

Elastic Ethernet based on Converged Switch

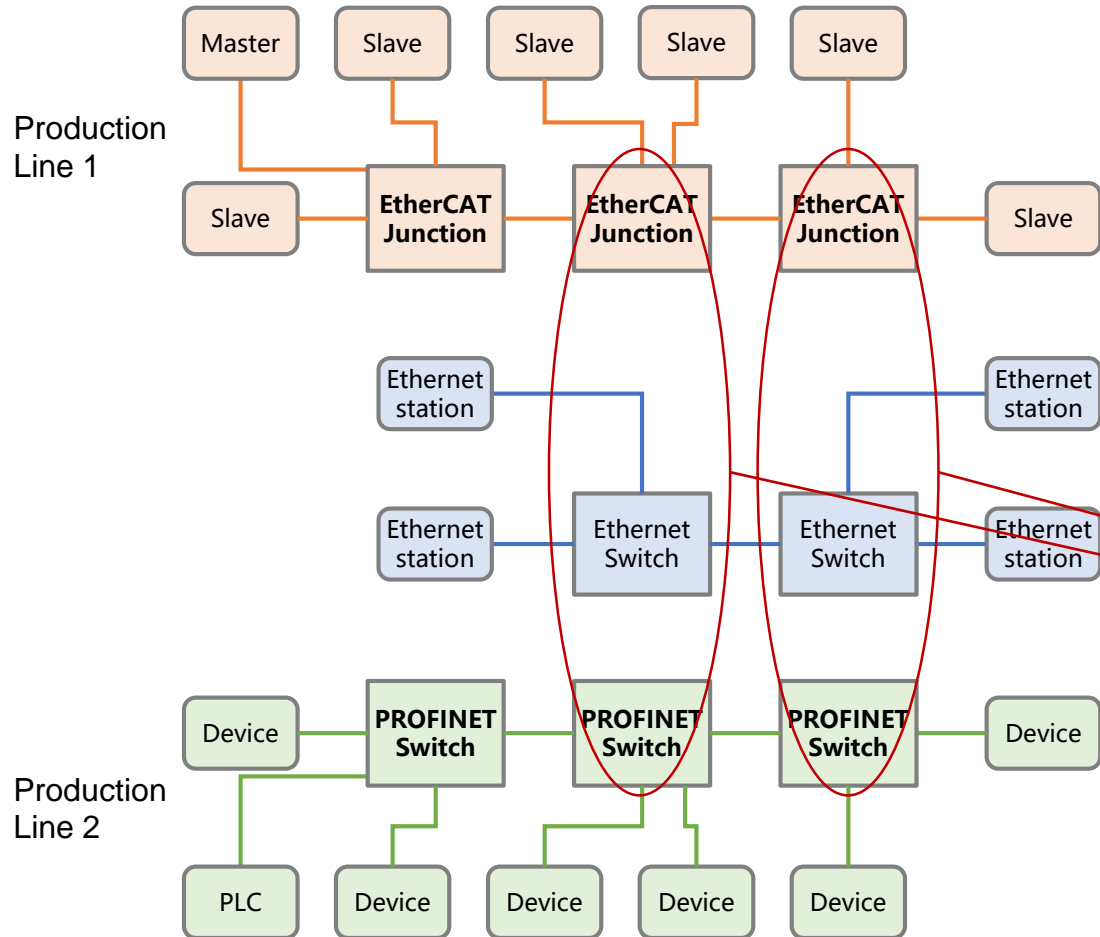
2022-06-02

Huajie Bao (baohuajie@huawei.com, Huawei)
Jiang Li (lijiang3@huawei.com, Huawei)
Kaiyun Qin (qinkaiyun@baosight.com, BAOSIGHT)

Background

- Regarding Elastic Ethernet, several presentations were discussed:
 - ❑ 2021-05-26 [Elastic Ethernet based on Converged Switch](#)
 - ✓ Converged switch
 - ❑ 2021-05-16 [Industrial Network based on Convergent & Elastic Ethernet](#) (presented to 60802 Task Group)
 - ✓ Weak determinism
 - ✓ Centralized management
 - ✓ Extreme low latency / jitter
 - ❑ 2021-05-06 [Convergent & Elastic Ethernet Networking for Industry](#) (presented to 60802 Task Group)
 - ✓ Convergent industrial network based on Ethernet
 - ❑ 2021-04-07 [Elastic Ethernet Networking for Industry](#)
 - ✓ Elastic Ethernet framework
 - ❑ 2021-11-18 [Low Latency Discussion for Ethernet Networking](#)
 - ✓ Extreme low latency / jitter analysis
- This presentation further discusses the Converged Switch including a refined study item proposal.

