
	57	Transmit the MPDU
58 Fransmit the MPDU 59 endif		
60	60	
61 <b>endif</b> 62		CIUII
63	63	
64 65 Insert a new subclause sub clause after 8.7.2.3 :	-	Insert a new <del>subclause s</del> ub clause after 8.7.2.3 :

<b>if</b> ( <i>dot11RSNAEnabled</i> = TRUE) then-
if ( <i>dot11RSNAProtectedManagementFramesEnabled</i> -dot11RSNAEnabled = TRUE) then
<b>if</b> ( <del>Protected Frame subfield of the Frame Control field is</del> <del>zero</del> dot11RSNAProtectedManagementFramesEnabled = TRUE) <b>then</b>
// Received frame has no protection-
if (Protection for TA is off for Rx) then
// (dot11RSNALegacyManagementFrames
dot11RSNAUnprotectedManagementFramesAllowed = TRUE for Rx) and
// TA does not support Management Frame Protection
Receive the unencrypted MPDU
if (Protected Frame subfield of the Frame Control field is set to 1) then
Discard the frame
else
Receive the MPDU
endif
else //Management Frame Protection is expected
if (MPDU has individual RA) then
if (Protected Frame subfield of the Frame Control field is set to 0) then
//unprotected frame
if ((Pairwise key exists) or ((Pairwise key does not exist) and (FrameCon-
trol.SubType is Action))) then
Discard the frame without indication to LLC frame
if (MPDU has individual RA)
Increment dot11RSNAStatsCCMPDecryptErrors-
else-
if (security association has an AES-CCM key) then
Increment dot11RSNAStatsCMACICVErrors
endif // if (Protection for TA is off for Rx)-
else if (Protection for TA is true for Rx) then
// Received frame has protection and protection is expected
if ((MPDU has individual RA) and (Pairwise key exists for the MPDU's TA)) then
endif
endif
if (entry-security association has an AES-CCM key) then
if (PN is not sequential) then
Discard the MPDU as a replay
Increment <i>dot11RSNAStatsCCMPReplays</i>
else
Decrypt frame using AES-CCM key
if (the integrity check fails) then
——————————————————————————————————————
—————————————————————————————————
merchient abii i resiviti securi P DeerypiErrors

$\frac{1}{2}$	Increment dot11RSNAStatsCCMPDecryptErrors
2 3	<del>endif</del> else
4	Make the MPDU available for further processing
5 6	endif
7	endif
8 9	else
10	// if (any other cipher exists) then
11 12	// Process the frame using other cipher
12	// else
14 15	// Discard the frame
16	// No other cipher suite is defined in the standard
17	// endif
18 19	endif
20	
21 22	else if ((MPDU has multicast/broadcast RA) and(IGTK exists))then
23	if (MMIE is not present) then
24 25	// Unprotected frame
26 27	<b>if</b> (IGTK exists) <b>or</b> ((IGTK does not exist) <b>and</b> (FrameControl.SubType is Action)) <b>then</b>
28	Discard the frame
29 30	if (security association has an AES-128-CMAC IGTK) then
31	Increment dot11RSNAStatsCMACICVError
32 33	endif
34	endif
35 36	else if (entry-security association has an AES-128-CMAC keyIGTK) then
37	if (PN is not <del>sequential</del> valid) <b>then</b>
38 39	Discard the MPDU as a replay
40	
41 42	Increment dot11RSNAStatsCCMPReplaysdot11RSNAStatsCMACReplays
43	else
44 45	else // Check integrity of the frame using AES-128-CMAC key
46	if (the ICV <del>fails</del> fails) then
47 <b>4</b> 8	Discard the frame
48	Increment <i>dot11RSNAStatsCMACICVErrors</i>
50	
51 52	endif No
53	- endif
54 55	else
56	Make the MPDU available for further processing
57 58 _	endif
59	Discard the frame-
60 61	// No other cipher suite is defined in the standard
62	endif
63 64	else
65	// this state should not be reached