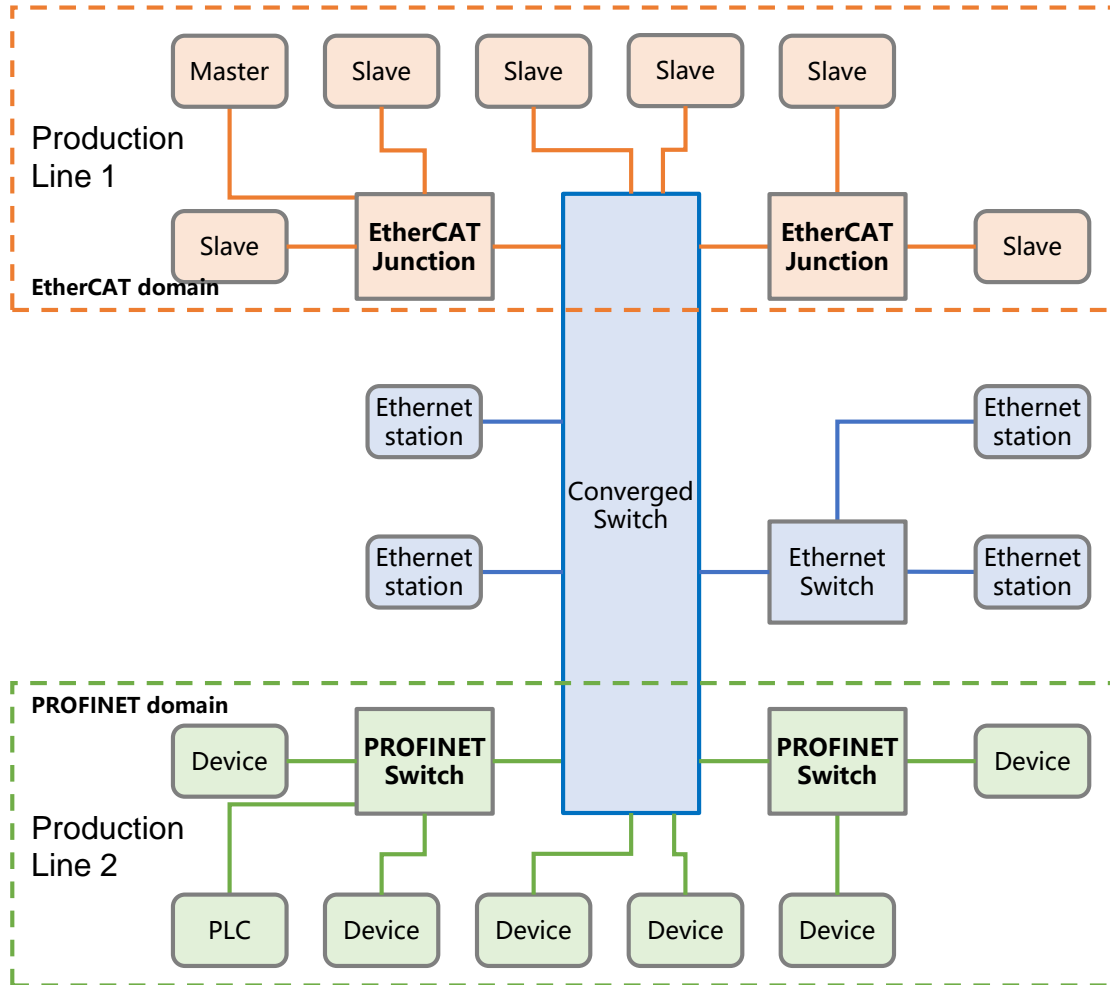
Multiple Network Scenarios



- Different production line use different industrial networks via different industrial frame forwarding devices.
- Each switch node connect the devices as star topology.
- Nearby some switch nodes, there are some Ethernet switches / stations or devices of other industrial network.