1	endif // if (Protection for TA is true for Rxany other cipher exists) then
2 3	// Process the frame using other cipher
4	// else
5	// Received frame has protection and protection is not expected
6 7	// Discard the frame
8 9	if (MPDU has individual RA)
10	Increment dot11RSNAStatsCCMPDecryptErrors-
11 12	else-
12	—Increment dot11RSNAStatsCMACICVErrors
14 15	// endif
16	endif
17 18	endif // if (MPDU has individual RA)then
19	endif // if (Protection for TA is true for Rx) then
20 21	else     ///   if    ( <del>dot11RSNAProtectedManagmentFramesEnabled    is    not</del>
22	dot 11RSNAP rotected Management Frames Enabled = TRUE) then
23 24	if (Protected Frame subfield of the Frame Control field is set) then
25	if (MPDU has multicast/broadcast RA) then
26 27	Receive the MPDU and ignore the integrity cheek
28	- <del>else-</del>
29 30	Discard the frame
31	Increment dot11RSNAStatsCCMPDecryptErrors
32 33	endif
34	else-
35 36	—Receive the unencrypted MPDU
37 38	-endif
39	endif
40 41	
42	Insert a new <del>subclause s</del> ub clause after 8.7.2.4 :
43 44	8.8.2.4a Per-MMPDU Rx pseudo-code
45	
46 47	if $(dot 11RSNAE nabled = TRUE)$ then
48	<b>if</b> ( <del>(<i>dot11RSNAEnabled</i> = TRUE) <b>and</b> (<i>dot11RSNAProtectedManagmentFramesEnabled</i> = TRUE) <b>then</b></del>
49 50	if (the frame-MPDU was not protected protected) then
51	Receive the MMPDU unprotected
52 53	Make the MMPDU available to higher layers
54	else //Have a protected MMPDU
55 56 ∎	if (((MMPDU has individual RA) and (the Pairwise key is security association has
57 58	an AES-CCM key <del>)) <b>or</b> (MMPDU has multicast/broadcast RA</del> )) <b>then</b>
59 60	<b>if</b> ( <del>(</del> the MPDU has <del>individual RA) <b>and</b> (Pairwise key exists for the MPDU's TA)</del> only one MPDU or multiple MPDUs with sequential PNs) <b>then</b>
61 62	Receive the MMPDU protected
63	Make the MMPDU available to higher layers
64 65	else

•	
1	Make Discard the MMPDU available to higher layers as a replay
2 3	Increment dot11RSNAStatsRobustMgmtCCMPReplays
4	endif
5 6 7	else if ((MPDU has broadcast/multicast RA) and (security association has an AES-128-CMAC IGGTK)) then
8	Receive the MMPDU
9 10	Make the MMPDU available to higher layers
11	else
12 13	// if (any other cipher exists) then
14	// Process the frame using other cipher
15 16	// else
17	// Discard the frame
18	
19 20	// endif
21	endif
22 23	endif
23	endif
25 26	endif
20 27	
28	
29 30	
31	9. MAC Sublayer functional description
32 33	
33 34	
35	10. Layer Management
36 37	
38	10.3 MLME SAP interface
39 40	
41	10.3.17 SetKeys
42 43	
43 44	10.3.17.1 MLME-SETKEYS.request
45 46	10.3.17.1.2 Semantics of the service primitive
40 47	•
40	

Change the ''KeyID' and Key Type' entry-entries in the SetKeyDescriptor of Clause 10.3.17.1.2 as follows:

Name	Туре	Valid range	Description
Кеу Туре	Integer	Group, Pairwise, Peer- key <u>, IGTK</u>	Defines whether this key is a group key, pairwise key, <del>or</del> PeerKey <u>, or the Integrity</u> <u>Group key.</u>
Name	Туре	Valid range	Description

Key ID	Integer	0-3 <u>(or 4-4095 for</u> <u>IGTK)</u>	Key identifier
Кеу Туре	Integer	Group, Pairwise, Peer- key <u>, IGTK</u>	Defines whether this key is a group key, pairwise key, <del>or</del> PeerKey <u>, or Integrity</u> <u>Group key.</u>