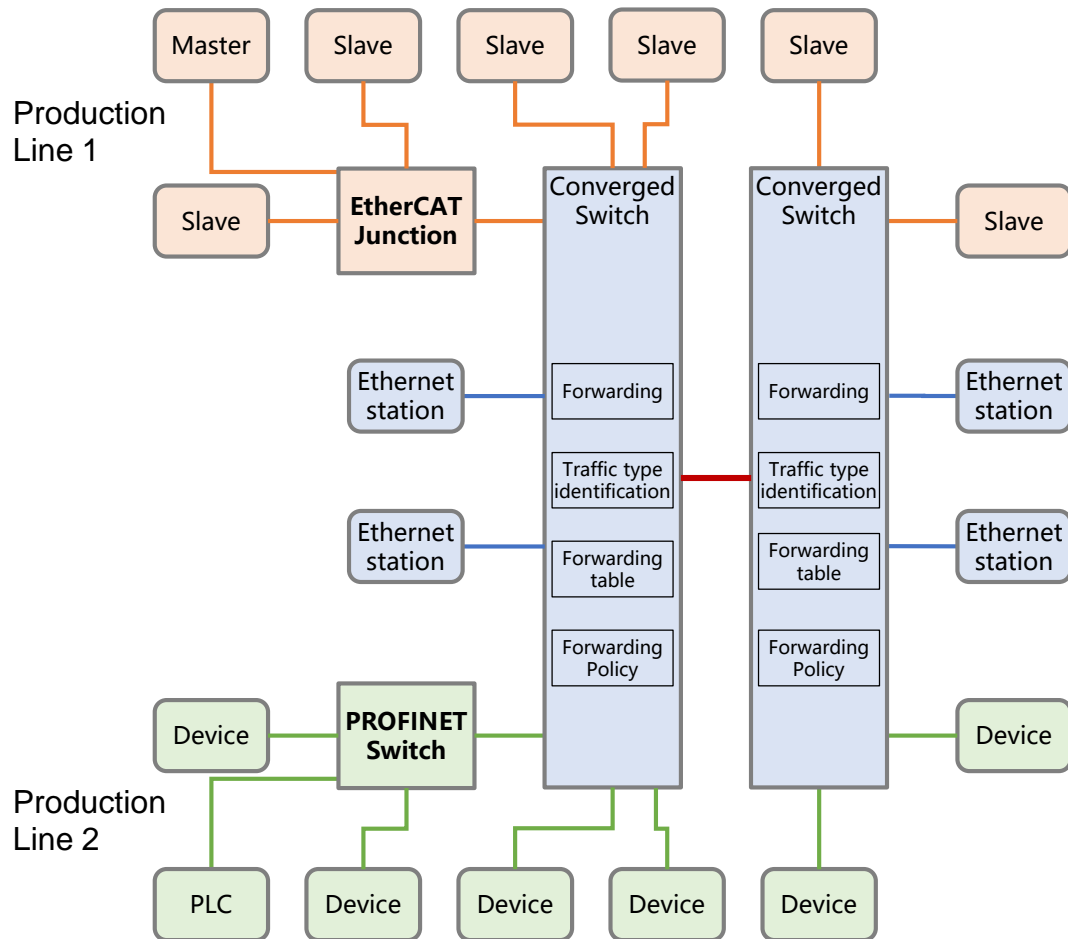
Is it possible to forward EtherCAT frames, PROFINET frames & standard Ethernet frames simultaneously in a converged forwarding device?

Converged Switch in Isolated Networks



- The converged switch simultaneously forwards standard Ethernet frames, connects all EtherCAT devices in EtherCAT domain, and connects PROFINET devices I PROFINET domain.
- The appropriate forwarding method is based only on the port, and the converged switch is configured based on the network attached there.

Converged Switch in Mixed Networks



- The converged switch may need to support mixed networks.
- Each access port (to a station) only carries a single frame type for a specific network according to the station connected.
- The (red) inter-switch link between the converged switches carries a mix of frame types.
- The appropriate forwarding method is determined not only by the port; the frame type should be considered to select the forwarding rule.
- The inter-switch link is a shared resource, and the Converged Switch may need to allocate the resource to assure the QoS for each network.
- *Future end stations may need to support mixed networks; e.g. Ethernet control messaging to an EtherCAT slave.*

QoS of Traffic Through the Inter-Switch Link

As the network scales out, it's important to manage the resources to assure the QoS.

➤ Centralized Management

- ❑ Collect attributes and QoS request
- ❑ Compute resource utilization, deadline, path routing etc. for each request
- ❑ Allocate resources for each request
- ❑ Distribute the result of allocation to each converged switch
- ❑ Adjust quickly as the network scales out or is updated

➤ Improve the forwarding delay

- ❑ Cut-through forwarding (required for EtherCAT)

The Pros & the Cons of Converged Switch

Category	Pros	Cons	Potential Solution
Forwarding	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> One category of switch supports multiple scenarios 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Challenge to support forwarding modes different from standard Ethernet Extra switching may increase latency in comparison to physical ring Challenge to assure QoS, to avoid the shared resource conflict between different kinds of traffic 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To support different forwarding modes based on converged switch with new designed forwarding table Unified to scheduling timeline and allocate bandwidth resources for different kinds of traffic
Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Centralized management based on converged switch leads to the overall effectiveness (e.g. proper traffic routing) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Challenge to improve the management process and corresponding tool to mitigate complication of management 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To provide unified tool to implement the management & extension functionality
Extension	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To plan from the whole viewpoint, and to be good to get the optimal extension solution 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Challenge with network reconfiguration 	
Future evolution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To be ease to implement communication across different networks, e.g. Ethernet control message from IT application to PLC, or PLC to PLC of different industrial network for coordination across production line 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -

Proposal for Nendica Study Item

- For Nendica to initiate a study item on **Converged Elastic Ethernet Network**

To be studied	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Industrial requirements for elastic topology / forwarding and converged switch.• Feasibility of assuring QoS for all devices connected by the converged switch.• Feasibility of scheduling.• Feasibility of centralized & effective management / scheduling.• Other related aspects (high available, security, etc.) requested by industrial scenarios.
Deliverable	<p>An informal report documenting</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Summary requirements of industrial scenarios unsatisfied by current industrial networks• Potential benefits from Converged Elastic Ethernet Network• Impact & optimization of evolving technologies• Possible standardization needs• Possible recommendation to initiate a work item
Leader	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Huajie Bao (Huawei), or other volunteers
Timeline	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Start in June 2022, finish in Nov 2022• Draft version Aug 2022• Call for comments Sept 2022• Complete Study Item Report Nov 2022
Work schema	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Weekly meeting or on-demand meeting• Encourage all contributions

Thank you.