## 10.3.18.1 MLME-DELETEKEYS.request

## 10.3.18.1.2 Semantics of the service primitive

Change the 'Protect Type' and 'Key Type' entries in the SetKeyDescriptor of Clause 10.3.18.1.2 as follows:

Name	Туре	Valid range	Description
Кеу Туре	Integer	Group, Pairwise, Peer- key <u>, IGTK</u>	Defines whether this key is a group key, pairwise key, <del>or</del> PeerKey <u>, or <del>the</del>-Integrity</u> <u>Group key.</u>

## 10.3.22.1 MLME-SETPROTECTION.request

## 10.3.22.1.2 Semantics of the service primitive

0	Change the <u>"</u>	<del>'Key Type' entry ir</del>	the ProtectList of Clause	10.3.22.1.2 as follows:

Name	Туре	Valid range	Description
Protect Type	Enumeration	None, Rx, Tx, Rx_Tx <u>,</u> <u>Rx_MMPDU,</u> <u>Tx_MMPDU,</u> <u>Rx_Tx_MMPDU</u>	The protection value for this MAC.
Кеу Туре	Integer	Group, Pairwise, Peer- key, <u>IGTK</u>	Defines whether this key is a group key, pairwise key, <del>or</del> PeerKey <u>or</u> the Integrity Group key.

## 11. MLME

EDITORIAL NOTE: TGn has added sections up through 11.1718, TGw succeeds with 11.1819.

Insert at the end of Clause 11 a new subclause sub clause as follows:

## 11.19 Broadcast and multicast Robust Management Frame procedures

When Robust-Management Frame protection Protection is enabled, the MLME shall provide an encapsulation service for broadcast/multicast Robust Management Frames frames. All broadcast/multicast Robust Management Frames frames shall be submitted to this service for encapsulation and transmission.

The broadcast/multicast frame protection service shall take the following actions:

- Robust-Management frame protection Frame Protection for multicast/broadcast shall be set using the MLME-SETPROTECTION.request with the Protectlist including a Key Type value of IGTK. -A non-AP STA shall also set the Protect Type value to Rx\_MMPDU. In an IBSS, STAs shall set the ProtectType value to Rx\_Tx\_MMPDU. An AP shall set the Protect Type value to Tx\_MMPDU.
- The IGTK shall be installed using the MLME-SETKEYS.request with the value IGTK for the Key Type field in the Key Descriptor element.
- All Robust-broadcast/multicast action mRobust-Robust Management frames, the broadcast/multicast management frame frame shall be encapsulated and protected using BIP (see 8.3.4).

## **11A. Fast BSS Transition**

EDITORIAL NOTE: This clause is introduced by TGr and is tracked by TGw.

## 11A.2 Key holders

#### 11A.2.2 Authenticator key holders

Change the 2nd dashed item in the 7th paragraph of 11A.2.2 as follows:

 The R1KH shall provide the IEEE 802.11 Authenticator function to derive and distribute the GTK and IGTK to all connected STAs.

## 11A.4 Fast BSS Transition Initial Mobility Domain Association

#### 11A.4.2 Fast BSS Transision initial mobility domain association in an RSN

Change the 3rd message of the 12th paragraph in 11A.4.2 as follows:

R1KH  $\rightarrow$  [#688] S1KH: Data(EAPOL-Key(1, 1, 1, 1, P, 0, ANonce, MIC, RSNIE[PMKR1Name], MDIE, GTK[N], IGTK[M],

FTIE, TIE[ReassociationDeadline], TIE[KeyLifetime]))

## **0.1 Introduction**

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## **0.2 Abbreviations and special symbols**

## 0.3 Instructions for completing the PICs proforma

## 11A.6 Fast BSS Transition resource request protocol

#### 11A.6.2 Over-the-air fast BSS transition with resource request

#### Change the 12th paragraph in 11A.6.2 as follows:

In an RSN, on successful completion of the FT Authentication exchange of the FT resource request protocol, the PTKSA has been established and proven live. The Key Replay Counter shall be initialized to zero and the subsequent EAPOL-key frames (e.g., GTK and IGTK updates) shall use the Key Replay Counter to ensure they are not replayed. The PTKSA shall be deleted by the Target AP if it does not receive a reassociation request from the STA within the reassociation deadline timeout value.

#### 11A.6.3 Over-the-DS fast BSS transition with resource request

#### Change the 10th paragraph in 11A.6.3 as follows:

In an RSN, on successful completion of the FT Confirm/Acknowledgement frame exchange, the PTKSA has been established and proven live. The Key Replay Counter shall be initialized to zero and the subsequent EAPOL-key frames (e.g., GTK and IGTK updates) shall use the Key Replay Counter to ensure they are not replayed. The PTKSA shall be deleted by the Target AP if it does not receive a reassociation request from the STA within the reassociation deadline timeout value. Resource request procedures are specified in 11A.11.

## **11A.7 Fast BSS transition reassociation**

## 11A.7.1 Fast BSS transition reassociation in an RSN

Change the 2nd message of the 2nd paragraph in 11A.7.1 as follows:

Target AP →[#688] STA: Reassociation Response( RSNIE[PMKR1Name], MDIE, FTIE[MIC, ANonce, SNonce, R1KH-ID, R0KH-ID], GTK[N], <u>IGTK[M]]</u>, RIC-Response)

## 11A.8 Fast BSS transition authentication sequence

## 11A.8.5 FT authentication sequence: contents of fourth message

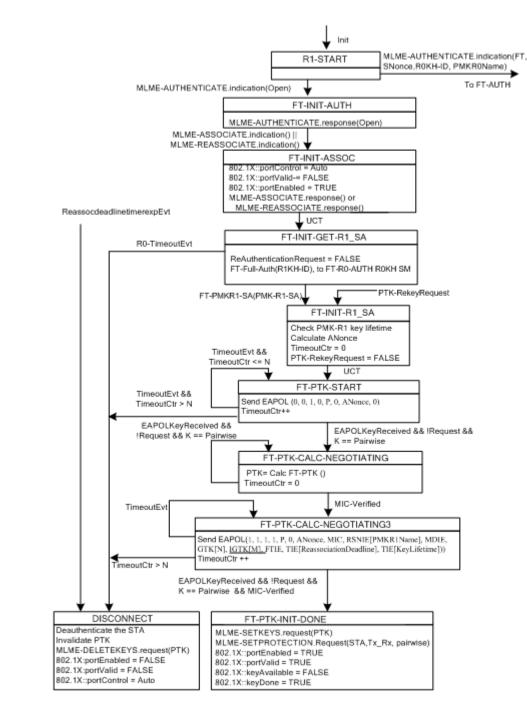
#### Change the 3rd dashed item of the 4th paragraph in 11A.8.5 as follows:

When this message of the authentication sequence appears in a Reassociation Response frame, the optional parameters in the FTIE may include a the GTK and IGTK sub-elements. If a GTK or an IGTK are is included, the Key field of the sub-element shall be encrypted using KEK and the NIST AES Key Wrap algorithm. The Key field shall be padded before encrypting if the key length is less than 16 octets or if it is not a multiple of 8. The padding consists of appending a single octet 0xdd followed by zero or more 0x00 octets. When processing a received message, the receiver shall ignore

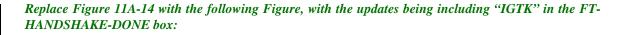
this trailing padding. Addition of padding does not change the value of the Key Length field. Note: The length of the encrypted Key field can be determined from the length of the GTK <u>or IGTK</u> subelement.

## 11A.9 Fast BSS Transition security architecture state machines

Replace Figure 11A-13 with the following Figure, with the updates being including "IGTK[M]" in the FT-PTK-CALC-NEGOTIATING3 box:



## Figure 11A-13—Authenticator R1KH state machine (part 1)



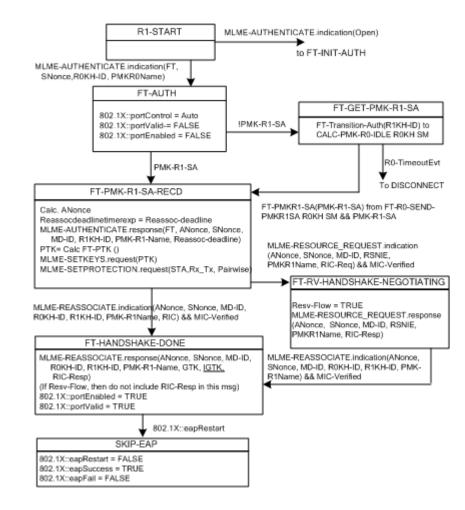


Figure 11A-14—Authenticator R1KH state machine (part 2)

(normative)

## **Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS)**

## A.4 PICS proforma – IEEE Std 802.11<del>, 2006 Edition</del>-2007

A.4.1 Implementation identification

A.4.2 Protocol summary

A.4.3 IUT configuration

## A.4.4 MAC protocol

## A.4.4.1 MAC protocol capabilities

Insert the following Change row to end entry "PC34" of the table in A.4.4.1 as a subset of the RSN follows:

PCX 34.1.10 Protection Management Frame	7.3.1.11, 7.4.2, 7.1.3.1.9, 7.3.2.25.3, 8.3.2.1.1, 8.3.2.1.2, 8.3.2.2, 8.3.2.3.4, 8.3.3.3.2, 8.3.3.3.5, 8.3.3.4.1, 8.3.3.4.3, 8.4.3	PCX34.1:O	Yes No
-----------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-----------	--------

PC34	Robust security network association (RSNA)	7.2.2, 7.3.1.4, 5.4.3.3, 8.7.2 <u>.1, 8.7.2.2,</u> <u>8.7.2.3, 8.7.2.4,</u> 11.3.1, 11.3.2, 8.3.3	0	Yes No
------	--------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---	--------

Insert the following row to end of table in A.4.4.1 as a subset of the RSN :

EDITORIAL NOTE: The entry value is shown as PCX 34.1.10 but its final value is pending ANA assignment

#### Management Frame Protection NOT FOR BALLOTING

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PC 34.1.10	Management Frame Protection	7.3.1.11, 7.4.2, 7.1.3.1.9, 7.3.2.25.3, 8.3.2.1.1, 8.3.2.1.2, 8.3.2.2, 8.3.2.3.4, 8.3.3.3.2, 8.3.3.3.5, 8.3.3.4.1, 8.3.3.4.3, 8.4.3, 8.7.2.1A, 8.7.2.3A, 8.7.2.4A	PC34.1:O	Yes No
PC 34.1.10.1	BIP	8.3.4, 11.18	PC34.1.10:M	Yes No
PC 34.1.10.1.1	Management MIC IE	7.3.2.53	PC34.1.10.1:M	Yes No

# Annex D (normative)

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# ASN.1 encoding of the MAC and PHY MIB

Insert the following at the end of the Dot11StationConfigEntry in Annex D:

```
dot11RSNAProtectedManagementFramesEnabled
                                                   TruthValue,
     dot11RSNABcastProtectedManagementFramesEnableddot11RSNAUnprotectedManage
     mentFramesAllowed
                                                                     Truth-
     Value
     Insert the following after the dott11RSNAStats TABLE entries in Annex D:
20
     EDITORIAL NOTE: TGn uses up to value 63
     24
     --* Robust Management Frame protection MIBs
     dot11RSNAProtectedManagementFramesEnabled OBJECT-TYPE
           SYNTAX TruthValue
           MAX-ACCESS read-write
           STATUS current
           DESCRIPTION
                    "This variable indicates whether or not this STA
                     Protects unicast Management Frames."
                      DEFAULT { TRUE }
                      ::= { dot11StationConfigEntry TBD-64 }
     EDITORIAL NOTE: The entry value is left as TBD for now, pending ANA assignment
     dot11RSNABcastProtectedManagementFramesEnabled
     dot11RSNAUnprotectedManagementFramesAllowed
                                                   OBJECT-TYPE
                   SYNTAX TruthValue
                   MAX-ACCESS read-write
                   STATUS current
                   DESCRIPTION
                   "This variable indicates whether or not this STA
                   protects broadcast/multicast management Frames.
                 "This variable indicates whether or not this STA supports
                 robust RSNA STAs which do not provide Robust Management
                 Frames protection."
                      DEFAULT { TRUE FALSE }
                      ::= { dot11StationConfigEntry TBD-65}
     EDITORIAL NOTE: The entry value is left as TBD for now, pending ANA assignment
```

```
1
      Insert at the end of the dot11RSNAStatsEntry Sequence the following:
2
      EDITORIAL NOTE: IEEE 802.11-2007 uses values up to 10
3
4
5
      dot11RSNAStatsCMACICVErrors
                                                     Counter32,
6
      dot11RSNAStatsCMACReplays
                                                     Counter32,
7
      dot11RSNAStatsRobustMgmtCCMPReplays
                                                     Counter32,
8
9
      dot11RSNALegacyManagementFrames_dot11RSNABIPMICErrors OBJECT-
10
      TYPECounter32
11
            SYNTAX TruthValue
12
13
            MAX-ACCESS read-write
14
            STATUS current
15
             DESCRIPTION
16
17
                   "This variable indicates whether or not this STA
                                                                                  sup
18
                   ports robust RSNA non AP STAs which do not
                                                                      <del>provide</del>
                                                                               Robust
19
                   Management Frames protection."
20
21
                        DEFAULT { FALSE }
22
                        ::= { dot11StationConfigEntry TBD}
23
24
      EDITORIAL NOTE: The entry value is left as TBD for now, pending ANA assignment
25
26
27
28
      dot11RSNAStatsCMACICVErrors
                                                     OBJECT-TYPE
29
30
             SYNTAX Counter32
31
            MAX-ACCESS read-only
32
             STATUS current
33
34
            DESCRIPTION
35
                   "The number of received MPDUs discarded by the CMAC inteq-
36
                   rity checking check algorithm."
37
38
                        ::= { dot11RSNAStatsEntry 11 }
39
40
      dot11RSNAStatsCMACReplays
                                              OBJECT-TYPE
41
42
             SYNTAX Counter32
43
            MAX-ACCESS read-only
44
            STATUS current
45
46
            DESCRIPTION
47
                   "The number of received MPDUs discarded by the CMAC replay
48
                   errors."
49
50
                        ::= { dot11RSNAStatsEntry 12 }
51
52
53
54
        tllRSNAStatsBIPReplays dotllRSNAStatsRobustMqmtCCMPReplays OBJECT-TYPE
55
                    SYNTAX Counter32
56
                    MAX-ACESS read-only
57
58
                    STATUS current
59
          DESCRIPTION:
60
                    "The number of received BIP frames MMPDUs discarded due to
61
62
                   duplicate or old sequence numbers CCMP replay errors"
63
                     ::= {dot11RSNAStatsEntry 13}
64
65
```

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	SYNTAX Counter32	
	MAX-ACESS read-only	
	STATUS current	
DESCI	RIPTION:	
		<del>ust Management CCMP frames </del> MMPI <del>or old sequence numbers</del> BIP M
	::= {dot11RSNAStatsEntry 1	4 }
	***********************************	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
* End (	of Robust Management Frame MIB	
	end of the dot11RSNAStatsEntry Sequence t	<del>he following:</del>
Insert at the		
	AStatsCMACICVErrors-	<del>Counter32,</del>
dot11RSN		
<del>dot11RSN/</del> <del>dot11RSN/</del>	AStatsCMACICVErrors -	<del>Counter32,</del>

## Annex H

(informative)

Insert the following at the end of Annex H a subclause-H.8, with the following text: "Test vectors for AES-128-CMAC may be found in Annex D.1 of NIST SP-800-38B"

EDITORIAL NOTE: The entry value is left as TBD for now, pending ANA assignment

#### IEEE P802.11w/D2.2 NOT FOR BALLOTING